

# Converting Colors

RGB(196, 126, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(196, 126, 106) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(196, 126, 106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C47E6A
RGB	196, 126, 106
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 42%
CMY	0.2314, 0.5059, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.46, 0.23
HSL	13°, 43%, 59%
HSV	13°, 46%, 77%
XYZ	32.8273, 27.6981, 17.2517
YIQ	144.6500, 48.1400, 8.6200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

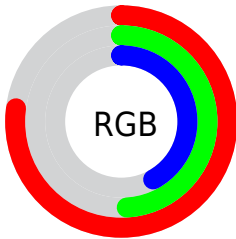
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 132, 106
Decimal	12877418
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.61, 24.88, 22.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 33.310, 41.673
Yxy	27.6981, 0.4221, 0.3561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291067498 (0xFFC47E6A)
YUV	144.6500, -19.0544, 45.0340
Hunter-Lab	52.6290, 19.2387, 17.4050

# Details

The RGB color **196, 126, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 176, 196**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 179, 157**, and **139, 76, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 111, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 141, 126**.

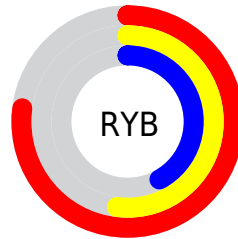
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (49%)

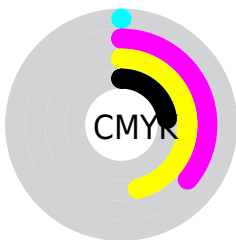
Blue (42%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (42%)

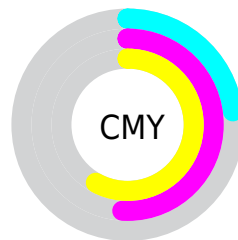


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 196, 126, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 196, 126, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 196, 126, 106

255, 255, 255

 255, 179, 157

 255, 207, 184


 255, 235, 212

 255, 255, 240

 196, 126, 106

 167, 101, 82

 139, 76, 59

 112, 53, 37

 85, 30, 16

 60, 6, 0


 37, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 196, 126, 106

 196, 111, 86

 196, 126, 106

 196, 141, 126

196, 96, 67

196, 156, 145

196, 80, 47

196, 172, 165

196, 65, 28

196, 187, 184

196, 50, 8

196, 202, 204

196, 44, 0

196, 217, 224

196, 233, 243

196, 248, 255

196, 255, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 121, 133



196, 126, 106



178, 136, 88

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 126, 106



82, 158, 124



120, 143, 201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 126, 106



106, 176, 196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69, 152, 199



196, 126, 106



40, 159, 154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 126, 106



119, 153, 99



17, 157, 182



162, 132, 187

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 126, 106



161, 142, 84



17, 157, 182



104, 146, 202

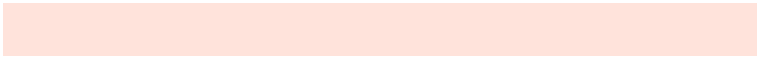


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 126, 106



255, 227, 219



196, 106, 177



128, 111, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 126, 106



255, 146, 115



196, 171, 106



97, 89, 87



161, 36, 0



33, 7, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 176, 196



115, 224, 255



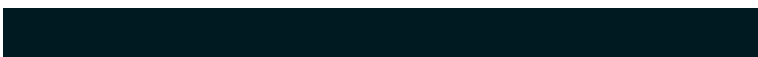
106, 132, 196



87, 95, 97



0, 125, 161



0, 26, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 126, 106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

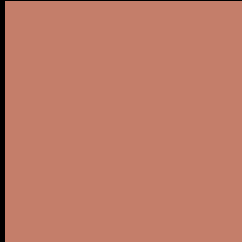
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 126, 106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 196, 126, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 126, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 126, 106.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
196, 126, 106

**Protanopia**  
153, 144, 114

**Deuteranopia**  
171, 138, 104



**Tritanopia**  
198, 122, 132

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

196, 126, 106

**Protanomaly**

169, 137, 111

**Deuteranomaly**

180, 134, 105

**Tritanomaly**

197, 123, 123

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

196, 126, 106

**Achromatopsia**

145, 145, 145

**Achromatomaly**

164, 138, 131

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 196, 126, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 126, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 126, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 126, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 126, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 196, 126, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 126, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 126, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 126, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 126, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 126, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 126,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 126, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 126, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
126, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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