

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 136, 159)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 136, 159) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 136, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2889F
RGB	194, 136, 159
RGB Percent	76%, 53%, 62%
CMY	0.2392, 0.4667, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.18, 0.24
HSL	336°, 32%, 65%
HSV	336°, 30%, 76%
XYZ	37.3103, 31.5809, 36.9301
YIQ	155.9640, 27.1850, 19.4490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

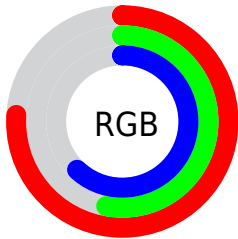
Format	Color
RYB	194, 136, 159
Decimal	12748959
CIELab	62.99, 25.60, -3.28
CIELCh	63, 25.814, 352.702
Yxy	31.5809, 0.3526, 0.2984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290939039 (0xFFC2889F)
YUV	155.9640, 1.4967, 33.3576
Hunter-Lab	56.1968, 20.1655, 0.3750

Details

The RGB color **194, 136, 159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **136, 194, 171**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 190, 214**, and **139, 85, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 117, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 155, 171**.

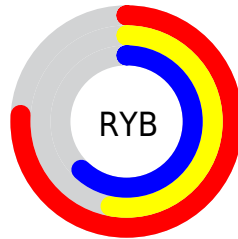
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (53%)

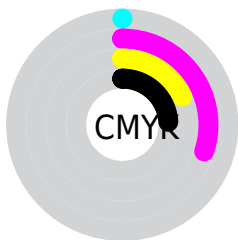
Blue (62%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (62%)

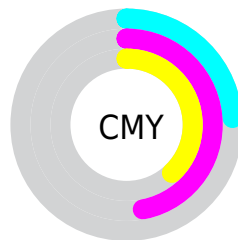


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)


Magenta (47%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 136, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 136, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 194, 136, 159

255, 255, 255

 251, 190, 214

 255, 218, 242

 255, 246, 255


 194, 136, 159


 166, 110, 133

 139, 85, 108

 113, 61, 83

 88, 38, 60


 63, 16, 39

 41, 0, 18

 0, 0, 0


 194, 136, 159

 194, 117, 147

 194, 136, 159

 194, 155, 171

 194, 97, 136

 194, 175, 182

 194, 78, 124

 194, 194, 194

 194, 58, 112

 194, 214, 206

 194, 39, 100

 194, 233, 218

 194, 20, 89

 194, 252, 229

 194, 0, 77

 194, 255, 241

 194, 0, 77

 194, 255, 253

 194, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 141, 180



194, 136, 159



199, 136, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 136, 159



151, 156, 110



88, 162, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 136, 159



136, 194, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82, 165, 169



194, 136, 159



124, 162, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 136, 159



174, 149, 107



99, 165, 146



115, 156, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 136, 159



195, 139, 122



99, 165, 146



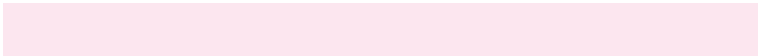
83, 163, 183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 136, 159



252, 230, 239



171, 136, 194



128, 113, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 136, 159



252, 162, 198



194, 142, 136



97, 87, 91



161, 0, 64



33, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 136, 159



252, 162, 198



136, 188, 194



97, 87, 91



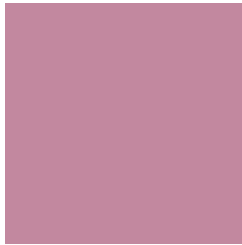
161, 0, 64



33, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 136, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

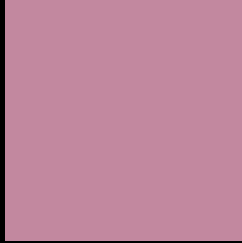
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 136, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 136, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 136, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 136, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
194, 136, 159

Protanopia
151, 152, 169

Deuteranopia
166, 148, 157



Tritanopia

193, 138, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color
194, 136, 159

Protanomaly
167, 146, 165

Deuteranomaly
176, 144, 158

Tritanomaly
193, 137, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color
194, 136, 159

Achromatopsia
156, 156, 156

Achromatomaly
170, 149, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 136, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 136, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 136, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 136, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 136, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 136, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 136, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 136, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 136, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 136, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 136, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 136,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 136, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 136, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
136, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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