

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 129, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 129, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 129, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5816C
RGB	197, 129, 108
RGB Percent	77%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.2275, 0.4941, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.45, 0.23
HSL	14°, 43%, 60%
HSV	14°, 45%, 77%
XYZ	33.5830, 28.6535, 17.9480
YIQ	146.9380, 47.2690, 7.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

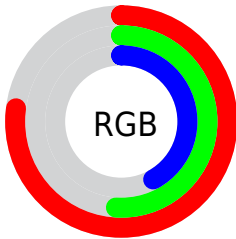
Format	Color
RYB	197, 135, 108
Decimal	12943724
CIELab	60.47, 23.85, 22.19
CIELCh	60, 32.576, 42.942
Yxy	28.6535, 0.4188, 0.3573
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291133804 (0xFFC5816C)
YUV	146.9380, -19.1964, 43.9044
Hunter-Lab	53.5290, 18.3115, 17.5906

Details

The RGB color **197, 129, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **108, 176, 197**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 182, 160**, and **140, 79, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 114, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 144, 128**.

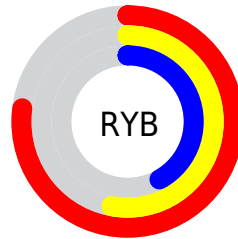
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (51%)

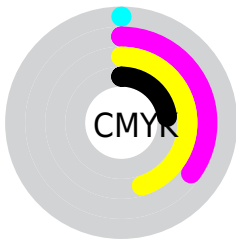
Blue (42%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (42%)

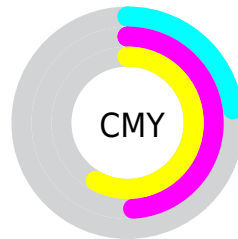


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 129, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 129, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 129, 108

255, 255, 255

 255, 182, 160

 255, 210, 187

 255, 239, 214

 255, 255, 243

 197, 129, 108

 168, 104, 84

 140, 79, 60


 113, 55, 38

 86, 33, 18


 61, 10, 0


 38, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 197, 129, 108

 197, 114, 88

 197, 129, 108

 197, 144, 128

197, 99, 69

197, 159, 147

197, 84, 49

197, 174, 167

197, 69, 29

197, 189, 187

197, 54, 9

197, 204, 207

197, 46, 0

197, 219, 226

197, 234, 246

197, 249, 255

197, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 124, 134



197, 129, 108



179, 138, 91

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 129, 108



85, 160, 128



125, 144, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 129, 108



108, 176, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 153, 200



197, 129, 108



47, 161, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 129, 108



121, 156, 103



34, 159, 184



165, 134, 188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 129, 108



162, 145, 88



34, 159, 184



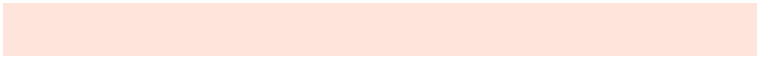
109, 148, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 129, 108



255, 228, 219



197, 108, 176



128, 111, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 129, 108



255, 150, 117



197, 173, 108



99, 92, 90



163, 39, 0



36, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 176, 197



117, 223, 255



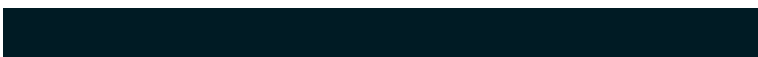
108, 132, 197



90, 97, 99



0, 125, 163



0, 27, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 129, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

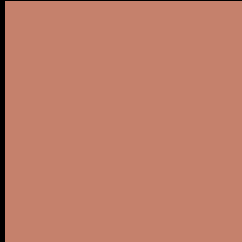
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 129, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 129, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 129, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 129, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
197, 129, 108

Protanopia
156, 146, 116

Deuteranopia
173, 140, 106



Tritanopia
199, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

197, 129, 108

Protanomaly

171, 140, 113

Deuteranomaly

182, 136, 107

Tritanomaly

198, 126, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

197, 129, 108

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

165, 140, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 129, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 129, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 129, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 129, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 129, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 129, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 129, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 129, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 129, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 129, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 129, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 129,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 129, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 129, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
129, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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