

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 150, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 150, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(199, 150, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C79686
RGB	199, 150, 134
RGB Percent	78%, 59%, 53%
CMY	0.2196, 0.4118, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.33, 0.22
HSL	15°, 37%, 65%
HSV	15°, 33%, 78%
XYZ	38.7626, 35.6760, 27.3974
YIQ	162.8270, 34.3400, 5.4120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

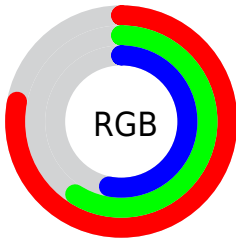
Format	Color
RYB	199, 155, 134
Decimal	13080198
CIELab	66.27, 16.17, 15.58
CIELCh	66, 22.458, 43.940
Yxy	35.6760, 0.3806, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291270278 (0xFFC79686)
YUV	162.8270, -14.2117, 31.7237
Hunter-Lab	59.7294, 11.3147, 14.6147

Details

The RGB color **199, 150, 134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **134, 183, 199**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 204, 187**, and **144, 99, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 135, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 165, 154**.

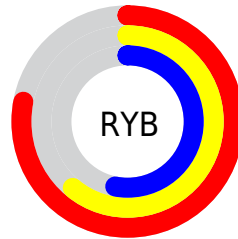
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (59%)

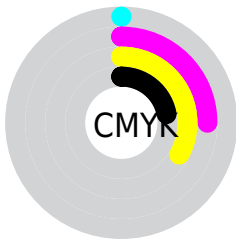
Blue (53%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (53%)

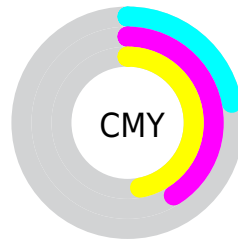


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 150, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 150, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 199, 150, 134

255, 255, 255

 255, 204, 187

 255, 233, 215


 255, 255, 243

 199, 150, 134

 171, 124, 109

 144, 99, 84

 117, 75, 61

 91, 52, 39

 66, 30, 19

 43, 9, 0

 0, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 199, 150, 134

 199, 150, 134

 199, 135, 114

 199, 165, 154

 199, 120, 94

 199, 180, 174

 199, 105, 74

 199, 195, 194

 199, 90, 54

 199, 210, 214

 199, 75, 35

 199, 225, 234

 199, 60, 15

 199, 240, 253

 199, 49, 0

 199, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 147, 152



199, 150, 134



186, 156, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 150, 134



121, 172, 149



150, 160, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 150, 134



134, 183, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 166, 199



199, 150, 134



106, 173, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 150, 134



144, 168, 132



105, 171, 188



176, 153, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 150, 134



173, 161, 121



105, 171, 188



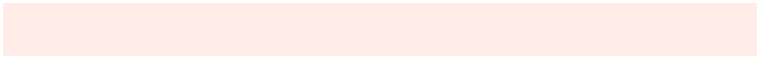
140, 162, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 150, 134



255, 236, 230



199, 134, 184



128, 116, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 150, 134



255, 180, 156



199, 182, 134



99, 92, 90



163, 40, 0



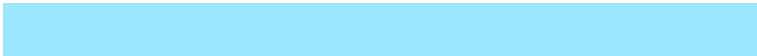
36, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 183, 199



156, 231, 255



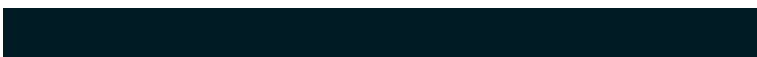
134, 151, 199



90, 97, 99



0, 123, 163



0, 27, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 150, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

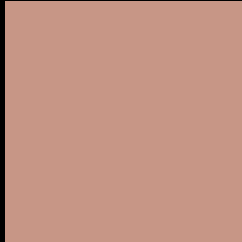
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 150, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

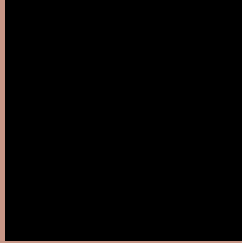
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 150, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 150, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 150, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
199, 150, 134

Protanopia
169, 161, 139

Deuteranopia
187, 155, 133



Tritanopia
201, 147, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color

199, 150, 134

Protanomaly

180, 157, 137

Deuteranomaly

191, 153, 133

Tritanomaly

200, 148, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color

199, 150, 134

Achromatopsia

163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly

176, 158, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 150, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 150, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 150, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 150, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 150, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 150, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 150, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 150, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 150, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 150, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 150, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 150,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 150, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 150, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
150, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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