

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 144, 168)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 144, 168) contains.

RGB(199, 144, 168)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(199, 144, 168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C790A8
RGB	199, 144, 168
RGB Percent	78%, 56%, 66%
CMY	0.2196, 0.4353, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.16, 0.22
HSL	334°, 33%, 67%
HSV	334°, 28%, 78%
XYZ	40.5943, 34.9158, 41.6457
YIQ	163.1810, 25.0760, 19.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

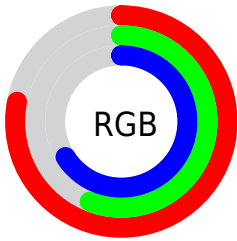
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 144, 168
Decimal	13078696
CIE Lab	65.68, 24.46, -4.34
CIE LCh	66, 24.842, 349.927
Yxy	34.9158, 0.3465, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291268776 (0xFFC790A8)
YUV	163.1810, 2.3758, 31.4133
Hunter-Lab	59.0896, 19.2221, -0.4242

Details

The RGB color **199, 144, 168** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **144, 199, 175**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 198, 223**, and **144, 93, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 124, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 164, 179**.

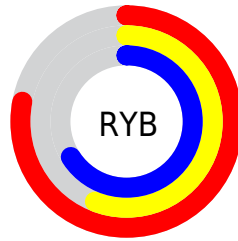
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (56%)

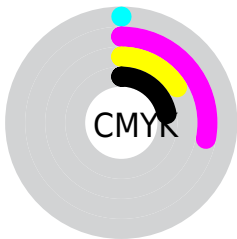
Blue (66%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (66%)

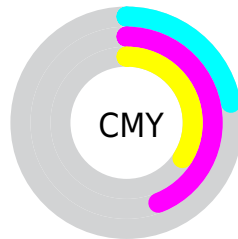


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 144, 168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 144, 168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 199, 144, 168

255, 255, 255


 255, 198, 223

 255, 226, 252

 199, 144, 168

 171, 118, 142

 144, 93, 116

 118, 69, 91

 92, 46, 68

 68, 23, 46

 45, 0, 25

 15, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 199, 144, 168

 199, 144, 168

 199, 124, 157

 199, 164, 179

 199, 104, 146

 199, 184, 190

 199, 84, 134

 199, 204, 202

 199, 64, 123

 199, 224, 213

 199, 44, 112

 199, 244, 224

 199, 25, 101

 199, 255, 235

 199, 5, 89

 199, 255, 247

 199, 0, 87

 199, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 149, 188



199, 144, 168



205, 144, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 144, 168



160, 163, 117



98, 169, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 144, 168



144, 199, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 172, 174



199, 144, 168



135, 168, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 144, 168



183, 156, 116



110, 172, 151



122, 164, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 144, 168



202, 146, 132



110, 172, 151



94, 170, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 144, 168



255, 235, 244



174, 144, 199



128, 115, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 144, 168



255, 171, 208



199, 147, 144



99, 90, 94



163, 0, 71



36, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199, 144, 168



255, 171, 208



144, 196, 199



99, 90, 94



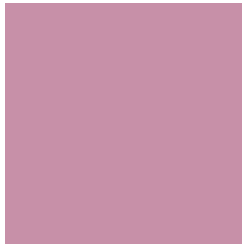
163, 0, 71



36, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 144, 168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

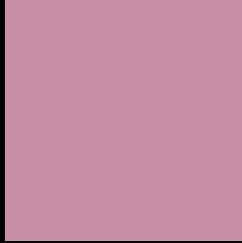
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 144, 168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 144, 168 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 144, 168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 144, 168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[199](#), [144](#), [168](#)

Protanopia
[158](#), [159](#), [177](#)

Deuteranopia
[173](#), [155](#), [166](#)



Tritanopia
198, 146, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color
199, 144, 168

Protanomaly
173, 154, 174

Deuteranomaly
182, 151, 167

Tritanomaly
198, 145, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
199, 144, 168

Achromatopsia
163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly
176, 156, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 144, 168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 144, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 144, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 144, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 144, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 144, 168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 144, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 144, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 144, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 144, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 144, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 144,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 144, 168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 144, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
144, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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