

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 126, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 126, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 126, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C27E8E
RGB	194, 126, 142
RGB Percent	76%, 49%, 56%
CMY	0.2392, 0.5059, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.27, 0.24
HSL	346°, 36%, 63%
HSV	346°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	34.5915, 28.3440, 29.2390
YIQ	148.1560, 35.3920, 19.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

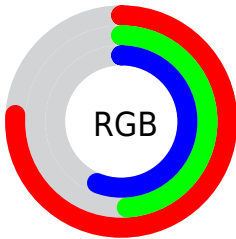
Format	Color
RYB	194, 126, 142
Decimal	12746382
CIELab	60.20, 28.54, 2.34
CIElCh	60, 28.638, 4.696
Yxy	28.3440, 0.3753, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290936462 (0xFFC27E8E)
YUV	148.1560, -3.0349, 40.2052
Hunter-Lab	53.2391, 22.8098, 4.7053

Details

The RGB color **194, 126, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **126, 194, 178**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252, 179, 196**, and **139, 76, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 107, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 145, 157**.

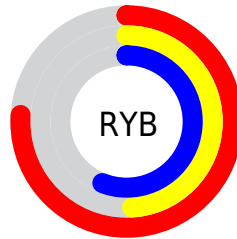
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (49%)

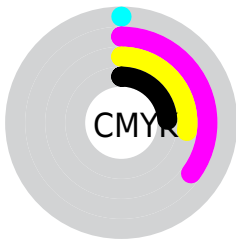
Blue (56%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (56%)

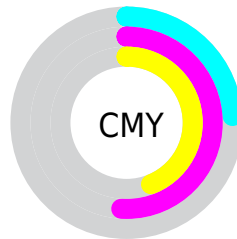


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)


Magenta (51%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 126, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 126, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 194, 126, 142

255, 255, 255

 252, 179, 196

 255, 207, 224


 255, 236, 252

 194, 126, 142

 166, 100, 116

 139, 76, 92

 112, 52, 68

 86, 28, 46


 61, 4, 26

 42, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 194, 126, 142

 194, 107, 127


 194, 126, 142

 194, 145, 157

 194, 87, 112

 194, 165, 172

 194, 68, 97

 194, 184, 187

 194, 48, 83

 194, 204, 201

 194, 29, 68

 194, 223, 216

 194, 10, 53

 194, 242, 231

 194, 0, 46

 194, 255, 246

 194, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 129, 167



194, 126, 142



193, 129, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 126, 142



131, 152, 103



80, 153, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 126, 142



126, 194, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59, 158, 173



194, 126, 142



102, 157, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 126, 142



159, 145, 95



73, 159, 148



117, 146, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 126, 142



186, 133, 105



73, 159, 148



70, 155, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 126, 142



252, 225, 231



177, 126, 194



128, 111, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 126, 142



252, 146, 171



194, 143, 126



97, 87, 89



161, 0, 38



33, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 126, 142



252, 146, 171



126, 177, 194



97, 87, 89



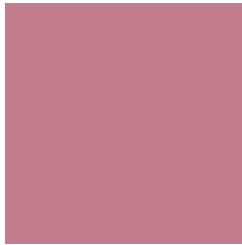
161, 0, 38



33, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 126, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

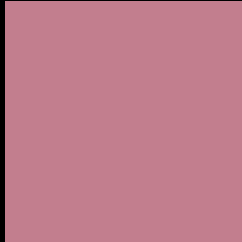
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 126, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 126, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 126, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 126, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

194, 126, 142

Protanopia

146, 145, 153

Deuteranopia

162, 141, 139



Tritanopia
193, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

194, 126, 142

Protanomaly

163, 138, 149

Deuteranomaly

174, 136, 140

Tritanomaly

193, 127, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

194, 126, 142

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

165, 140, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 126, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 126, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 126, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 126, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 126, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 126, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 126, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 126, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 126, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 126, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 126, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 126,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 126, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 126, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
126, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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