

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 170, 117)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 170, 117) contains.

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Color

RGB(195, 170, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3AA75
RGB	195, 170, 117
RGB Percent	76%, 67%, 46%
CMY	0.2353, 0.3333, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.40, 0.24
HSL	41°, 39%, 61%
HSV	41°, 40%, 76%
XYZ	40.0913, 41.6359, 22.7531
YIQ	171.4330, 31.9130, -11.1830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

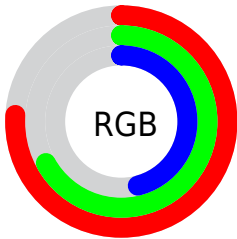
Format	Color
RYB	154, 195, 117
Decimal	12823157
CIELab	70.62, 1.62, 30.66
CIELCh	71, 30.703, 86.974
Yxy	41.6359, 0.3837, 0.3985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291013237 (0xFFC3AA75)
YUV	171.4330, -26.8355, 20.6683
Hunter-Lab	64.5259, -2.0145, 24.2613

Details

The RGB color **195, 170, 117** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **117, 142, 195**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 225, 170**, and **140, 118, 68** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 164, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 176, 136**.

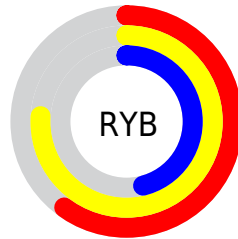
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (67%)

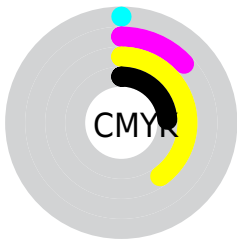
Blue (46%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (46%)

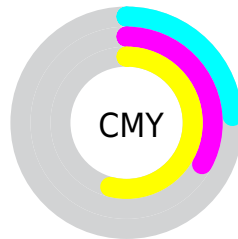


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 170, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 170, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 195, 170, 117


255, 255, 255

 253, 225, 170

 255, 254, 197

 255, 255, 225

255, 255, 254

 195, 170, 117

 167, 144, 92

 140, 118, 68

 113, 93, 45

 88, 70, 22


 63, 48, 0

 39, 27, 0

 8, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 195, 170, 117

 195, 170, 117

■ 195, 164, 98

■ 195, 176, 136

■ 195, 158, 78

■ 195, 183, 156

■ 195, 151, 59

■ 195, 189, 176

■ 195, 145, 39

■ 195, 195, 195

■ 195, 139, 19

■ 195, 201, 215

■ 195, 133, 0

■ 195, 207, 234

■ 195, 214, 254

■ 195, 220, 255

■ 195, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 161, 127



195, 170, 117



166, 179, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 170, 117



82, 188, 197



206, 157, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 170, 117



117, 142, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173, 167, 222



195, 170, 117



95, 184, 219

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 170, 117



102, 188, 169



132, 176, 228



225, 152, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 170, 117



145, 183, 134



132, 176, 228



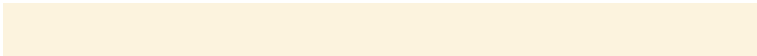
196, 160, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 170, 117



252, 243, 222



195, 117, 143



128, 122, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 170, 117



252, 214, 131



182, 195, 117



97, 94, 87



161, 109, 0



33, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117, 142, 195



131, 170, 252



130, 117, 195



87, 90, 97



0, 51, 161



0, 11, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 170, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

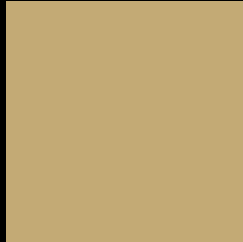
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 170, 117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

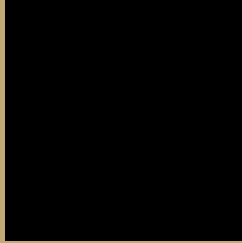
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 170, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 170, 117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 170, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
195, 170, 117

Protanopia
187, 173, 118

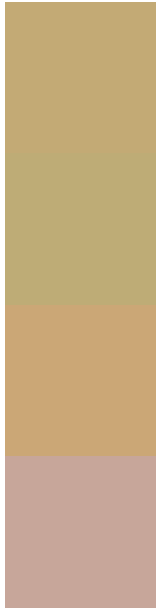
Deuteranopia
207, 165, 118



Tritanopia

201, 163, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color
195, 170, 117

Protanomaly
190, 172, 118

Deuteranomaly
203, 167, 118

Tritanomaly
199, 166, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
195, 170, 117

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
180, 171, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 170, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 170, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 170, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 170, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 170, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 170, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 170, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 170, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 170, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 170, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 170, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 170,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 170, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 170, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
170, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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