

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 143, 10)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 143, 10) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 143, 10)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C28F0A
RGB	194, 143, 10
RGB Percent	76%, 56%, 4%
CMY	0.2392, 0.4392, 0.9608
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.95, 0.24
HSL	43°, 90%, 40%
HSV	43°, 95%, 76%
XYZ	32.1254, 31.1362, 4.6039
YIQ	143.0870, 73.0890, -30.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

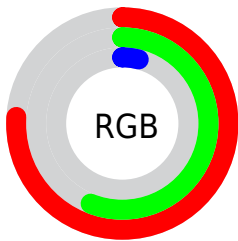
Format	Color
RYB	81, 194, 10
Decimal	12750602
CIELab	62.62, 9.40, 65.88
CIElCh	63, 66.547, 81.880
Yxy	31.1362, 0.4734, 0.4588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290940682 (0xFFC28F0A)
YUV	143.0870, -65.6119, 44.6507
Hunter-Lab	55.7998, 5.1174, 34.1680

Details

The RGB color **194, 143, 10** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **10, 61, 194**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 196, 76**, and **135, 93, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 140, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 148, 29**.

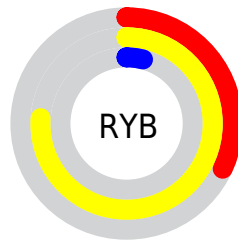
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (56%)

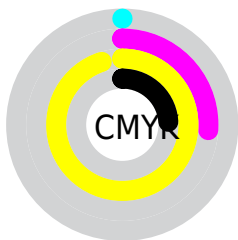
Blue (4%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (4%)

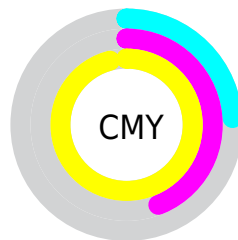


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 143, 10 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 143, 10 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 194, 143, 10

 194, 143, 10

255, 255, 255

 164, 118, 0

 255, 196, 76

 135, 93, 0

 255, 224, 103

 106, 70, 0

 255, 253, 130

 79, 48, 0

 255, 255, 158

 52, 27, 0


 255, 255, 186

 28, 2, 0

 255, 255, 215

 0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 244

 194, 143, 10

 194, 143, 10

■ 194, 140, 0

■ 194, 148, 29

■ 194, 154, 49

■ 194, 159, 68

■ 194, 165, 88

■ 194, 170, 107

■ 194, 175, 126

■ 194, 181, 146

■ 194, 186, 165

■ 194, 191, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 119, 58



194, 143, 10



139, 161, 21

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 143, 10



0, 179, 194



207, 116, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 143, 10



10, 61, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 143, 255



194, 143, 10



0, 175, 244

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 143, 10



0, 178, 133



0, 163, 255



249, 94, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 143, 10



92, 170, 55



0, 163, 255



184, 125, 240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 143, 10



252, 233, 182



194, 10, 62



128, 115, 84



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 143, 10



252, 182, 0



154, 194, 10



97, 94, 87



161, 116, 0



33, 24, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 61, 194



0, 70, 252



50, 10, 194



87, 90, 97



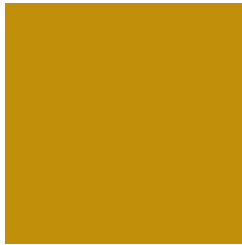
0, 45, 161



0, 9, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 143, 10 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 143, 10 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 143, 10 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 143, 10.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 143, 10.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
194, 143, 10

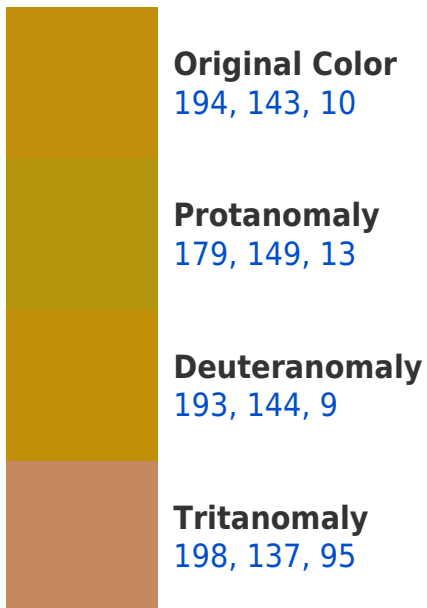
Protanopia
171, 152, 15

Deuteranopia
192, 144, 8

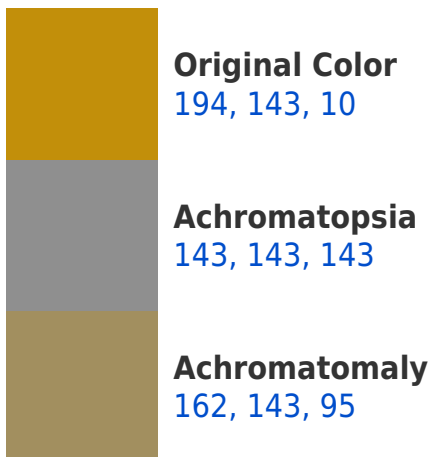


Tritanopia
201, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 143, 10 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 143, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 143, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 143, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 143, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 143, 10 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 143, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 143, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 143, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 143, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 143, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 143,  
10) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 143, 10 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 143, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
143, 10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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