

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 215, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 215, 221) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 215, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2D7DD
RGB	194, 215, 221
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 87%
CMY	0.2392, 0.1569, 0.1333
CMYK	0.12, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	193°, 28%, 81%
HSV	193°, 12%, 87%
XYZ	59.5997, 65.2907, 77.8677
YIQ	209.4050, -14.4420, -2.5860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

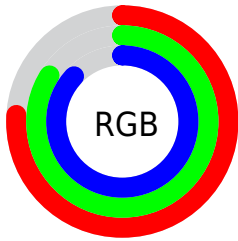
Format	Color
RYB	194, 206, 221
Decimal	12769245
CIELab	84.63, -5.80, -5.35
CIELCh	85, 7.890, 222.663
Yxy	65.2907, 0.2939, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290959325 (0xFFC2D7DD)
YUV	209.4050, 5.7163, -13.5102
Hunter-Lab	80.8026, -9.7437, -0.5746

Details

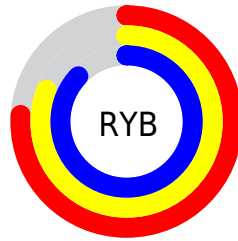
The RGB color **194, 215, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 200, 194**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 255, 255**, and **140, 160, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 210, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 220, 221**.

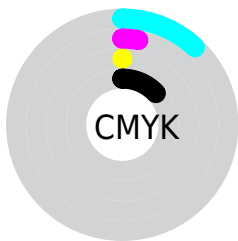
Distribution



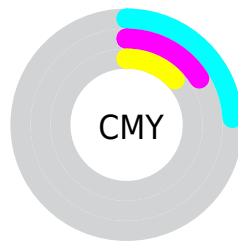
- Red (76%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 215, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 215, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 194, 215, 221

255, 255, 255

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 194, 215, 221

■ 167, 187, 193

■ 140, 160, 166

■ 115, 134, 140

■ 90, 109, 114

■ 66, 85, 90

■ 43, 61, 66

■ 22, 40, 44

■ 0, 19, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

 194, 215, 221

 194, 215, 221

 172, 210, 221


 216, 220, 221

 150, 205, 221


 238, 225, 221

 128, 200, 221


 255, 230, 221

 106, 195, 221


 255, 235, 221

 84, 190, 221


 255, 240, 221

 61, 186, 221

 255, 244, 221

 39, 181, 221

 255, 249, 221

 17, 176, 221

 255, 254, 221

 0, 172, 221

 255, 255, 221

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194, 216, 214



194, 215, 221



199, 213, 225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 215, 221



224, 207, 216



214, 212, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 215, 221



221, 200, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 209, 197



194, 215, 221



228, 206, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 215, 221



217, 208, 222



227, 207, 201



205, 214, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 215, 221



205, 212, 226



227, 207, 201



217, 211, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 215, 221



245, 253, 255



194, 221, 200



121, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



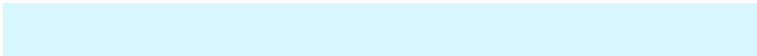
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 215, 221



217, 247, 255



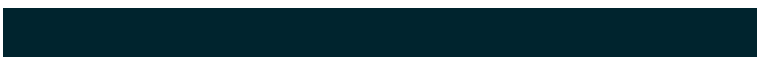
194, 202, 221



99, 107, 110



0, 135, 173



0, 36, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 194, 215



255, 217, 246



221, 213, 194



110, 99, 107



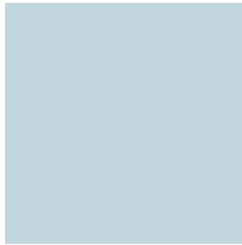
173, 0, 135



46, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 215, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

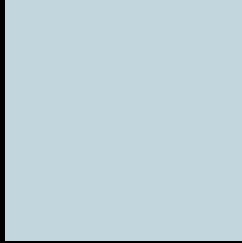
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 215, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

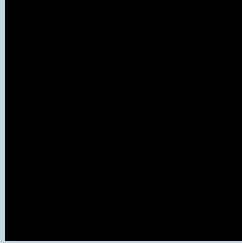
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

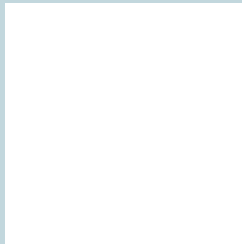
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 215, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 215, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 215, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

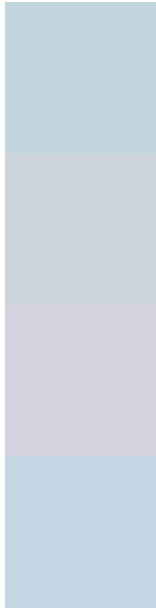
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 214, 230

Trichromacy



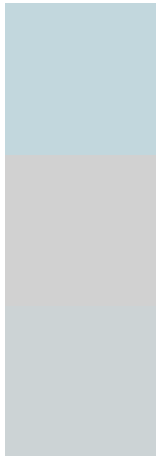
Original Color
194, 215, 221

Protanomaly
206, 212, 219

Deuteranomaly
214, 209, 222

Tritanomaly
195, 214, 227

Monochromacy



Original Color
194, 215, 221

Achromatopsia
209, 209, 209

Achromatomaly
204, 211, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 215, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 215, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 215, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 215, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 215, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 215, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 215, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 215, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 215, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 215, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 215, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 215,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 215, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 215, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
215, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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