

# Converting Colors

RGB(198, 163, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(198, 163, 177) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(198, 163, 177)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6A3B1
RGB	198, 163, 177
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3608, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.11, 0.22
HSL	336°, 23%, 71%
HSV	336°, 18%, 78%
XYZ	44.3217, 41.3745, 47.2450
YIQ	175.0610, 16.3660, 11.7740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

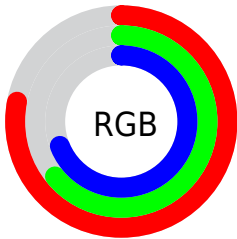
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	198, 163, 177
Decimal	13018033
CIELab	70.44, 15.15, -2.38
CIELCh	70, 15.341, 351.066
Yxy	41.3745, 0.3334, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291208113 (0xFFC6A3B1)
YUV	175.0610, 0.9559, 20.1175
Hunter-Lab	64.3230, 10.4300, 1.4778

# Details

The RGB color **198, 163, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **163, 198, 184**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 218, 233**, and **144, 111, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 143, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 183, 189**.

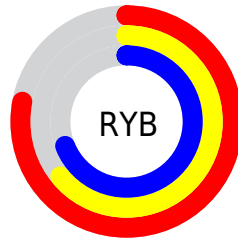
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (64%)

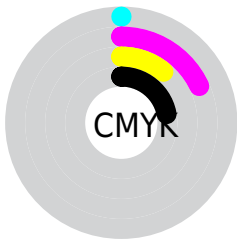
Blue (69%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (69%)

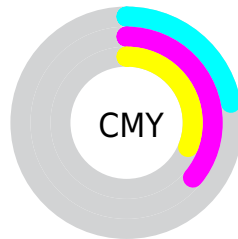


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 198, 163, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 198, 163, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 198, 163, 177


255, 255, 255

 255, 218, 233

 255, 247, 255

 198, 163, 177


 171, 137, 150

 144, 111, 124

 118, 87, 100

 93, 63, 76

 69, 41, 53

 46, 20, 32

 28, 0, 8


 0, 0, 0

 198, 163, 177

 198, 163, 177

 198, 143, 165


 198, 183, 189

 198, 123, 153


 198, 203, 201

 198, 104, 141


 198, 222, 213

 198, 84, 129

 198, 242, 225

 198, 64, 118

 198, 255, 236

 198, 44, 106

 198, 255, 248

 198, 24, 94

 198, 255, 255

 198, 5, 82

 198, 0, 79

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 166, 190



198, 163, 177



202, 163, 163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 163, 177



173, 174, 146



139, 178, 193

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 163, 177



163, 198, 184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 180, 182



198, 163, 177



157, 178, 154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 163, 177



188, 170, 145



143, 180, 167



152, 175, 199

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 163, 177



200, 164, 155



143, 180, 167



137, 179, 190



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 163, 177



255, 242, 247



184, 163, 198



128, 120, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 163, 177



255, 201, 223



198, 167, 163



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 65



36, 0, 14



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 163, 177



255, 201, 223



163, 195, 198



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 65

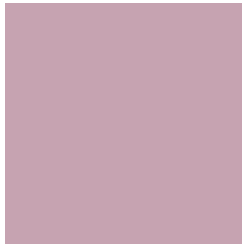


36, 0, 14



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 163, 177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

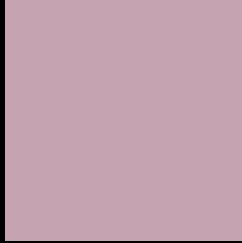
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 163, 177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

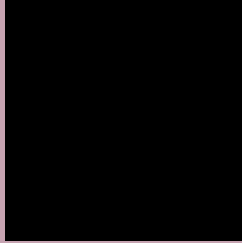
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 198, 163, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 163, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 163, 177.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
198, 163, 177

**Protanopia**  
173, 171, 182

**Deuteranopia**  
187, 167, 176



**Tritanopia**  
198, 163, 176

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
198, 163, 177

**Protanomaly**  
182, 168, 180

**Deuteranomaly**  
191, 166, 176

**Tritanomaly**  
198, 163, 176

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
198, 163, 177

**Achromatopsia**  
175, 175, 175

**Achromatomaly**  
183, 171, 176

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 198, 163, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 163, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 163, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 163, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 163, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 198, 163, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 163, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 163, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 163, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 163, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 163, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 163,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 163, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 163, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
163, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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