

Converting Colors

RGB(198, 105, 84)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(198, 105, 84) contains.

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Color

RGB(198, 105, 84)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C66954
RGB	198, 105, 84
RGB Percent	78%, 41%, 33%
CMY	0.2235, 0.5882, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.58, 0.22
HSL	11°, 50%, 55%
HSV	11°, 58%, 78%
XYZ	29.9405, 22.7490, 11.2005
YIQ	130.4130, 62.1690, 13.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

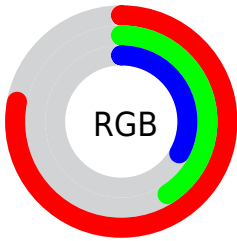
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 110, 84
Decimal	13003092
CIE Lab	54.81, 34.98, 28.38
CIE LCh	55, 45.045, 39.054
Yxy	22.7490, 0.4686, 0.3561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291193172 (0xFFC66954)
YUV	130.4130, -22.8816, 59.2738
Hunter-Lab	47.6959, 28.5832, 19.4640

Details

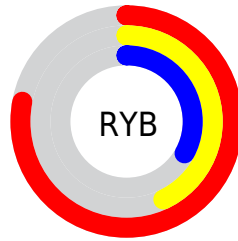
The RGB color **198, 105, 84** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **84, 177, 198**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 158, 134**, and **140, 55, 38** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 89, 64**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 121, 104**.

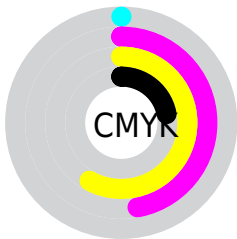
Distribution



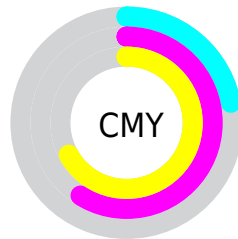
- Red (78%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 198, 105, 84 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 198, 105, 84 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 105, 84  198, 105, 84

255, 255, 255  169, 80, 61

 255, 158, 134  140, 55, 38

 255, 185, 160  111, 30, 17

 255, 213, 187  84, 1, 0

 255, 242, 215  56, 0, 0

 255, 255, 244  25, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 198, 105, 84  198, 105, 84

 198, 89, 64  198, 121, 104

■ 198, 73, 44

■ 198, 137, 124

■ 198, 57, 25

■ 198, 153, 143

■ 198, 40, 5

■ 198, 170, 163

■ 198, 36, 0

■ 198, 186, 183

■ 198, 202, 203

■ 198, 218, 223

■ 198, 234, 242

■ 198, 250, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204, 97, 121



198, 105, 84



176, 119, 57

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 105, 84



37, 149, 102



83, 131, 208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 105, 84



84, 177, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 203



198, 105, 84



0, 151, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 105, 84



100, 143, 68



0, 149, 179



149, 116, 192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 105, 84



154, 129, 50



0, 149, 179



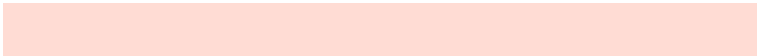
48, 136, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 105, 84



255, 220, 212



198, 84, 177



128, 107, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 105, 84



255, 111, 79



198, 162, 84



99, 91, 90



163, 30, 0



36, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 177, 198



79, 223, 255



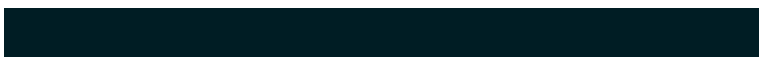
84, 120, 198



90, 98, 99



0, 133, 163



0, 29, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 105, 84 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

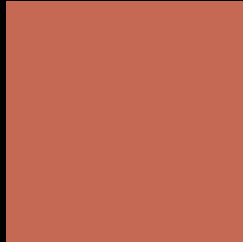
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 105, 84 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 198, 105, 84 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 105, 84.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 105, 84.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
198, 105, 84

Protanopia
142, 132, 95

Deuteranopia
160, 126, 80



Tritanopia
200, 102, 109

Trichromacy



Original Color

198, 105, 84

Protanomaly

162, 122, 91

Deuteranomaly

174, 118, 81

Tritanomaly

199, 103, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

198, 105, 84

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

155, 121, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 198, 105, 84 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 105, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 105, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 105, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 105, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 198, 105, 84 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 105, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 105, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 105, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 105, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 105, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 105,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 105, 84 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 105, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
105, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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