

Converting Colors

RGB(196, 160, 180)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(196, 160, 180) contains.

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Color

RGB(196, 160, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4A0B4
RGB	196, 160, 180
RGB Percent	77%, 63%, 71%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3725, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.08, 0.23
HSL	327°, 23%, 70%
HSV	327°, 18%, 77%
XYZ	43.5740, 40.1727, 48.6375
YIQ	173.0440, 15.0360, 13.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

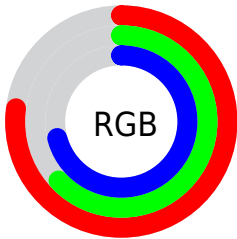
Format	Color
RYB	196, 160, 180
Decimal	12886196
CIELab	69.59, 16.60, -5.31
CIElCh	70, 17.434, 342.258
Yxy	40.1727, 0.3291, 0.3035
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291076276 (0xFFC4A0B4)
YUV	173.0440, 3.4293, 20.1324
Hunter-Lab	63.3819, 11.7974, -1.1302

Details

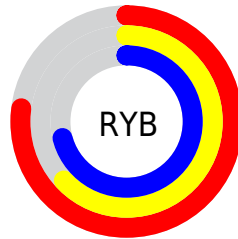
The RGB color **196, 160, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **160, 196, 176**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 215, 236**, and **142, 108, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 140, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 180, 189**.

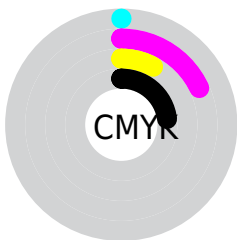
Distribution



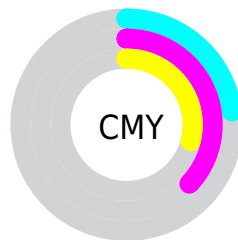
- Red (77%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 196, 160, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 196, 160, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 196, 160, 180


255, 255, 255

 253, 215, 236


 255, 243, 255

 196, 160, 180


 169, 134, 153

 142, 108, 127

 116, 84, 102

 91, 60, 78

 67, 38, 55

 44, 17, 34

 26, 0, 12


 0, 0, 0

 196, 160, 180

 196, 160, 180

 196, 140, 171

 196, 180, 189

 196, 121, 163


 196, 199, 197

 196, 101, 154

 196, 219, 206

 196, 82, 145

 196, 238, 215

 196, 62, 136

 196, 255, 224

 196, 42, 128

 196, 255, 232

 196, 23, 119

 196, 255, 241

 196, 3, 110

 196, 255, 250

 196, 0, 109

 196, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 164, 193



196, 160, 180



203, 159, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 160, 180



176, 171, 139



129, 178, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 160, 180



160, 196, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129, 179, 176



196, 160, 180



158, 176, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 160, 180



191, 166, 140



141, 178, 160



141, 174, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 160, 180



203, 160, 154



141, 178, 160



128, 179, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 160, 180



255, 240, 248



176, 160, 196



128, 119, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 160, 180



255, 199, 230



196, 160, 162



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 89



33, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 160, 180



255, 199, 230



160, 196, 194



97, 87, 93



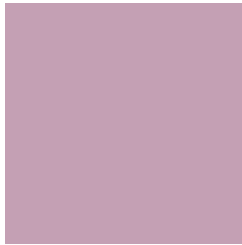
161, 0, 89



33, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 160, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

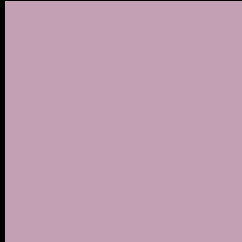
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 160, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

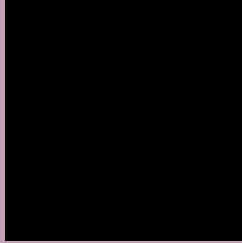
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 196, 160, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 160, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 160, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 160, 180

Protanopia
169, 169, 186

Deuteranopia
183, 165, 179



Tritanopia
195, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color
196, 160, 180

Protanomaly
179, 166, 184

Deuteranomaly
188, 163, 179

Tritanomaly
195, 161, 176

Monochromacy



Original Color
196, 160, 180

Achromatopsia
173, 173, 173

Achromatomaly
181, 168, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 196, 160, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 160, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 160, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 160, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 160, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 196, 160, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 160, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 160, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 160, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 160, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 160, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 160,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 160, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 160, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
160, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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