

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 177, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 177, 235) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 177, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2B1EB
RGB	194, 177, 235
RGB Percent	76%, 69%, 92%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3059, 0.0784
CMYK	0.17, 0.25, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	258°, 59%, 81%
HSV	258°, 25%, 92%
XYZ	52.9657, 48.9118, 85.2466
YIQ	188.6950, -8.4860, 21.6420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

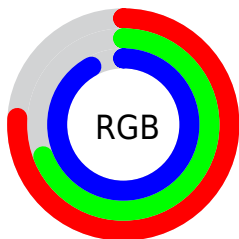
Format	Color
RYB	194, 177, 235
Decimal	12759531
CIELab	75.40, 17.50, -26.75
CIELCh	75, 31.971, 303.197
Yxy	48.9118, 0.2831, 0.2614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290949611 (0xFFC2B1EB)
YUV	188.6950, 22.8284, 4.6525
Hunter-Lab	69.9370, 12.7946, -23.3131

Details

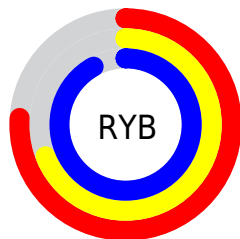
The RGB color **194, 177, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **218, 235, 177**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 233, 255**, and **140, 124, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 154, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211, 201, 235**.

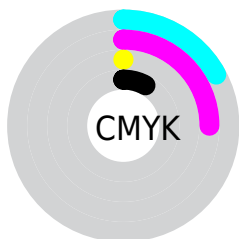
Distribution



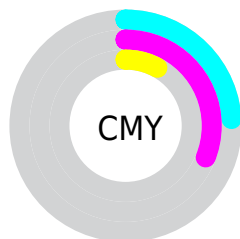
- Red (76%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 177, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 177, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 194, 177, 235

255, 255, 255

■ 251, 233, 255

■ 194, 177, 235

■ 166, 150, 207

■ 140, 124, 179

■ 114, 99, 152

■ 88, 75, 126


■ 64, 53, 101

■ 40, 31, 77


■ 18, 10, 54


■ 0, 2, 32


■ 0, 0, 4

 194, 177, 235

 194, 177, 235

 177, 154, 235

 211, 201, 235

 161, 130, 235


 227, 224, 235

 144, 107, 235

 244, 248, 235

 128, 83, 235

 255, 255, 235

 111, 60, 235

 94, 36, 235

 78, 13, 235

 69, 0, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 187, 244



194, 177, 235



226, 168, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 177, 235



229, 175, 134



105, 202, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 177, 235



218, 235, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137, 200, 158



194, 177, 235



203, 185, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 177, 235



243, 167, 155



172, 194, 136



91, 201, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 177, 235



239, 164, 194



172, 194, 136



115, 202, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 177, 235



242, 237, 255



177, 219, 235



120, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 177, 235



201, 179, 255



222, 177, 235



109, 106, 117



53, 0, 181



16, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 177, 218



255, 179, 233



190, 235, 177



117, 106, 114



181, 0, 128



54, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 177, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

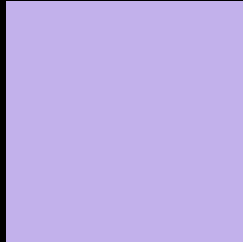
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 177, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

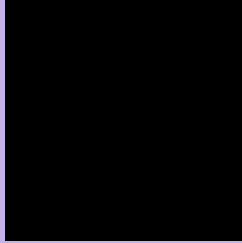
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 177, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 177, 235.

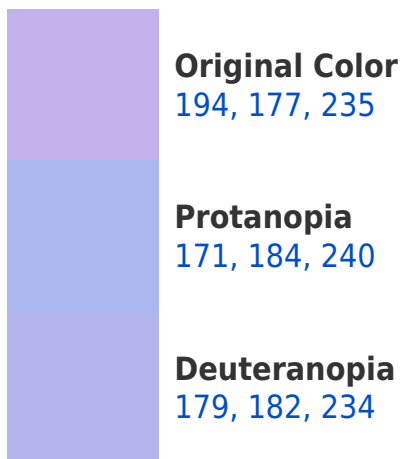



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 177, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 184, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color
194, 177, 235

Protanomaly
179, 181, 238

Deuteranomaly
184, 180, 234

Tritanomaly
190, 181, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color
194, 177, 235

Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly
191, 185, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 177, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 177, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 177, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 177, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 177, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 177, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 177, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 177, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 177, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 177, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 177, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 177,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 177, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 177, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
177, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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