

# Converting Colors

RGB(196, 169, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(196, 169, 216) contains.

<b>RGB(196, 169, 216)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(196, 169, 216)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4A9D8
RGB	196, 169, 216
RGB Percent	77%, 66%, 85%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3373, 0.1529
CMYK	0.09, 0.22, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	274°, 38%, 75%
HSV	274°, 22%, 85%
XYZ	49.3476, 45.0696, 71.0641
YIQ	182.4310, 1.0050, 20.3410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

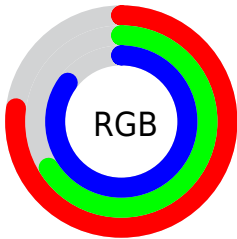
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 169, 216
Decimal	12888536
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.94, 18.51, -20.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 27.358, 312.583
Yxy	45.0696, 0.2982, 0.2724
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291078616 (0xFFC4A9D8)
YUV	182.4310, 16.5495, 11.9000
Hunter-Lab	67.1339, 13.7244, -15.7674

# Details

The RGB color **196, 169, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **189, 216, 169**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 224, 255**, and **142, 117, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 147, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 191, 216**.

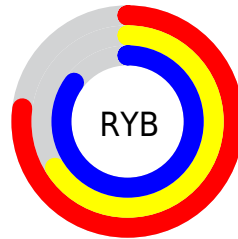
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (66%)

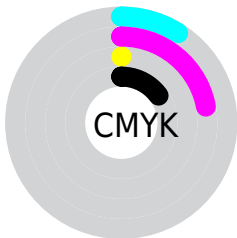
Blue (85%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (85%)

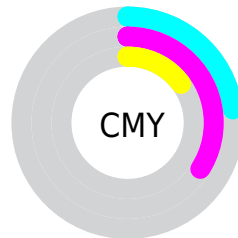


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 196, 169, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 196, 169, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 196, 169, 216


255, 255, 255

 253, 224, 255


 255, 253, 255

 196, 169, 216

 169, 142, 188

 142, 117, 161

 116, 92, 135

 91, 68, 109

 67, 46, 85

 44, 24, 62


 25, 0, 40

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

 196, 169, 216

 196, 169, 216

 187, 147, 216

 205, 191, 216

 178, 126, 216


 214, 212, 216

 168, 104, 216


 224, 234, 216

 159, 83, 216

 233, 255, 216

 150, 61, 216

 242, 255, 216

 141, 39, 216

 251, 255, 216

 132, 18, 216

 255, 255, 216

 124, 0, 216

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 178, 228



196, 169, 216



220, 162, 195

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 169, 216



210, 172, 132



108, 193, 189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 169, 216



189, 216, 169

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 192, 163



196, 169, 216



186, 181, 130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 169, 216



226, 165, 146



158, 188, 142



106, 191, 212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 169, 216



228, 161, 178



158, 188, 142



114, 193, 180



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 169, 216



247, 237, 255



169, 189, 216



123, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 169, 216



227, 189, 255



216, 169, 213



103, 96, 107



98, 0, 171



25, 0, 43



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 169, 189



255, 189, 217



169, 216, 172



107, 96, 101



171, 0, 73

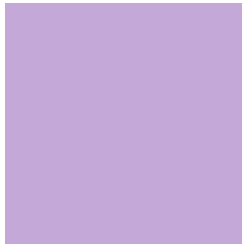


43, 0, 18



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 169, 216 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

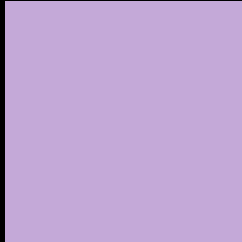
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 169, 216 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

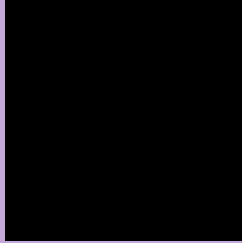
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 196, 169, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 169, 216.

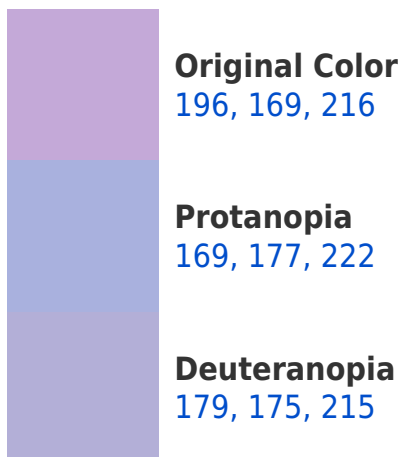


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 169, 216.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
192, 174, 188

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
196, 169, 216

**Protanomaly**  
179, 174, 220

**Deuteranomaly**  
185, 173, 215

**Tritanomaly**  
193, 172, 198

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
196, 169, 216

**Achromatopsia**  
182, 182, 182

**Achromatomaly**  
187, 177, 194

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 196, 169, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 169, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 169, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 169, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 169, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 196, 169, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 169, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 169, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 169, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 169, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 169, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 169,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 169, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 169, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
169, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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