

Converting Colors

RGB(194, 92, 100)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(194, 92, 100) contains.

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Color

RGB(194, 92, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C25C64
RGB	194, 92, 100
RGB Percent	76%, 36%, 39%
CMY	0.2392, 0.6392, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.48, 0.24
HSL	355°, 46%, 56%
HSV	355°, 53%, 76%
XYZ	28.3755, 20.0437, 14.4299
YIQ	123.4100, 58.2240, 24.1120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

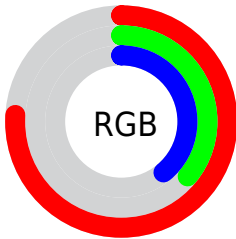
Format	Color
RYB	194, 92, 100
Decimal	12737636
CIELab	51.89, 41.56, 15.08
CIElCh	52, 44.209, 19.941
Yxy	20.0437, 0.4515, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290927716 (0xFFC25C64)
YUV	123.4100, -11.5411, 61.9074
Hunter-Lab	44.7702, 34.7861, 12.2294

Details

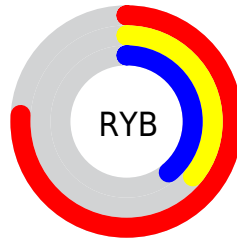
The RGB color **194, 92, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **92, 194, 186**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254, 145, 151**, and **136, 40, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 73, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 111, 118**.

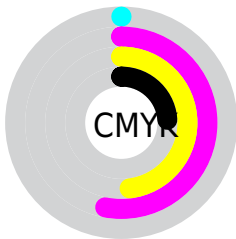
Distribution



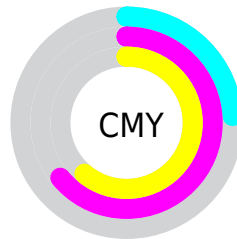
- Red (76%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 194, 92, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 194, 92, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 194, 92, 100

 194, 92, 100

255, 255, 255

 165, 66, 76

 254, 145, 151

 136, 40, 54

 255, 172, 177

 108, 9, 32

 255, 200, 205

 80, 0, 10

 255, 229, 233

 55, 0, 1


 16, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 194, 92, 100

 194, 92, 100

 194, 73, 82

 194, 111, 118

■ 194, 53, 64

■ 194, 131, 136

■ 194, 34, 46

■ 194, 150, 154

■ 194, 14, 28

■ 194, 170, 172

■ 194, 0, 15

■ 194, 189, 189

■ 194, 208, 207

■ 194, 228, 225

■ 194, 247, 243

■ 194, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 92, 138



194, 92, 100



182, 103, 67

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 92, 100



76, 138, 73



0, 132, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 92, 100



92, 194, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 139, 181



194, 92, 100



0, 142, 109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 92, 100



120, 129, 48



0, 142, 148



104, 119, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 92, 100



166, 113, 51



0, 142, 148



0, 135, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 92, 100



252, 212, 215



185, 92, 194



128, 103, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 92, 100



252, 93, 106



194, 134, 92



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 13



33, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 92, 100



252, 93, 106



92, 152, 194



97, 87, 88



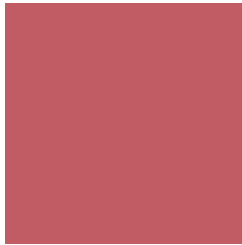
161, 0, 13



33, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 92, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

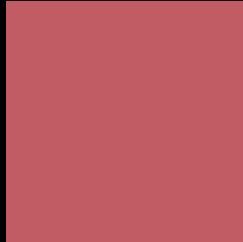
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 194, 92, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 194, 92, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 92, 100.

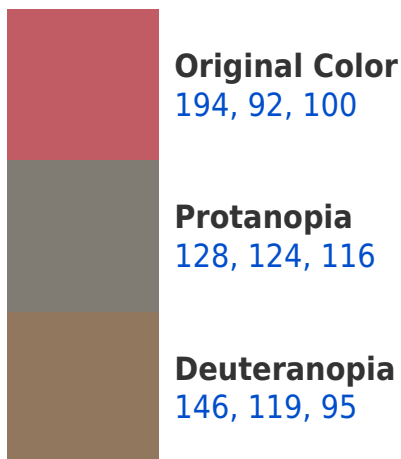


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 194, 92, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
194, 92, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color

194, 92, 100

Protanomaly

152, 112, 110

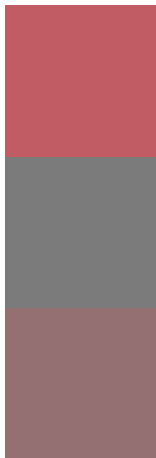
Deuteranomaly

163, 109, 97

Tritanomaly

194, 92, 99

Monochromacy



Original Color

194, 92, 100

Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly

149, 112, 115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 194, 92, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 92, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 92, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 92, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 92, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 194, 92, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 92, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 92, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 92, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 92, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 92, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 92,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 194, 92, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 92, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194, 92,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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