

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 122, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 122, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(195, 122, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C37AAB
RGB	195, 122, 171
RGB Percent	76%, 48%, 67%
CMY	0.2353, 0.5216, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.12, 0.24
HSL	320°, 38%, 62%
HSV	320°, 37%, 76%
XYZ	36.8159, 28.4614, 42.0813
YIQ	149.4130, 27.7790, 30.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

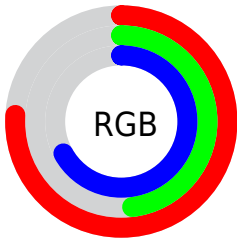
Format	Color
RYB	195, 122, 171
Decimal	12810923
CIELab	60.30, 35.58, -14.12
CIElCh	60, 38.283, 338.349
Yxy	28.4614, 0.3429, 0.2651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291001003 (0xFFC37AAB)
YUV	149.4130, 10.6424, 39.9798
Hunter-Lab	53.3493, 29.8202, -9.4228

Details

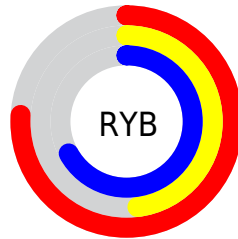
The RGB color **195, 122, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **122, 195, 146**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 176, 226**, and **140, 71, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 103, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 142, 177**.

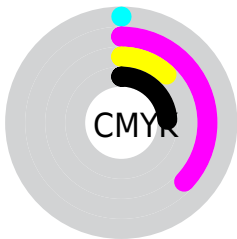
Distribution



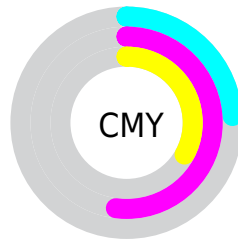
- Red (76%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 122, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 122, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 195, 122, 171

255, 255, 255


 253, 176, 226

 255, 203, 255

 255, 232, 255

 195, 122, 171

 167, 96, 144

 140, 71, 119

 113, 47, 94

 88, 22, 70

 63, 0, 48


 42, 0, 27

 0, 0, 0

 195, 122, 171

 195, 103, 165

 195, 122, 171

 195, 142, 177

 195, 83, 158


 195, 161, 184

 195, 64, 152

 195, 181, 190

 195, 44, 145

 195, 200, 197

 195, 24, 139

 195, 219, 203

 195, 5, 133

 195, 239, 209

 195, 0, 131

 195, 255, 216

 195, 255, 222

 195, 255, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 133, 198



195, 122, 171



210, 118, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 122, 171



158, 146, 77



0, 161, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 122, 171



122, 195, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 163, 154



195, 122, 171



121, 156, 91

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 122, 171



187, 135, 83



77, 161, 119



32, 156, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 122, 171



209, 121, 115



77, 161, 119



0, 162, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 122, 171



252, 225, 243



145, 122, 195



128, 111, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 122, 171



252, 139, 215



195, 122, 135



97, 87, 94



161, 0, 108



33, 0, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 122, 171



252, 139, 215



122, 195, 182



97, 87, 94



161, 0, 108



33, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 122, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

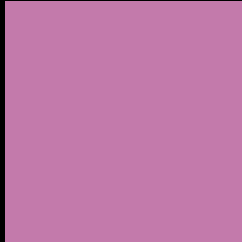
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 122, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

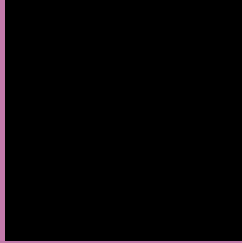
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 122, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 122, 171.

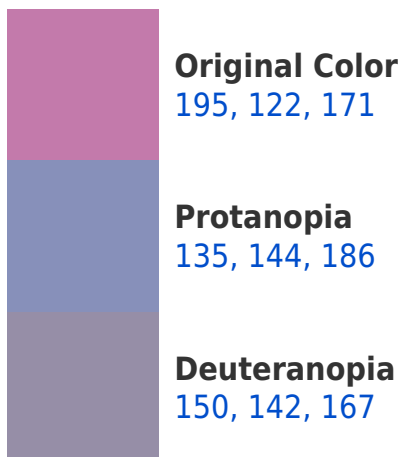


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 122, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
191, 128, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color

195, 122, 171



Protanomaly

157, 136, 181



Deuteranomaly

166, 135, 168



Tritanomaly

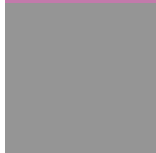
192, 126, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

195, 122, 171



Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149



Achromatomaly

166, 139, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 122, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 122, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 122, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 122, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 122, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 122, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 122, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 122, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 122, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 122, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 122, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 122,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 122, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 122, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
122, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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