

Converting Colors

RGB(197, 79, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(197, 79, 230) contains.

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Color

RGB(197, 79, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C54FE6
RGB	197, 79, 230
RGB Percent	77%, 31%, 90%
CMY	0.2275, 0.6902, 0.0980
CMYK	0.14, 0.66, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	287°, 75%, 61%
HSV	287°, 66%, 90%
XYZ	40.1049, 23.1755, 77.2225
YIQ	131.4960, 21.8570, 71.9770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

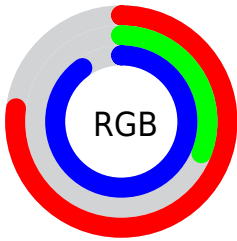
Format	Color
RYB	197, 79, 230
Decimal	12931046
CIELab	55.25, 67.90, -55.51
CIELCh	55, 87.700, 320.733
Yxy	23.1755, 0.2854, 0.1649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291121126 (0xFFC54FE6)
YUV	131.4960, 48.5625, 57.4470
Hunter-Lab	48.1409, 64.4569, -61.4080

Details

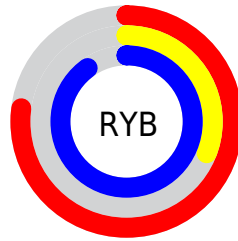
The RGB color **197, 79, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **112, 230, 79**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 136, 255**, and **139, 4, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 56, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 102, 230**.

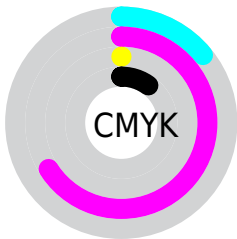
Distribution



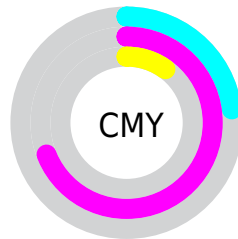
- Red (77%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 197, 79, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 197, 79, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



197, 79, 230



197, 79, 230

255, 255, 255



168, 49, 201



255, 136, 255



139, 4, 174



255, 164, 255



111, 0, 146



255, 193, 255



83, 0, 120



255, 222, 255



55, 0, 94



255, 252, 255



26, 0, 70



0, 0, 46




0, 1, 25



0, 0, 0

 197, 79, 230

 197, 79, 230


 192, 56, 230

 202, 102, 230

 187, 33, 230

 207, 125, 230

 182, 10, 230

 212, 148, 230

 180, 0, 230

 217, 171, 230

 222, 194, 230

 227, 217, 230

 232, 240, 230

 237, 255, 230

 242, 255, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30, 123, 255



197, 79, 230



252, 0, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 79, 230



180, 121, 0



0, 164, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 79, 230



112, 230, 79

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 162, 105



197, 79, 230



111, 144, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 79, 230



232, 82, 0



0, 157, 8



0, 161, 250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 79, 230



255, 0, 109



0, 157, 8



0, 164, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 79, 230



244, 204, 255



79, 114, 230



121, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 79, 230



211, 54, 255



230, 79, 190



112, 103, 115



139, 0, 179



40, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 79, 112



255, 54, 98



79, 230, 119



115, 103, 106



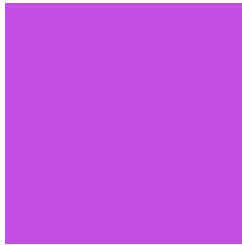
179, 0, 39



51, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 79, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

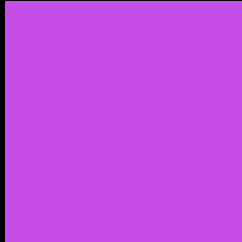
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 197, 79, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

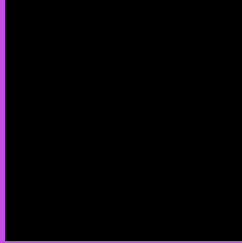
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 197, 79, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 79, 230.

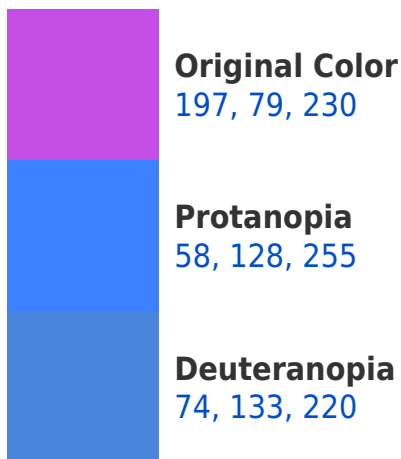



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 197, 79, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
182, 113, 121

Trichromacy



Original Color
197, 79, 230



Protanomaly
109, 110, 246



Deuteranomaly
119, 113, 224



Tritanomaly
187, 101, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
197, 79, 230



Achromatopsia
131, 131, 131



Achromatomaly
155, 112, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 197, 79, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 79, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(197, 79, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 79, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 79, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 197, 79, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 79, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 79, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 79, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 79, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 79, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 79,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 79, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 79, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197, 79,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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