

Converting Colors

RGB(196, 222, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(196, 222, 253) contains.

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Color

RGB(196, 222, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4DEFD
RGB	196, 222, 253
RGB Percent	77%, 87%, 99%
CMY	0.2314, 0.1294, 0.0078
CMYK	0.23, 0.12, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	213°, 93%, 88%
HSV	213°, 23%, 99%
XYZ	66.6158, 71.0702, 103.1354
YIQ	217.7600, -25.4470, 4.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

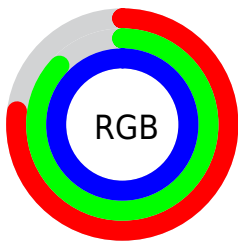
Format	Color
RYB	196, 214, 253
Decimal	12902141
CIELab	87.52, -2.07, -17.94
CIELCh	88, 18.055, 263.427
Yxy	71.0702, 0.2766, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291092221 (0xFFC4DEFD)
YUV	217.7600, 17.3733, -19.0835
Hunter-Lab	84.3031, -6.4808, -13.5225

Details

The RGB color **196, 222, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **253, 227, 196**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 255, 255**, and **141, 167, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 208, 253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 236, 253**.

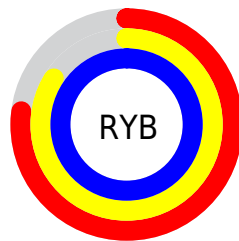
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (87%)

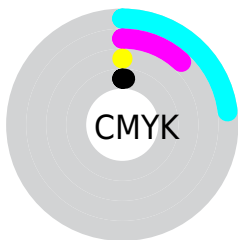
Blue (99%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (99%)

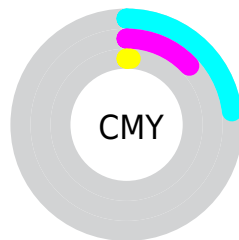


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 196, 222, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 196, 222, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 196, 222, 253

255, 255, 255

253, 255, 255

■ 196, 222, 253

■ 168, 194, 224

■ 141, 167, 196

■ 115, 141, 169

■ 90, 115, 143

■ 65, 91, 117

■ 40, 67, 92

■ 15, 45, 69

■ 0, 25, 46

■ 0, 1, 26

■ 196, 222, 253

■ 196, 222, 253

■ 171, 208, 253

■ 221, 236, 253

■ 145, 194, 253

■ 247, 250, 253

■ 120, 181, 253

255, 255, 253

■ 95, 167, 253

■ 70, 153, 253

■ 44, 139, 253

■ 19, 126, 253

■ 0, 115, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180, 227, 246



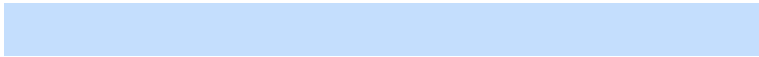
196, 222, 253



218, 216, 251

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 222, 253



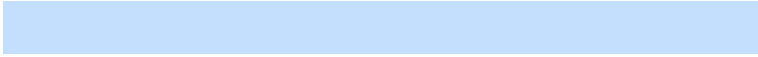
255, 208, 206



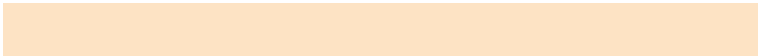
199, 227, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 222, 253



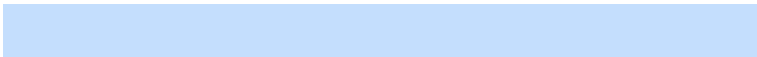
253, 227, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218, 222, 188



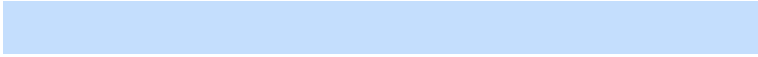
196, 222, 253



250, 212, 192

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 222, 253



252, 208, 224



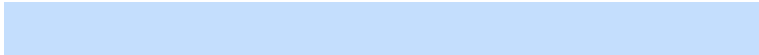
237, 217, 186



182, 229, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 222, 253



232, 213, 244



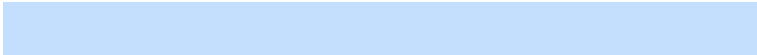
237, 217, 186



205, 226, 194

Sweetspot

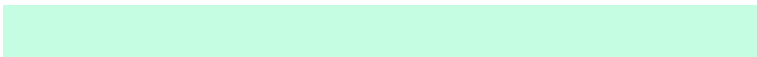
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 222, 253



237, 245, 255



196, 253, 226



117, 122, 128



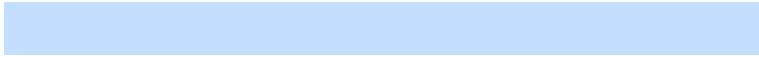
0, 0, 0



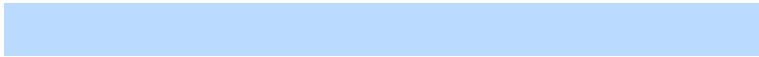
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 222, 253



186, 218, 255



198, 196, 253



115, 121, 128



0, 87, 191



0, 29, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 196, 222



255, 186, 218



251, 253, 196



128, 115, 121



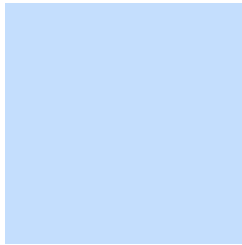
191, 0, 87



64, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 222, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

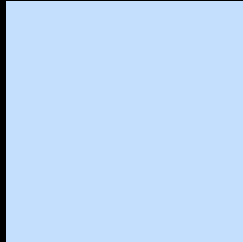
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 196, 222, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

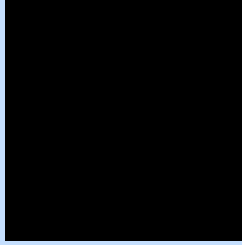
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

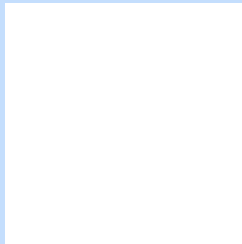
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 196, 222, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 222, 253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 196, 222, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 222, 253

Protanopia
214, 217, 250

Deuteranopia
223, 214, 255



Tritanopia
194, 224, 242

Trichromacy



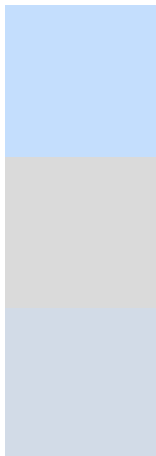
Original Color
196, 222, 253

Protanomaly
207, 219, 251

Deuteranomaly
213, 217, 254

Tritanomaly
195, 223, 246

Monochromacy



Original Color
196, 222, 253

Achromatopsia
218, 218, 218

Achromatomaly
210, 219, 231

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 196, 222, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 222, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 222, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 222, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 222, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 196, 222, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 222, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 222, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 222, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 222, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 222, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 222,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 222, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 222, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
222, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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