

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 115, 165)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 115, 165) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 115, 165)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C573A5
RGB	197, 115, 165
RGB Percent	77%, 45%, 65%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5490, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.16, 0.23
HSL	323°, 41%, 61%
HSV	323°, 42%, 77%
XYZ	35.9482, 26.8484, 38.8849
YIQ	145.2180, 32.8220, 32.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

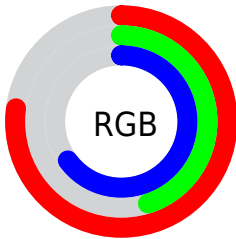
Format	Color
R _Y B	197, 115, 165
Decimal	12940197
CIE Lab	58.83, 39.03, -12.87
CIE LCh	59, 41.099, 341.747
Yxy	26.8484, 0.3535, 0.2640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291130277 (0xFFC573A5)
YUV	145.2180, 9.7525, 45.4128
Hunter-Lab	51.8154, 33.1617, -8.2234

Details

The RGB color **197, 115, 165** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **115, 197, 147**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 169, 220**, and **141, 64, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 95, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 135, 173**.

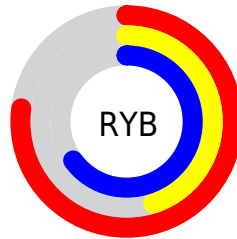
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (45%)

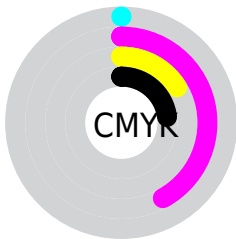
Blue (65%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (65%)

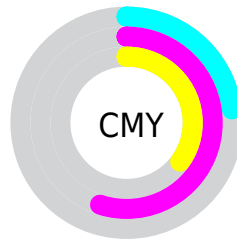


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 115, 165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 115, 165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 115, 165


255, 255, 255

 255, 169, 220

 255, 196, 249

 255, 225, 255


255, 254, 255


 197, 115, 165

 197, 95, 157

 197, 115, 165

 169, 89, 139

 141, 64, 113


 115, 39, 89


 89, 10, 65

 63, 0, 43

 42, 0, 23

 0, 0, 0

 197, 115, 165

 197, 135, 173

197, 76, 150

197, 154, 180

197, 56, 142

197, 174, 188

197, 36, 134

197, 194, 196

197, 16, 127

197, 214, 203

197, 0, 120

197, 233, 211

197, 253, 219

197, 255, 227

197, 255, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 127, 196



197, 115, 165



210, 112, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 115, 165



150, 144, 69



0, 158, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 115, 165



115, 197, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 160, 155



197, 115, 165



110, 153, 86

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 115, 165



182, 132, 73



58, 159, 118



0, 151, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 115, 165



208, 116, 106



58, 159, 118



0, 159, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 115, 165



255, 224, 243



146, 115, 197



128, 110, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 115, 165



255, 128, 205



197, 115, 125



99, 90, 96



163, 0, 100



36, 0, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 115, 165



255, 128, 205



115, 197, 187



99, 90, 96



163, 0, 100



36, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 115, 165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

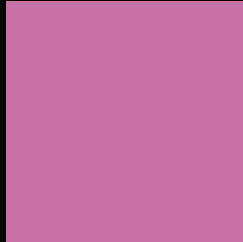
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 115, 165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

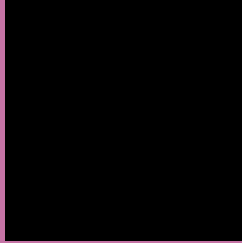
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 115, 165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 115, 165.

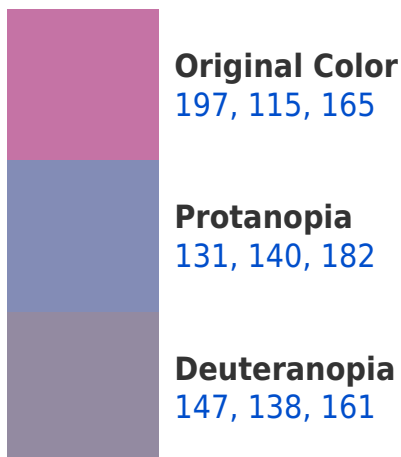


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 115, 165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

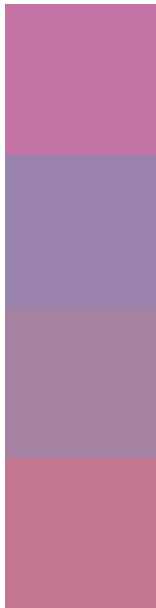
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
193, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color
197, 115, 165

Protanomaly
155, 131, 176

Deuteranomaly
165, 130, 162

Tritanomaly
194, 119, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color
197, 115, 165

Achromatopsia
145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly
164, 134, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 115, 165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 115, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 115, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 115, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 115, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 115, 165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

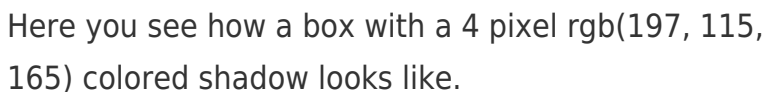
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 115, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 115, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 115, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 115, 165); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 115, 165); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 115, 165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 115, 165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 115, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
115, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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