

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 131, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 131, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 131, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C58391
RGB	197, 131, 145
RGB Percent	77%, 51%, 57%
CMY	0.2275, 0.4863, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.26, 0.23
HSL	347°, 36%, 64%
HSV	347°, 34%, 77%
XYZ	36.2531, 30.1472, 30.6963
YIQ	152.3300, 34.8420, 18.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

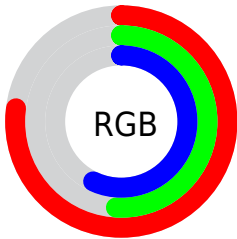
Format	Color
RYB	197, 131, 145
Decimal	12944273
CIELab	61.78, 27.35, 2.96
CIElCh	62, 27.506, 6.187
Yxy	30.1472, 0.3734, 0.3105
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291134353 (0xFFC58391)
YUV	152.3300, -3.6137, 39.1756
Hunter-Lab	54.9065, 21.7717, 5.2876

Details

The RGB color **197, 131, 145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 197, 183**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 185, 199**, and **142, 81, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 111, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 151, 161**.

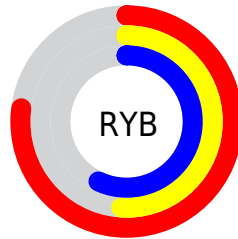
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (51%)

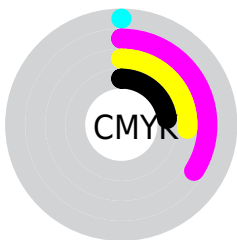
Blue (57%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (57%)

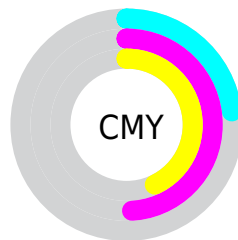


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 131, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 131, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 131, 145

255, 255, 255

 255, 185, 199

 255, 213, 227

 255, 241, 255

 197, 131, 145

 169, 105, 119

 142, 81, 95

 115, 57, 71

 89, 33, 49

 64, 9, 28

 43, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 197, 131, 145

 197, 111, 129

 197, 131, 145

 197, 151, 161

 197, 92, 114

 197, 170, 176

 197, 72, 98

 197, 190, 192

 197, 52, 83

 197, 210, 207

 197, 32, 67

 197, 230, 223

 197, 13, 52

 197, 249, 238

 197, 0, 42

 197, 255, 254

 197, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 134, 169



197, 131, 145



196, 134, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 131, 145



135, 156, 109



90, 157, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 131, 145



131, 197, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70, 161, 177



197, 131, 145



106, 161, 129

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 131, 145



161, 149, 101



80, 163, 154



125, 150, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 131, 145



188, 138, 110



80, 163, 154



81, 159, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 131, 145



255, 230, 235



183, 131, 197



128, 112, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 131, 145



255, 153, 175



197, 150, 131



99, 90, 92



163, 0, 35



36, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 131, 145



255, 153, 175



131, 178, 197



99, 90, 92



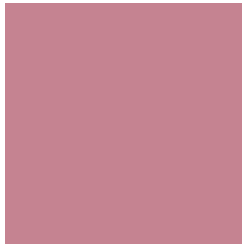
163, 0, 35



36, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 131, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

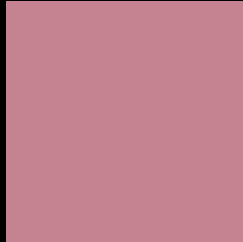
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 131, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

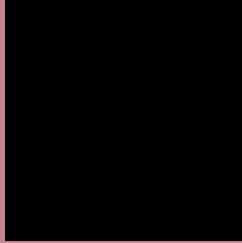
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 131, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 131, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 131, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
197, 131, 145

Protanopia
151, 149, 155

Deuteranopia
167, 145, 143



Tritanopia
197, 132, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color
197, 131, 145

Protanomaly
168, 142, 151

Deuteranomaly
178, 140, 144

Tritanomaly
197, 132, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color
197, 131, 145

Achromatopsia
152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly
168, 144, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 131, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 131, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 131, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 131, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 131, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 131, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

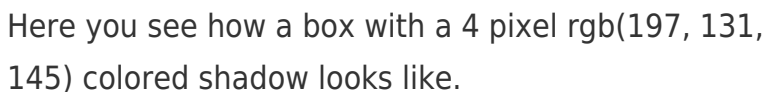
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 131, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 131, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 131, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 131, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 131, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 131,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 131, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 131, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
131, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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