

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 108, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 108, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 108, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C26C82
RGB	194, 108, 130
RGB Percent	76%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.2392, 0.5765, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.33, 0.24
HSL	345°, 41%, 59%
HSV	345°, 44%, 76%
XYZ	31.6400, 23.8062, 24.0465
YIQ	136.2220, 44.1940, 25.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

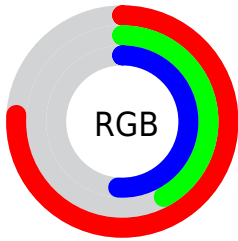
Format	Color
R_{YB}	194, 108, 130
Decimal	12741762
CIE _{Lab}	55.89, 36.64, 3.06
CIE _{LCh}	56, 36.769, 4.778
Yxy	23.8062, 0.3980, 0.2995
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290931842 (0xFFC26C82)
YUV	136.2220, -3.0674, 50.6713
Hunter-Lab	48.7916, 30.3670, 4.9335

Details

The RGB color **194, 108, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **108, 194, 172**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 161, 183**, and **138, 58, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 89, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 127, 144**.

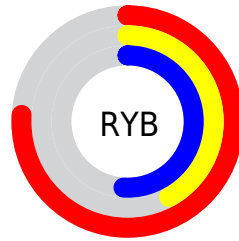
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (42%)

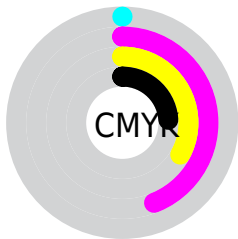
Blue (51%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (51%)

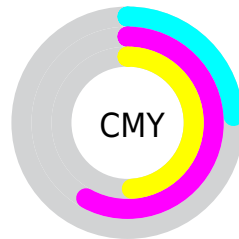


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 108, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 108, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 194, 108, 130

255, 255, 255

 253, 161, 183

 255, 189, 210


 255, 217, 239

 255, 246, 255

 194, 108, 130

 166, 82, 105

 138, 58, 81

 111, 32, 58

 84, 3, 37

 58, 0, 15

 33, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 194, 108, 130

 194, 89, 116

 194, 108, 130

 194, 127, 144

194, 69, 101

194, 147, 159

194, 50, 87

194, 166, 173

194, 30, 72

194, 186, 188

194, 11, 58

194, 205, 202

194, 0, 50

194, 224, 217

194, 244, 231

194, 255, 245

194, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 113, 162



194, 108, 130



192, 112, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 108, 130



115, 143, 80



0, 144, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 108, 130



108, 194, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 149, 169



194, 108, 130



75, 148, 106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 108, 130



149, 134, 69



0, 151, 138



92, 135, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 108, 130



183, 119, 83



0, 151, 138



0, 147, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 108, 130



252, 220, 228



171, 108, 194



128, 107, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 108, 130



252, 119, 153



194, 128, 108



97, 87, 90



161, 0, 41



33, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 108, 130



252, 119, 153



108, 174, 194



97, 87, 90



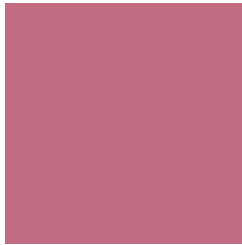
161, 0, 41



33, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 108, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

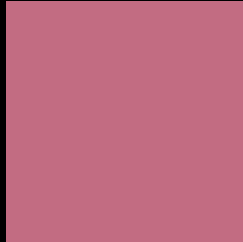
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 108, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 108, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 108, 130.

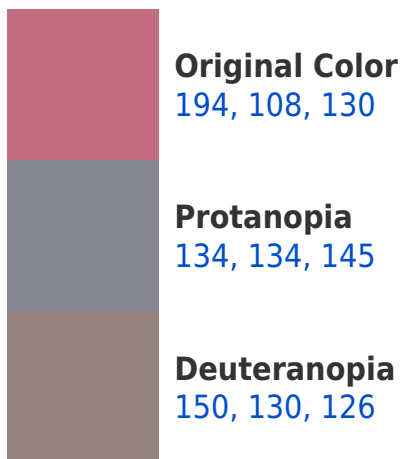


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 108, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
193, 110, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color
194, 108, 130

Protanomaly
156, 125, 140

Deuteranomaly
166, 122, 127

Tritanomaly
193, 109, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color
194, 108, 130

Achromatopsia
136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly
157, 126, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 108, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 108, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 108, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 108, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 108, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 108, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 108, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 108, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 108, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 108, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 108, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 108,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 108, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 108, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
108, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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