

# Converting Colors

RGB(194, 229, 228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(194, 229, 228) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(194, 229, 228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2E5E4
RGB	194, 229, 228
RGB Percent	76%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.2392, 0.1020, 0.1059
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	178°, 40%, 83%
HSV	178°, 15%, 90%
XYZ	64.2710, 73.1094, 84.1229
YIQ	218.4210, -20.5390, -7.7310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

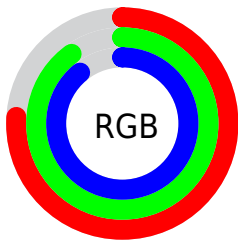
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 212, 229
Decimal	12772836
CIELab	88.50, -11.57, -3.35
CIELCh	88, 12.042, 196.137
Yxy	73.1094, 0.2902, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290962916 (0xFFC2E5E4)
YUV	218.4210, 4.7224, -21.4172
Hunter-Lab	85.5040, -15.4585, 1.5205

# Details

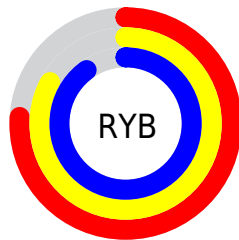
The RGB color **194, 229, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **229, 194, 195**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 251, 255, 255, and **140, 174, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 229, 227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 229, 229**.

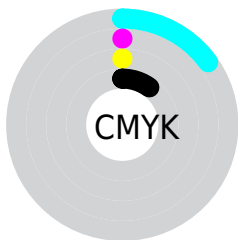
# Distribution



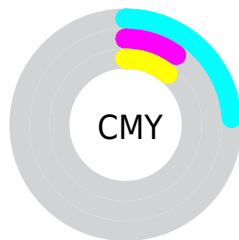
- Red (76%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 229, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 229, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 194, 229, 228

255, 255, 255


 251, 255, 255

 194, 229, 228

 167, 201, 200

 140, 174, 173

 114, 147, 146

 89, 121, 120

 65, 96, 96

 42, 72, 72

 19, 50, 50

 0, 29, 29

 0, 0, 2

194, 229, 228

194, 229, 228

171, 229, 227

217, 229, 229

148, 229, 227

240, 229, 229

125, 229, 226

255, 229, 230

102, 229, 225

255, 229, 231

79, 229, 225

255, 229, 231

57, 229, 224

255, 229, 232

34, 229, 223

255, 229, 233

11, 229, 223

255, 229, 233

0, 229, 222

255, 229, 234

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 229, 216



194, 229, 228



195, 228, 238

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 229, 228



232, 217, 238



237, 220, 200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 229, 228



229, 194, 195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



245, 216, 206



194, 229, 228



242, 215, 228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 229, 228



218, 221, 244



247, 215, 216



225, 223, 200

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 229, 228



201, 226, 243



247, 215, 216



240, 218, 201

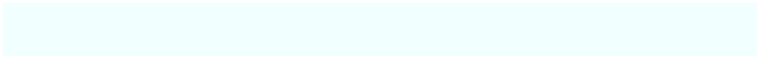


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 229, 228



242, 255, 255



195, 229, 194



120, 128, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 229, 228



209, 255, 254



194, 213, 229



103, 115, 114



0, 179, 173



0, 51, 50



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229, 194, 195



255, 209, 210



229, 210, 194



115, 103, 104



179, 0, 5

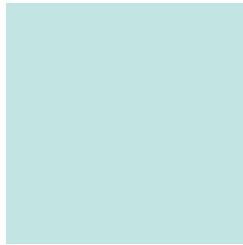


51, 0, 1



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 229, 228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

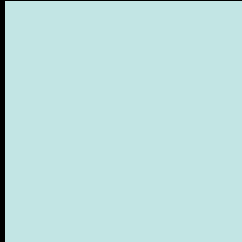
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 229, 228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

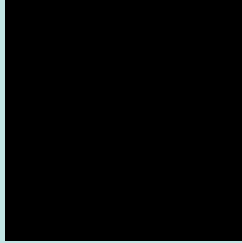
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

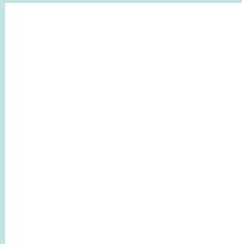
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 194, 229, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 229, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 229, 228.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

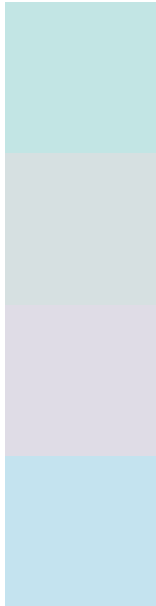
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
197, 226, 245

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
194, 229, 228

**Protanomaly**  
214, 224, 225

**Deuteranomaly**  
223, 220, 230

**Tritanomaly**  
196, 227, 239

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
194, 229, 228

**Achromatopsia**  
218, 218, 218

**Achromatomaly**  
209, 222, 222

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 229, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 229, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 229, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 229, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 229, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 229, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

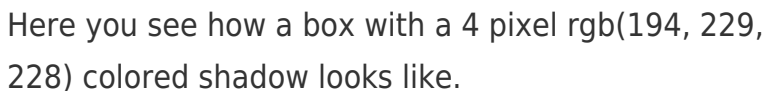
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 229, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 229, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 229, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 229, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 229, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 229, 228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 229, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 229, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
229, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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