

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 47, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 47, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 47, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C52F86
RGB	197, 47, 134
RGB Percent	77%, 18%, 53%
CMY	0.2275, 0.8157, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.32, 0.23
HSL	325°, 61%, 48%
HSV	325°, 76%, 77%
XYZ	28.3455, 15.6246, 24.0761
YIQ	101.7680, 61.4730, 58.8570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

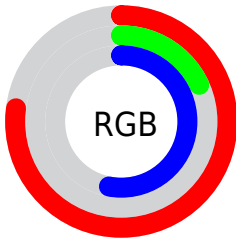
Format	Color
R_{YB}	197, 47, 134
Decimal	12922758
CIE _{Lab}	46.48, 64.75, -13.22
CIE _{LCh}	46, 66.089, 348.461
Yxy	15.6246, 0.4166, 0.2296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291112838 (0xFFC52F86)
YUV	101.7680, 15.8904, 83.5185
Hunter-Lab	39.5279, 58.8288, -8.4435

Details

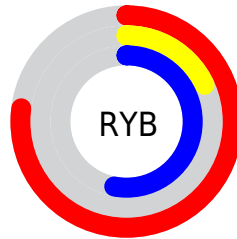
The RGB color **197, 47, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **47, 197, 110**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 108, 187**, and **138, 0, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 27, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 67, 142**.

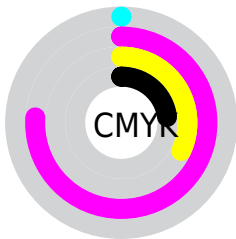
Distribution



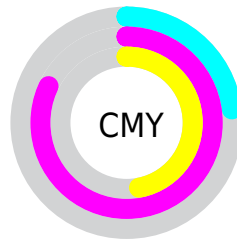
- Red (77%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 47, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 47, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 47, 134

255, 255, 255

 255, 108, 187

 255, 136, 215

 255, 165, 243

 255, 194, 255

 255, 223, 255

 255, 253, 255

 197, 47, 134

 167, 0, 109

 138, 0, 84

 110, 0, 61

 82, 0, 39

 55, 0, 18

 16, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 197, 47, 134

 197, 27, 126

 197, 47, 134

 197, 67, 142

■ 197, 8, 117

■ 197, 86, 151

■ 197, 0, 114

■ 197, 106, 159

■ 197, 126, 167

■ 197, 146, 175

■ 197, 165, 184

■ 197, 185, 192

■ 197, 205, 200

■ 197, 224, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154, 77, 185



197, 47, 134



206, 46, 79

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 47, 134



101, 118, 0



0, 132, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 47, 134



47, 197, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 134, 144



197, 47, 134



13, 128, 26

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 47, 134



151, 100, 0



0, 133, 86



0, 123, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 47, 134



197, 64, 43



0, 133, 86



0, 133, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 47, 134



255, 196, 230



110, 47, 197



128, 92, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 47, 134



255, 23, 158



197, 47, 60



99, 90, 95



163, 0, 95



36, 0, 21

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 47, 134



255, 23, 158



47, 197, 185



99, 90, 95



163, 0, 95



36, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 47, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

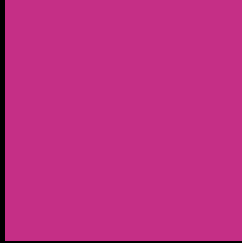
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 47, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 47, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 47, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 47, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
197, 47, 134

Protanopia
85, 109, 178

Deuteranopia
115, 108, 126



Tritanopia
192, 66, 70

Trichromacy



Original Color

197, 47, 134

Protanomaly

126, 86, 162

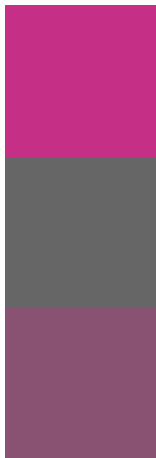
Deuteranomaly

145, 86, 129

Tritanomaly

194, 59, 93

Monochromacy



Original Color

197, 47, 134

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

137, 82, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 47, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 47, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 47, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 47, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 47, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 47, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 47, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 47, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 47, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 47, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 47, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 47,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 47, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 47, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197, 47,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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