

Converting Colors

RGB(198, 97, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(198, 97, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(198, 97, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C661CC
RGB	198, 97, 204
RGB Percent	78%, 38%, 80%
CMY	0.2235, 0.6196, 0.2000
CMYK	0.03, 0.52, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	297°, 51%, 59%
HSV	297°, 52%, 80%
XYZ	38.4625, 24.9148, 59.9086
YIQ	139.3970, 25.8490, 54.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

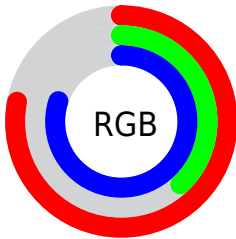
Format	Color
RYB	198, 97, 204
Decimal	13001164
CIELab	56.99, 55.21, -38.04
CIELCh	57, 67.043, 325.435
Yxy	24.9148, 0.3120, 0.2021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291191244 (0xFFC661CC)
YUV	139.3970, 31.8493, 51.3948
Hunter-Lab	49.9147, 50.1949, -36.2207

Details

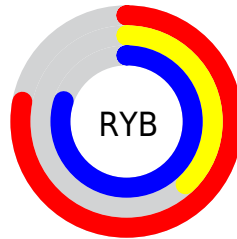
The RGB color **198, 97, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **103, 204, 97**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 152, 255**, and **142, 42, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 77, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 117, 204**.

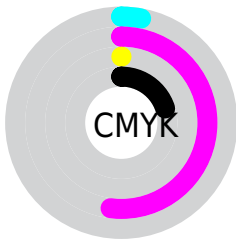
Distribution



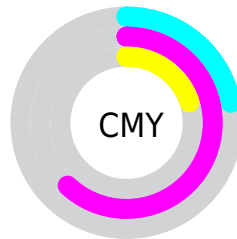
- Red (78%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 198, 97, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 198, 97, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 97, 204

255, 255, 255

 255, 152, 255

 255, 179, 255

 255, 208, 255

 255, 237, 255

 198, 97, 204

 169, 70, 176


 142, 42, 149

 114, 3, 123

 87, 0, 98

 61, 0, 73

 37, 0, 50

 0, 1, 28

 0, 0, 0

 198, 97, 204

 198, 97, 204

■ 197, 77, 204

■ 199, 117, 204

■ 196, 56, 204

■ 200, 138, 204

■ 195, 36, 204

■ 201, 158, 204

■ 193, 15, 204

■ 203, 179, 204

■ 193, 0, 204

■ 204, 199, 204

■ 205, 219, 204

■ 206, 240, 204

■ 207, 255, 204

■ 208, 255, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116, 125, 243



198, 97, 204



235, 75, 148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 97, 204



172, 131, 0



0, 163, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 97, 204



103, 204, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 163, 126



198, 97, 204



116, 148, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 97, 204



214, 107, 37



4, 158, 66



0, 159, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 97, 204



241, 76, 109



4, 158, 66



0, 164, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 97, 204



253, 214, 255



97, 104, 204



126, 103, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 97, 204



246, 94, 255



204, 97, 158



101, 92, 102



156, 0, 166



36, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 97, 103



255, 94, 103



97, 204, 143



102, 92, 92



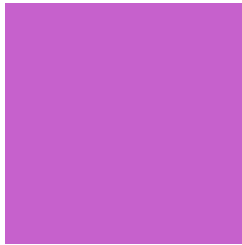
166, 0, 9



38, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 97, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

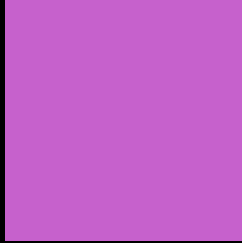
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 198, 97, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

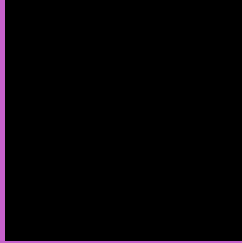
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 198, 97, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 97, 204.

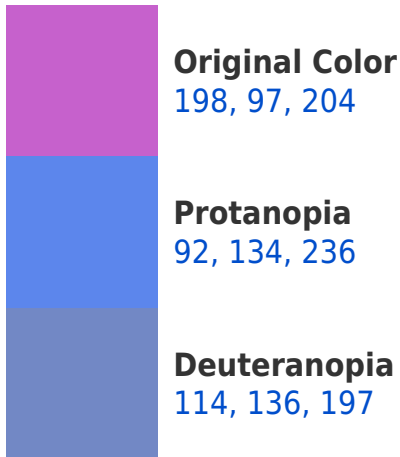


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 198, 97, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 117, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

198, 97, 204



Protanomaly

131, 121, 224



Deuteranomaly

145, 122, 200



Tritanomaly

192, 110, 154

Monochromacy



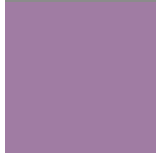
Original Color

198, 97, 204



Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139



Achromatomaly

160, 124, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 198, 97, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 97, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 97, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 97, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 97, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 198, 97, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 97, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 97, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 97, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 97, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 97, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 97,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 97, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 97, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198, 97,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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