

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 118, 92)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 118, 92) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 118, 92)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2765C
RGB	194, 118, 92
RGB Percent	76%, 46%, 36%
CMY	0.2392, 0.5373, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.53, 0.24
HSL	15°, 46%, 56%
HSV	15°, 53%, 76%
XYZ	30.6583, 25.1989, 13.3732
YIQ	137.7600, 53.6420, 8.0260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

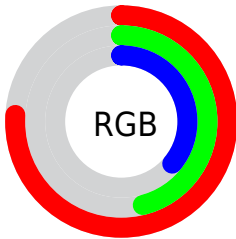
Format	Color
RYB	194, 127, 92
Decimal	12744284
CIELab	57.27, 27.09, 26.91
CIElCh	57, 38.185, 44.807
Yxy	25.1989, 0.4428, 0.3640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290934364 (0xFFC2765C)
YUV	137.7600, -22.5597, 49.3225
Hunter-Lab	50.1985, 21.1700, 19.3437

Details

The RGB color **194, 118, 92** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **92, 168, 194**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 171, 143**, and **137, 68, 46** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 104, 73**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 132, 111**.

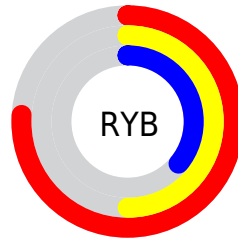
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (46%)

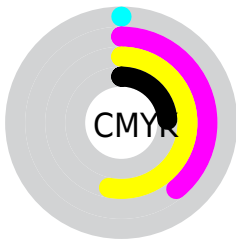
Blue (36%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (36%)

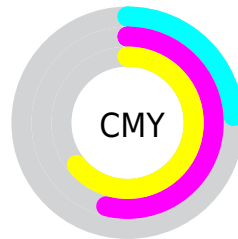


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)



Magenta (54%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 118, 92 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 118, 92 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 194, 118, 92  194, 118, 92

255, 255, 255  165, 93, 68

 253, 171, 143  137, 68, 46

 255, 198, 169  109, 45, 24

 255, 227, 196  82, 22, 0

 255, 255, 224  55, 0, 0

255, 255, 253  29, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 194, 118, 92  194, 118, 92

 194, 104, 73  194, 132, 111

194, 89, 53

194, 147, 131

194, 75, 34

194, 161, 150

194, 60, 14

194, 176, 170

194, 49, 0

194, 190, 189

194, 205, 208

194, 219, 228

194, 234, 247

194, 248, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 111, 122



194, 118, 92



173, 130, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 118, 92



57, 154, 119



114, 135, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 118, 92



92, 168, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41, 146, 201



194, 118, 92



0, 155, 153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 118, 92



105, 149, 89



0, 152, 183



162, 123, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 118, 92



153, 137, 70



0, 152, 183



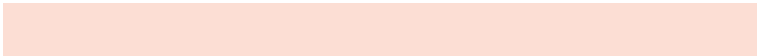
94, 139, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 118, 92



252, 222, 212



194, 92, 169



128, 109, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 118, 92



252, 134, 93



194, 169, 92



97, 90, 87



161, 41, 0



33, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 168, 194



93, 212, 252



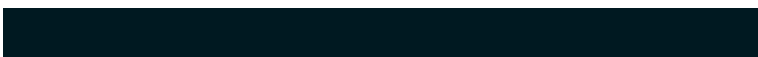
92, 117, 194



87, 94, 97



0, 120, 161



0, 25, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 118, 92 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

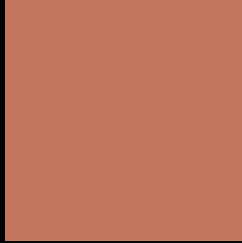
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 118, 92 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 118, 92 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 118, 92.

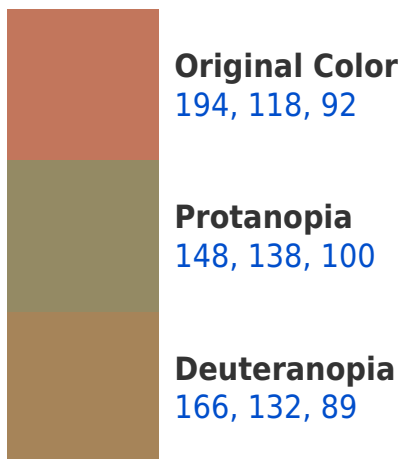



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 118, 92.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 114, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

194, 118, 92

Protanomaly

165, 131, 97

Deuteranomaly

176, 127, 90

Tritanomaly

195, 115, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

194, 118, 92

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

158, 131, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 118, 92 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 118, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 118, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 118, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 118, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 118, 92 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 118, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 118, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 118, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 118, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 118, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 118,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 118, 92 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 118, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
118, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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