

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 189, 34)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 189, 34) contains.

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Color

RGB(199, 189, 34)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	C7BD22
RGB	199, 189, 34
RGB Percent	78%, 74%, 13%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2588, 0.8667
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.83, 0.22
HSL	56°, 71%, 46%
HSV	56°, 83%, 78%
XYZ	42.0395, 48.6528, 8.6886
YIQ	174.3200, 55.7150, -46.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

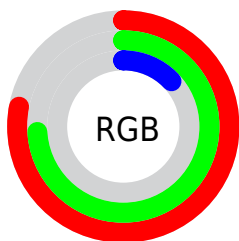
Format	Color
RYB	45, 199, 34
Decimal	13090082
CIELab	75.23, -12.30, 71.20
CIELCh	75, 72.251, 99.799
Yxy	48.6528, 0.4230, 0.4896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291280162 (0xFFC7BD22)
YUV	174.3200, -69.1778, 21.6444
Hunter-Lab	69.7516, -14.4826, 41.4406

Details

The RGB color **199, 189, 34** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **34, 44, 199**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 245, 95**, and **141, 136, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 188, 14**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 190, 54**.

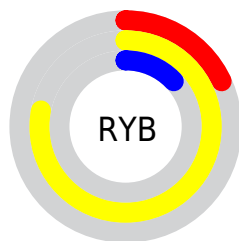
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (74%)

Blue (13%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (13%)

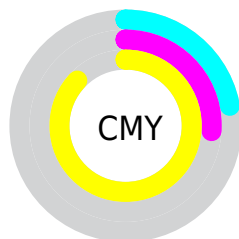


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (26%)



















Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation


Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 189, 34 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 189, 34 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 199, 189, 34	 199, 189, 34
255, 255, 255	 170, 162, 0
 255, 245, 95	 141, 136, 0
 255, 255, 124	 113, 111, 0
 255, 255, 152	 85, 87, 0
 255, 255, 180	 58, 64, 0
 255, 255, 209	 33, 42, 0
 255, 255, 239	 0, 23, 0
	 0, 0, 0
 199, 189, 34	 199, 189, 34

 199, 188, 14

 199, 190, 54

 199, 187, 0

 199, 191, 74

 199, 193, 94

 199, 194, 114

 199, 195, 134

 199, 196, 153

 199, 197, 173

 199, 199, 193

 199, 200, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 165, 52



199, 189, 34



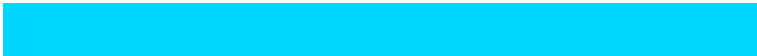
126, 205, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 189, 34



0, 215, 255



255, 130, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 189, 34



34, 44, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 158, 255



199, 189, 34



0, 205, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 189, 34



0, 217, 206



83, 186, 255



255, 121, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 189, 34



43, 212, 115



83, 186, 255



255, 139, 253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 189, 34



255, 251, 191



199, 34, 45



128, 125, 89



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 189, 34



255, 240, 3



128, 199, 34



99, 99, 90



163, 153, 0



36, 34, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 44, 199



3, 18, 255



106, 34, 199



90, 90, 99



0, 10, 163



0, 2, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 189, 34 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

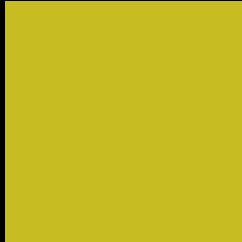
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 189, 34 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 189, 34 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 189, 34.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 189, 34.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


199, 189, 34

Protanopia

209, 186, 33

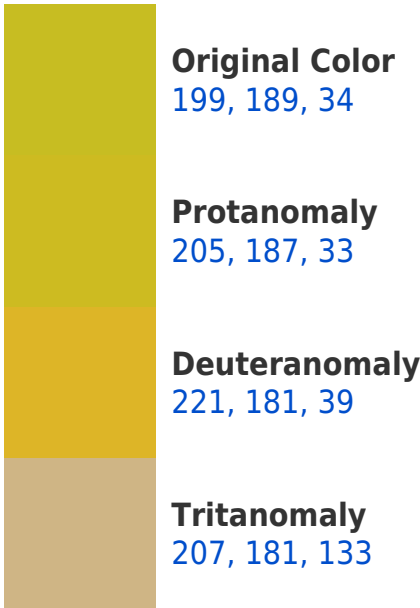
Deuteranopia

233, 176, 42

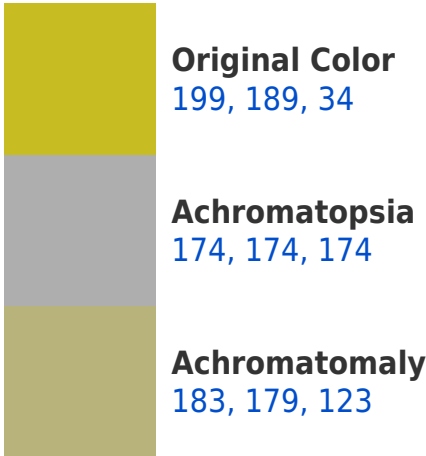


Tritanopia
211, 176, 190

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 189, 34 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 189, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 189, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 189, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 189, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 189, 34 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 189, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 189, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 189, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 189, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 189, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 189,  
34) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 189, 34 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 189, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
189, 34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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