

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 101, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 101, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(195, 101, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C36569
RGB	195, 101, 105
RGB Percent	76%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.2353, 0.6039, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.46, 0.24
HSL	357°, 44%, 58%
HSV	357°, 48%, 76%
XYZ	29.7092, 21.9294, 16.0316
YIQ	129.5620, 54.7400, 21.1720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

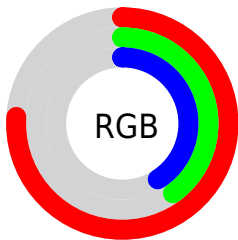
Format	Color
R_{YB}	195, 101, 105
Decimal	12805481
CIE _{Lab}	53.95, 37.81, 15.00
CIE _{LCh}	54, 40.677, 21.635
Y _{xy}	21.9294, 0.4390, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290995561 (0xFFC36569)
YUV	129.5620, -12.1091, 57.3891
Hunter-Lab	46.8288, 31.2936, 12.4826

Details

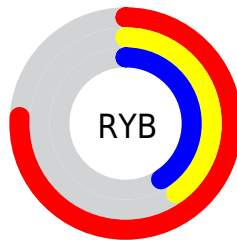
The RGB color **195, 101, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **101, 195, 191**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254, 154, 156**, and **138, 50, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 81, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 121, 124**.

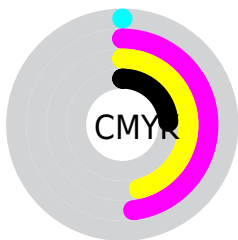
Distribution



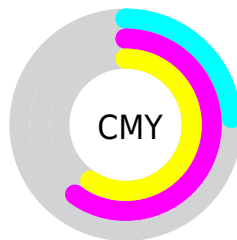
- Red (76%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 101, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 101, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 195, 101, 105

255, 255, 255

 254, 154, 156

 255, 181, 183


 255, 209, 211

 255, 238, 239

 195, 101, 105

 166, 76, 81

 138, 50, 58

 110, 24, 37

 82, 0, 16

 56, 0, 0

 24, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 195, 101, 105

 195, 81, 86

 195, 101, 105

 195, 121, 124

 195, 62, 68

 195, 140, 142

 195, 43, 49

 195, 159, 161

 195, 23, 30

 195, 179, 180

 195, 4, 12

 195, 198, 198

 195, 0, 8

 195, 218, 217

 195, 238, 236

 195, 255, 254

 195, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 100, 140



195, 101, 105



183, 111, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 101, 105



83, 142, 84



35, 136, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 101, 105



101, 195, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 183



195, 101, 105



0, 146, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 101, 105



125, 135, 61



0, 147, 154



116, 124, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 101, 105



168, 119, 62



0, 147, 154



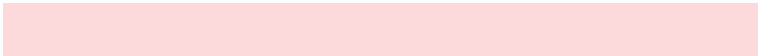
0, 139, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 101, 105



252, 217, 219



190, 101, 195



128, 106, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 101, 105



252, 106, 112



195, 143, 101



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 7



33, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 101, 105



252, 106, 112



101, 153, 195



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 7



33, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 101, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

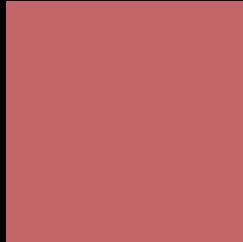
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 101, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 101, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 101, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 101, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
195, 101, 105

Protanopia
134, 129, 119

Deuteranopia
152, 124, 101



Tritanopia
195, 101, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color
195, 101, 105

Protanomaly
156, 119, 114

Deuteranomaly
168, 116, 102

Tritanomaly
195, 101, 107

Monochromacy



Original Color
195, 101, 105

Achromatopsia
130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly
154, 119, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 101, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 101, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 101, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 101, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 101, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 101, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 101, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 101, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 101, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 101, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 101, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 101,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 101, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 101, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
101, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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