

Converting Colors

RGB(196, 165, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(196, 165, 201) contains.

RGB(196, 165, 201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(196, 165, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4A5C9
RGB	196, 165, 201
RGB Percent	77%, 65%, 79%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3529, 0.2118
CMYK	0.02, 0.18, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	292°, 25%, 72%
HSV	292°, 18%, 79%
XYZ	46.7627, 42.8631, 61.0671
YIQ	178.3730, 6.9200, 17.7680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

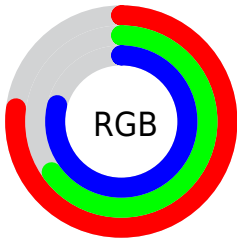
Format	Color
RYB	196, 165, 201
Decimal	12887497
CIELab	71.46, 17.73, -14.14
CIELCh	71, 22.677, 321.430
Yxy	42.8631, 0.3103, 0.2844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291077577 (0xFFC4A5C9)
YUV	178.3730, 11.1551, 15.4589
Hunter-Lab	65.4699, 12.9236, -9.4738

Details

The RGB color **196, 165, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **170, 201, 165**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 220, 255**, and **142, 113, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 145, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 185, 201**.

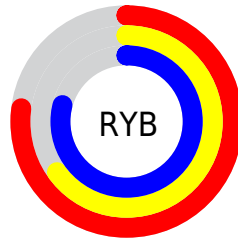
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (65%)

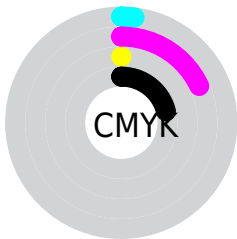
Blue (79%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (79%)

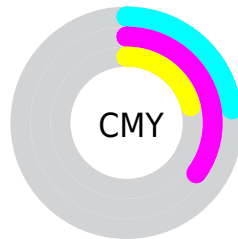


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 196, 165, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 196, 165, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 196, 165, 201

255, 255, 255

■ 253, 220, 255

■ 255, 249, 255

■ 196, 165, 201

■ 169, 139, 174

■ 142, 113, 147

■ 116, 88, 121

■ 91, 65, 96

■ 67, 42, 73

■ 45, 21, 50

■ 27, 0, 29


■ 0, 0, 0

■ 196, 165, 201

■ 196, 165, 201

 193, 145, 201

 199, 185, 201

 190, 125, 201

 202, 205, 201

 188, 105, 201

 204, 225, 201

 185, 85, 201

 207, 245, 201

 182, 65, 201

 210, 255, 201

 179, 44, 201

 213, 255, 201

 176, 24, 201

 216, 255, 201

 174, 4, 201

 218, 255, 201

 173, 0, 201

 221, 255, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 172, 213



196, 165, 201



213, 161, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 165, 201



196, 172, 134



117, 187, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 165, 201



170, 201, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 186, 168



196, 165, 201



175, 178, 136

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 165, 201



212, 165, 144



151, 184, 149



122, 184, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 165, 201



217, 160, 168



151, 184, 149



120, 187, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 165, 201



253, 242, 255



165, 170, 201



126, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 165, 201



248, 201, 255



201, 165, 188



98, 90, 99



141, 0, 163



31, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 165, 170



255, 201, 209



165, 201, 178



99, 90, 91



163, 0, 23



36, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 165, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

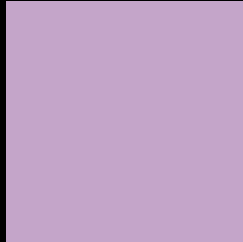
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 165, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

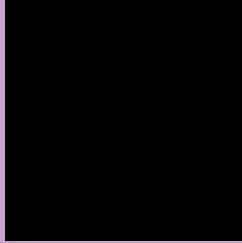
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 196, 165, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 165, 201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 165, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 165, 201

Protanopia
169, 174, 207

Deuteranopia
181, 171, 200



Tritanopia
193, 168, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color
196, 165, 201

Protanomaly
179, 171, 205

Deuteranomaly
186, 169, 200

Tritanomaly
194, 167, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color
196, 165, 201

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
185, 173, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 196, 165, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 165, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 165, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 165, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 165, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 196, 165, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 165, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 165, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 165, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 165, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 165, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 165,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 165, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 165, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
165, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor