

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 180, 133)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 180, 133) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 180, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5B485
RGB	197, 180, 133
RGB Percent	77%, 71%, 52%
CMY	0.2275, 0.2941, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.32, 0.23
HSL	44°, 36%, 65%
HSV	44°, 32%, 77%
XYZ	43.5809, 46.2063, 28.8120
YIQ	179.7250, 25.2190, -11.0130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

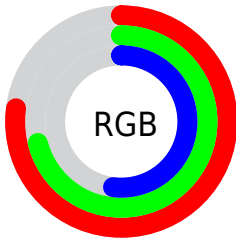
Format	Color
RYB	156, 197, 133
Decimal	12956805
CIELab	73.68, -0.99, 26.22
CIElCh	74, 26.237, 92.164
Yxy	46.2063, 0.3675, 0.3896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291146885 (0xFFC5B485)
YUV	179.7250, -23.0354, 15.1502
Hunter-Lab	67.9752, -4.5151, 22.4519

Details

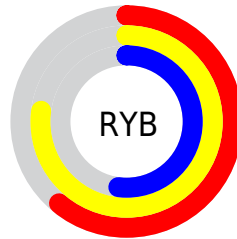
The RGB color **197, 180, 133** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **133, 150, 197**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254, 236, 186**, and **142, 127, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 175, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 185, 153**.

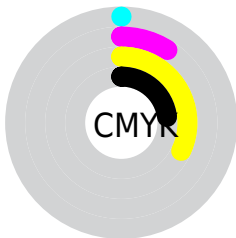
Distribution



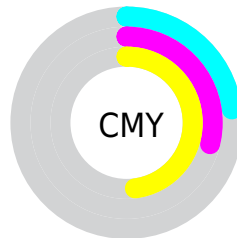
- Red (77%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 180, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 180, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 180, 133


255, 255, 255

 254, 236, 186

 255, 255, 214


 255, 255, 243

 197, 180, 133

 169, 153, 108

 142, 127, 83

 116, 102, 59


 91, 79, 37


 66, 56, 15

 43, 34, 0

 17, 13, 0

 0, 0, 0

 197, 180, 133

 197, 180, 133

■ 197, 175, 113

■ 197, 185, 153

■ 197, 170, 94

■ 197, 190, 172

■ 197, 164, 74

■ 197, 196, 192

■ 197, 159, 54

■ 197, 201, 212

■ 197, 154, 35

■ 197, 206, 232

■ 197, 149, 15

■ 197, 211, 251

■ 197, 145, 0

■ 197, 217, 255

■ 197, 222, 255

■ 197, 227, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218, 172, 139



197, 180, 133



171, 187, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 180, 133



110, 194, 206



214, 167, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 180, 133



133, 150, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 174, 222



197, 180, 133



124, 190, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 180, 133



120, 195, 182



154, 183, 229



228, 164, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 180, 133



152, 191, 151



154, 183, 229



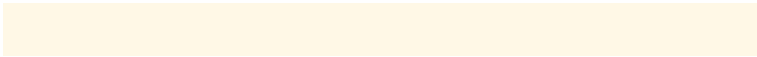
206, 169, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 180, 133



255, 248, 230



197, 133, 150



128, 123, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 180, 133



255, 229, 156



182, 197, 133



99, 97, 90



163, 120, 0



36, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 150, 197



156, 182, 255



148, 133, 197



90, 92, 99



0, 43, 163



0, 9, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 180, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 180, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

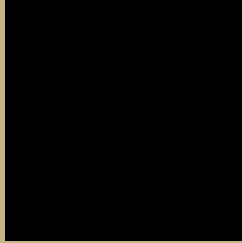
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 180, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 180, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 180, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


197, 180, 133

Protanopia

194, 181, 133

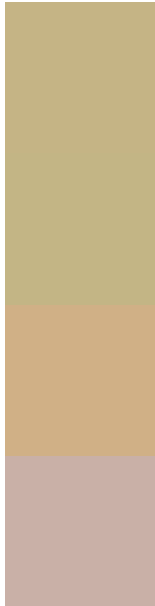
Deuteranopia

214, 174, 134



Tritanopia
203, 173, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

197, 180, 133

Protanomaly

195, 181, 133

Deuteranomaly

208, 176, 134

Tritanomaly

201, 176, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

197, 180, 133

Achromatopsia

180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly

186, 180, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 180, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 180, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 180, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 180, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 180, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 180, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

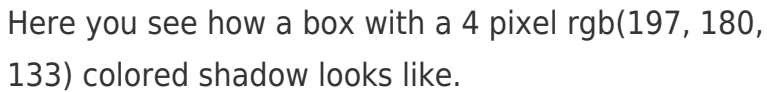
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 180, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 180, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 180, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 180, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 180, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 180,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 180, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 180, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
180, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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