

Converting Colors

RGB(198, 102, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(198, 102, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(198, 102, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C666FF
RGB	198, 102, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 40%, 100%
CMY	0.2235, 0.6000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.60, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	278°, 100%, 70%
HSV	278°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	46.0901, 28.7285, 97.7237
YIQ	148.1460, 8.1030, 67.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

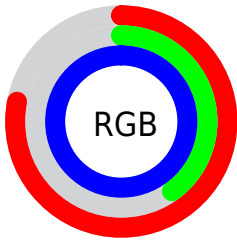
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 102, 255
Decimal	13002495
CIE _{Lab}	60.54, 62.90, -60.95
CIE _{LCh}	61, 87.588, 315.901
Yxy	28.7285, 0.2671, 0.1665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291192575 (0xFFC666FF)
YUV	148.1460, 52.6790, 43.7220
Hunter-Lab	53.5990, 59.6950, -70.5805

Details

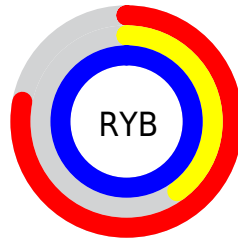
The RGB color **198, 102, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. A complement of this color would be **159, 255, 102**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 157, 255**, and **140, 46, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 77, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 128, 255**.

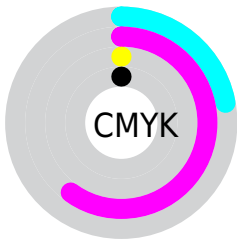
Distribution



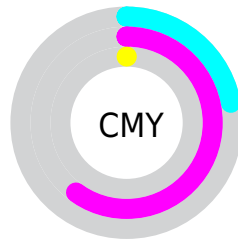
- Red (78%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 198, 102, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 198, 102, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 102, 255


255, 255, 255

 255, 157, 255

 255, 185, 255

 255, 214, 255

 255, 243, 255

 198, 102, 255

 169, 75, 226

 140, 46, 197

 112, 7, 170

 83, 0, 142

 54, 0, 116

 26, 0, 91

 0, 0, 66

 0, 3, 43

 0, 1, 21

■ 198, 102, 255

■ 198, 102, 255

■ 188, 77, 255

■ 207, 128, 255

■ 179, 51, 255

■ 217, 153, 255

■ 169, 25, 255

■ 226, 179, 255

■ 160, 0, 255

■ 236, 204, 255

■ 245, 230, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 142, 255



198, 102, 255



255, 51, 186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 102, 255



206, 129, 0



0, 179, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 102, 255



159, 255, 102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 177, 105



198, 102, 255



139, 155, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 102, 255



255, 89, 32



11, 170, 3



0, 177, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 102, 255



255, 33, 134



11, 170, 3



0, 179, 160

Sweetspot

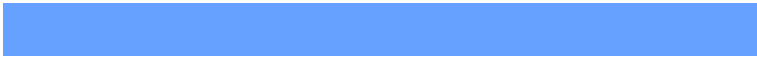
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 102, 255



238, 209, 255



102, 161, 255



117, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 102, 255



187, 71, 255



255, 102, 237



123, 115, 128



120, 0, 191



40, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 102, 159



255, 71, 140



102, 255, 120



128, 115, 120



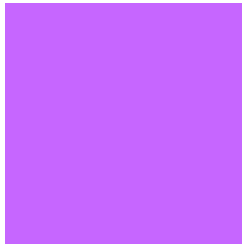
191, 0, 71



64, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 102, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

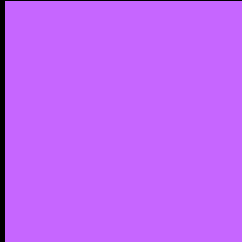
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 102, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

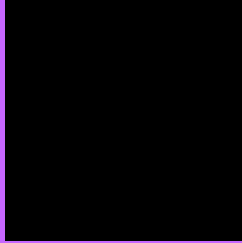
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 198, 102, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 102, 255.

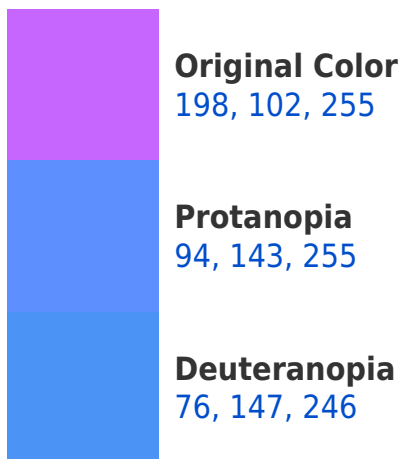


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 102, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
180, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

198, 102, 255



Protanomaly

132, 128, 255



Deuteranomaly

120, 131, 249



Tritanomaly

187, 122, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

198, 102, 255



Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148



Achromatomaly

166, 131, 187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 198, 102, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 102, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 102, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 102, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 102, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 198, 102, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

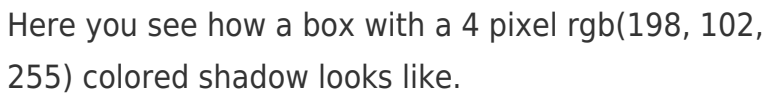
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 102, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 102, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 102, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 102, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 102, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 102, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 102, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 102, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
102, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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