

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 198, 247)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 198, 247) contains.

RGB(195, 198, 247)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(195, 198, 247)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3C6F7
RGB	195, 198, 247
RGB Percent	76%, 78%, 97%
CMY	0.2353, 0.2235, 0.0314
CMYK	0.21, 0.20, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	237°, 76%, 87%
HSV	237°, 21%, 97%
XYZ	59.4883, 58.7057, 96.1916
YIQ	202.6890, -17.5170, 14.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

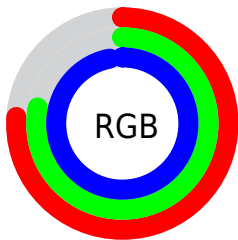
Format	Color
RYB	195, 198, 247
Decimal	12830455
CIELab	81.13, 9.03, -24.44
CIELCh	81, 26.057, 290.284
Yxy	58.7057, 0.2775, 0.2738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291020535 (0xFFC3C6F7)
YUV	202.6890, 21.8453, -6.7433
Hunter-Lab	76.6196, 4.5049, -20.8015

Details

The RGB color **195, 198, 247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **247, 244, 195**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 252, 255, 255, and **141, 144, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 175, 247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **220, 221, 247**.

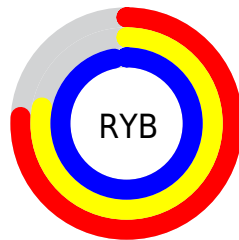
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (78%)

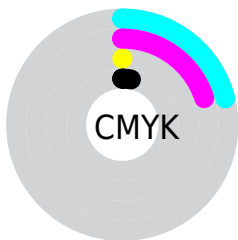
Blue (97%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (97%)

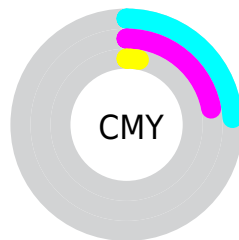


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 198, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 198, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 195, 198, 247

255, 255, 255

■ 252, 255, 255

■ 195, 198, 247

■ 167, 171, 218

■ 141, 144, 191

■ 114, 119, 163

■ 89, 94, 137

■ 65, 70, 111

■ 41, 48, 87

■ 16, 28, 63

■ 0, 0, 41

■ 0, 1, 20

■ 195, 198, 247

■ 195, 198, 247

■ 170, 175, 247

■ 220, 221, 247

■ 146, 151, 247

■ 244, 245, 247

■ 121, 128, 247

■ 255, 255, 247

■ 96, 105, 247

■ 72, 82, 247

■ 47, 58, 247

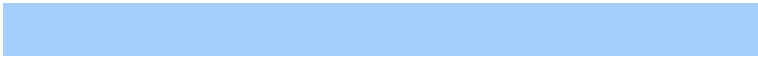
■ 22, 35, 247

■ 0, 14, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 206, 249



195, 198, 247



225, 190, 233

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 198, 247



245, 189, 165



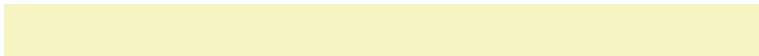
149, 215, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 198, 247



247, 244, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 211, 170



195, 198, 247



227, 197, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 198, 247



252, 185, 186



202, 205, 156



133, 215, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 198, 247



240, 186, 219



202, 205, 156



157, 214, 184

Sweetspot

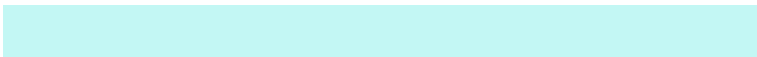
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 198, 247



240, 241, 255



195, 247, 244



119, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 198, 247



191, 195, 255



218, 195, 247



110, 111, 122



0, 11, 186



0, 3, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 195, 198



255, 191, 195



224, 247, 195



122, 110, 111



186, 0, 11



59, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 198, 247 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

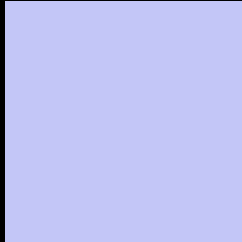
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 198, 247 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

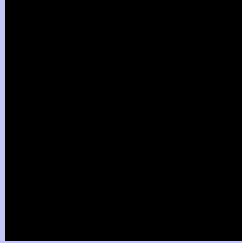
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 198, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 198, 247.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 198, 247.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

195, 198, 247

Protanopia

190, 199, 248

Deuteranopia

198, 197, 247



Tritanopia
190, 203, 219

Trichromacy



Original Color
195, 198, 247

Protanomaly
192, 199, 248

Deuteranomaly
197, 197, 247

Tritanomaly
192, 201, 229

Monochromacy



Original Color
195, 198, 247

Achromatopsia
203, 203, 203

Achromatomaly
200, 201, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 198, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 198, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 198, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 198, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 198, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 198, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 198, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 198, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 198, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 198, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 198, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 198,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 198, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 198, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
198, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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