

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 231, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 231, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(195, 231, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3E7E9
RGB	195, 231, 233
RGB Percent	76%, 91%, 91%
CMY	0.2353, 0.0941, 0.0863
CMYK	0.16, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	183°, 46%, 84%
HSV	183°, 16%, 91%
XYZ	65.7896, 74.6371, 88.0297
YIQ	220.4640, -22.0980, -7.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

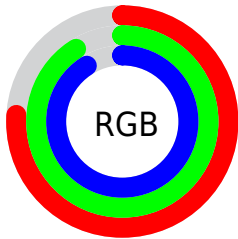
Format	Color
R _Y B	195, 213, 233
Decimal	12838889
CIE Lab	89.22, -11.25, -4.90
CIE LCh	89, 12.274, 203.523
Yxy	74.6371, 0.2880, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291028969 (0xFFC3E7E9)
YUV	220.4640, 6.1802, -22.3319
Hunter-Lab	86.3928, -15.2566, 0.0615

Details

The RGB color **195, 231, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **233, 197, 195**, and the grayscale version is **220, 220, 220**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 252, 255, 255, and **141, 175, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 230, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 232, 233**.

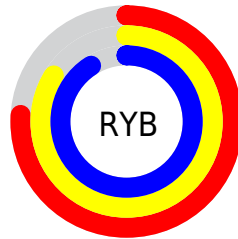
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (91%)

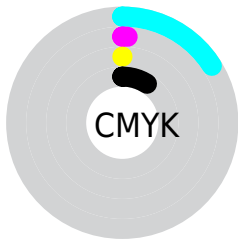
Blue (91%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (91%)

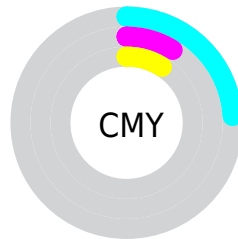


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 231, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 231, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 195, 231, 233

255, 255, 255

■ 252, 255, 255

■ 195, 231, 233

■ 168, 203, 205

■ 141, 175, 177

■ 115, 149, 151

■ 90, 123, 125

■ 65, 98, 100

■ 42, 74, 76

■ 18, 51, 53

■ 0, 30, 32

■ 0, 0, 9

 195, 231, 233

 195, 231, 233

 172, 230, 233

 218, 232, 233

 148, 229, 233

 242, 233, 233

 125, 227, 233

 255, 235, 233

 102, 226, 233

 255, 236, 233

 79, 225, 233

 255, 237, 233

 55, 224, 233

 255, 238, 233

 32, 222, 233

 255, 240, 233

 9, 221, 233

 255, 241, 233

 0, 221, 233

 255, 242, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 231, 221



195, 231, 233



198, 229, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 231, 233



237, 219, 238



237, 222, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



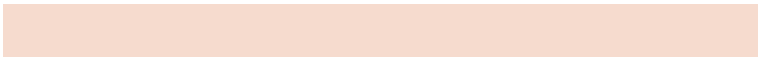
195, 231, 233



233, 197, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



246, 219, 206



195, 231, 233



247, 216, 227

Square

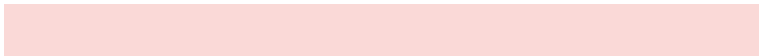
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 231, 233



223, 222, 246



250, 217, 215



224, 226, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 231, 233



205, 227, 246



250, 217, 215



240, 221, 202

Sweetspot

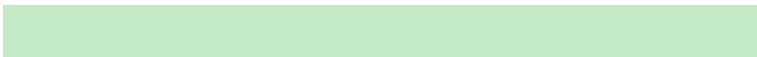
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 231, 233



242, 254, 255



195, 233, 197



120, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 231, 233



204, 252, 255



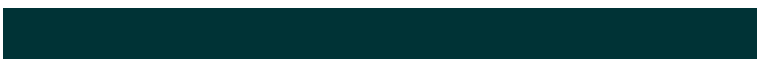
195, 212, 233



106, 117, 117



0, 172, 181



0, 51, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 195, 231



255, 204, 252



233, 216, 195



117, 106, 117



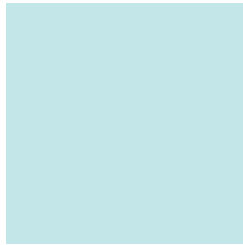
181, 0, 172



54, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 231, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

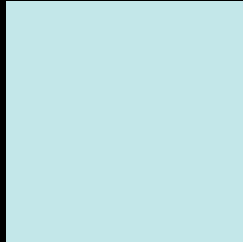
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 231, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

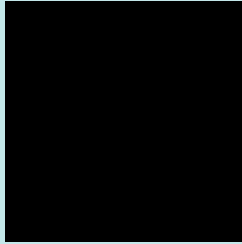
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

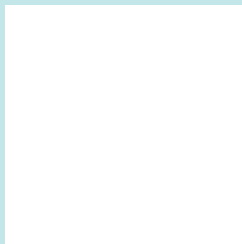
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 231, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 231, 233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 231, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

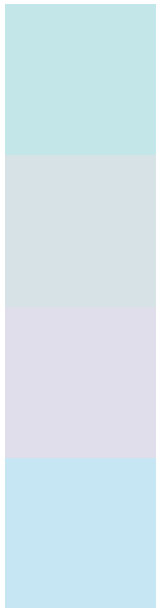
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
198, 229, 247

Trichromacy



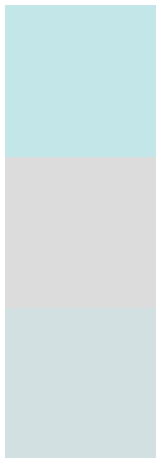
Original Color
195, 231, 233

Protanomaly
215, 226, 230

Deuteranomaly
224, 222, 235

Tritanomaly
197, 230, 242

Monochromacy



Original Color
195, 231, 233

Achromatopsia
220, 220, 220

Achromatomaly
211, 224, 225

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 231, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 231, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 231, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 231, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 231, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 231, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 231, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 231, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 231, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 231, 233); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 231, 233); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 231, 233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 231, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 231, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
231, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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