

Converting Colors

RGB(195, 89, 84)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(195, 89, 84) contains.

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Color

RGB(195, 89, 84)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C35954
RGB	195, 89, 84
RGB Percent	76%, 35%, 33%
CMY	0.2353, 0.6510, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.57, 0.24
HSL	3°, 48%, 55%
HSV	3°, 57%, 76%
XYZ	27.6783, 19.3870, 10.6708
YIQ	120.1240, 64.7810, 20.9170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

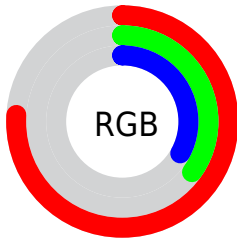
Format	Color
RYB	195, 89, 84
Decimal	12802388
CIELab	51.14, 42.03, 23.54
CIElCh	51, 48.175, 29.256
Yxy	19.3870, 0.4794, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290992468 (0xFFC35954)
YUV	120.1240, -17.8091, 65.6663
Hunter-Lab	44.0306, 35.1541, 16.4526

Details

The RGB color **195, 89, 84** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **84, 190, 195**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 142, 134**, and **136, 37, 39** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 70, 65**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 108, 104**.

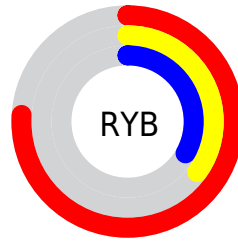
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (35%)

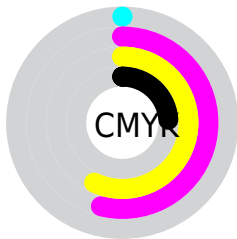
Blue (33%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (33%)

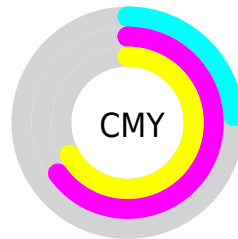


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (57%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 195, 89, 84 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 195, 89, 84 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



195, 89, 84



195, 89, 84

255, 255, 255



165, 63, 61



255, 142, 134



136, 37, 39



255, 169, 160



107, 4, 19



255, 197, 187



80, 0, 0



255, 226, 215



54, 0, 1



255, 255, 243



10, 0, 0



0, 0, 0



195, 89, 84



195, 89, 84



195, 70, 65



195, 108, 104

 195, 52, 45

 195, 126, 123

 195, 33, 25

 195, 145, 143

 195, 15, 6

 195, 163, 162

 195, 9, 0

 195, 182, 182

 195, 201, 201

 195, 219, 220

 195, 238, 240

 195, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 84, 125



195, 89, 84



177, 104, 51

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 89, 84



45, 138, 78



0, 127, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 89, 84



84, 190, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 192



195, 89, 84



0, 142, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 89, 84



104, 131, 45



0, 141, 161



121, 111, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 89, 84



156, 114, 36



0, 141, 161



0, 131, 202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 89, 84



252, 211, 210



195, 84, 191



128, 103, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 89, 84



252, 89, 81



195, 143, 84



97, 88, 87



161, 7, 0



33, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 190, 195



81, 245, 252



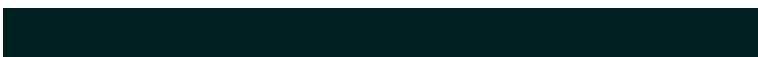
84, 136, 195



87, 96, 97



0, 153, 161



0, 32, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 195, 89, 84 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

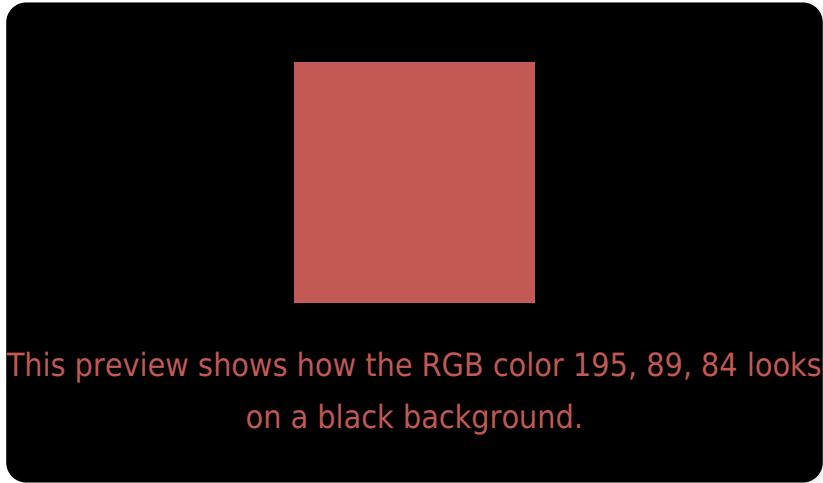
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 195, 89, 84 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 89, 84.

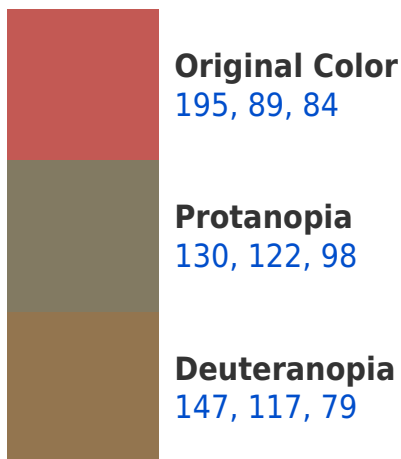



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 195, 89, 84.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 88, 93

Trichromacy



Original Color

195, 89, 84

Protanomaly

154, 110, 93

Deuteranomaly

164, 107, 81

Tritanomaly

196, 88, 90

Monochromacy



Original Color

195, 89, 84

Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120

Achromatomaly

147, 109, 107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 195, 89, 84 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 89, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 89, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 89, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 89, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 195, 89, 84 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 89, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 89, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 89, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 89, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 89, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 89,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 89, 84 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 89, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195, 89,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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