

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 211, 40)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 211, 40) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 211, 40)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5D328
RGB	197, 211, 40
RGB Percent	77%, 83%, 16%
CMY	0.2275, 0.1725, 0.8431
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.81, 0.17
HSL	65°, 68%, 49%
HSV	65°, 81%, 83%
XYZ	46.7032, 58.6120, 10.8592
YIQ	187.3200, 46.5470, -56.1490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

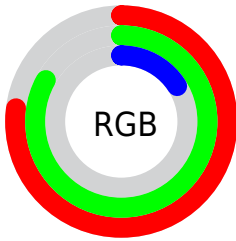
Format	Color
RYB	40, 211, 54
Decimal	12964648
CIELab	81.08, -23.89, 74.63
CIELCh	81, 78.356, 107.748
Yxy	58.6120, 0.4020, 0.5045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291154728 (0xFFC5D328)
YUV	187.3200, -72.6288, 8.4894
Hunter-Lab	76.5585, -25.0865, 45.1811

Details

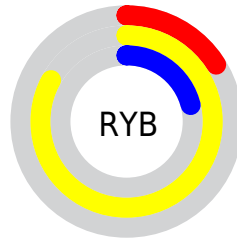
The RGB color **197, 211, 40** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **54, 40, 211**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 102**, and **139, 157, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 211, 19**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 211, 61**.

Distribution



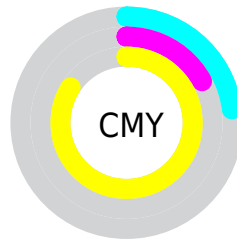
- Red (77%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (17%)





















- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 211, 40 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 211, 40 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 211, 40	 197, 211, 40
 255, 255, 255	 168, 183, 0
 255, 255, 102	 139, 157, 0
 255, 255, 131	 111, 131, 0
 255, 255, 159	 83, 106, 0
 255, 255, 188	 55, 81, 0
 255, 255, 218	 28, 58, 0
 255, 255, 247	 0, 37, 0
	 0, 7, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 197, 211, 40

■ 197, 211, 40

■ 195, 211, 19

■ 199, 211, 61

■ 194, 211, 0

■ 200, 211, 82

■ 202, 211, 103

■ 204, 211, 124

■ 206, 211, 146

■ 207, 211, 167

■ 209, 211, 188

■ 211, 211, 209

■ 213, 211, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 187, 42



197, 211, 40



108, 226, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 211, 40



0, 232, 255



255, 135, 235

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 211, 40



54, 40, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 162, 255



197, 211, 40



0, 218, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 211, 40



0, 236, 244



142, 194, 255



255, 133, 161

Rectangle

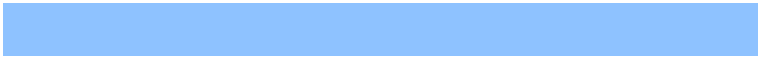
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 211, 40



0, 232, 143



142, 194, 255



255, 142, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 211, 40



250, 255, 194



211, 51, 40



124, 128, 91



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 211, 40



235, 255, 8



114, 211, 40



104, 105, 94



155, 168, 0



37, 41, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 40, 211



28, 8, 255



137, 40, 211



95, 94, 105



14, 0, 168



3, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 211, 40 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 211, 40 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 211, 40 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 211, 40.

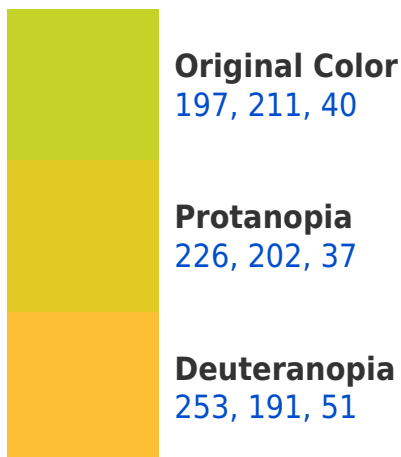



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 211, 40.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 196, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color
197, 211, 40

Protanomaly
215, 205, 38

Deuteranomaly
233, 198, 47

Tritanomaly
207, 201, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
197, 211, 40

Achromatopsia
187, 187, 187

Achromatomaly
191, 196, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 211, 40 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 211, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 211, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 211, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 211, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 211, 40 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 211, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 211, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 211, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 211, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 211, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 211,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 211, 40 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 211, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
211, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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