

Converting Colors

RGB(198, 129, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(198, 129, 172) contains.

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Color

RGB(198, 129, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C681AC
RGB	198, 129, 172
RGB Percent	78%, 51%, 67%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4941, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.13, 0.22
HSL	323°, 38%, 64%
HSV	323°, 35%, 78%
XYZ	38.5854, 30.6848, 42.9188
YIQ	154.5330, 27.3210, 28.0010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

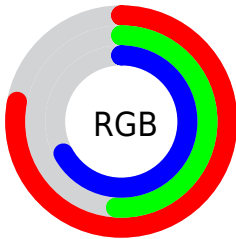
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 129, 172
Decimal	13009324
CIE Lab	62.24, 32.98, -11.74
CIE LCh	62, 35.009, 340.398
Yxy	30.6848, 0.3439, 0.2735
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291199404 (0xFFC681AC)
YUV	154.5330, 8.6112, 38.1206
Hunter-Lab	55.3939, 27.3972, -7.1618

Details

The RGB color **198, 129, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **129, 198, 155**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 183, 227**, and **143, 78, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 109, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 149, 179**.

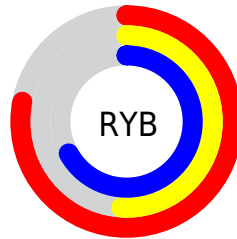
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (51%)

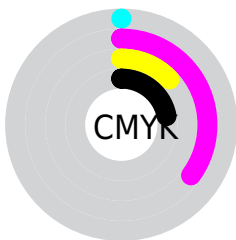
Blue (67%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (67%)

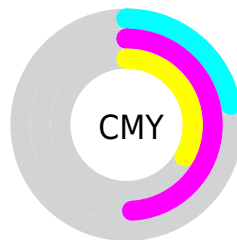


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 198, 129, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 198, 129, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 129, 172


255, 255, 255


 255, 183, 227


 255, 211, 255


 255, 239, 255

 198, 129, 172

 170, 103, 145

 143, 78, 120

 116, 54, 95

 91, 30, 71

 66, 3, 49


 44, 0, 28

 0, 0, 0

 198, 129, 172

 198, 109, 165

 198, 129, 172

 198, 149, 179

198, 89, 157

198, 169, 187

198, 70, 150

198, 188, 194

198, 50, 142

198, 208, 202

198, 30, 135

198, 228, 209

198, 10, 127

198, 248, 217

198, 0, 123

198, 255, 224

198, 255, 232

198, 255, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168, 138, 198



198, 129, 172



211, 126, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 129, 172



160, 152, 88



3, 165, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 129, 172



129, 198, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40, 167, 161



198, 129, 172



126, 160, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 129, 172



188, 142, 92



87, 165, 129



68, 159, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 129, 172



210, 129, 121



87, 165, 129



1, 166, 181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 129, 172



255, 230, 245



154, 129, 198



128, 112, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 129, 172



255, 148, 215



198, 129, 138



99, 90, 96



163, 0, 102



36, 0, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 129, 172



255, 148, 215



129, 198, 189



99, 90, 96



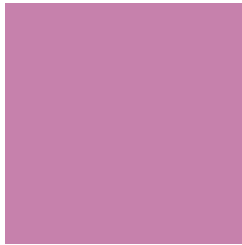
163, 0, 102



36, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 129, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

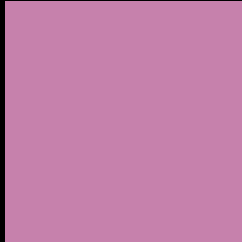
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 129, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

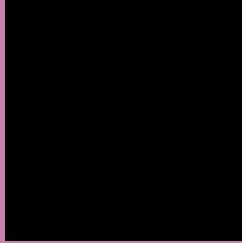
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 198, 129, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 129, 172.

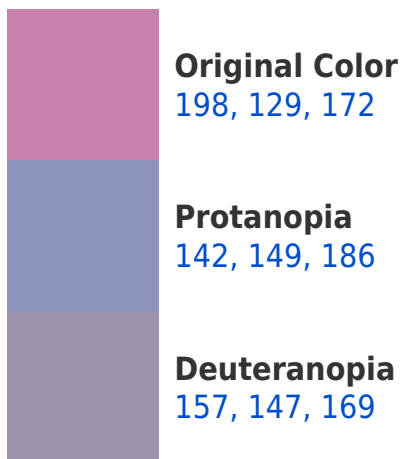


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 129, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
195, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

198, 129, 172

Protanomaly

162, 142, 181

Deuteranomaly

172, 140, 170

Tritanomaly

196, 132, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color

198, 129, 172

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

171, 146, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 198, 129, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 129, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 129, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 129, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 129, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 198, 129, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 129, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 129, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 129, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 129, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 129, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 129,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 129, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 129, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
129, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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