

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 191, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 191, 111) contains.

RGB(199, 191, 111)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(199, 191, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7BF6F
RGB	199, 191, 111
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 44%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2510, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.44, 0.22
HSL	55°, 44%, 61%
HSV	55°, 44%, 78%
XYZ	45.0532, 50.5514, 22.4218
YIQ	184.2720, 30.4480, -23.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

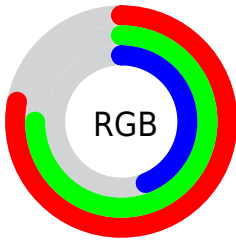
Format	Color
RYB	120, 199, 111
Decimal	13090671
CIELab	76.41, -8.45, 41.22
CIELCh	76, 42.075, 101.589
Yxy	50.5514, 0.3817, 0.4283
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291280751 (0xFFC7BF6F)
YUV	184.2720, -36.1231, 12.9165
Hunter-Lab	71.0995, -11.3151, 31.0721

Details

The RGB color **199, 191, 111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **111, 119, 199**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 247, 164**, and **143, 138, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 189, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 193, 131**.

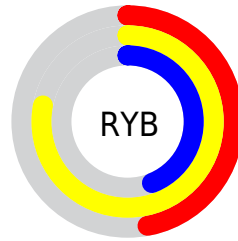
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (75%)

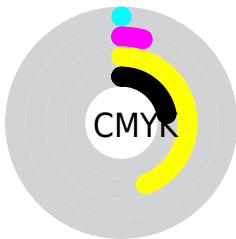
Blue (44%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (44%)

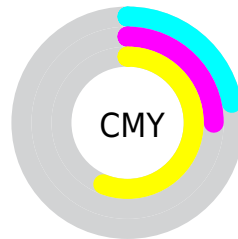


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 191, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 191, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 199, 191, 111

255, 255, 255


 255, 247, 164

 255, 255, 192

 255, 255, 220


 255, 255, 249

 199, 191, 111


 171, 164, 86

 143, 138, 61

 117, 112, 36

 91, 88, 9


 66, 65, 0

 41, 43, 0

 14, 23, 0

 0, 0, 0

 199, 191, 111

 199, 191, 111

 199, 189, 91

 199, 193, 131

 199, 187, 71

 199, 195, 151

 199, 186, 51

 199, 196, 171

 199, 184, 31

 199, 198, 191

 199, 182, 12

 199, 200, 211

 199, 181, 0

 199, 202, 230

 199, 204, 250

 199, 205, 255

 199, 207, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 178, 115



199, 191, 111



156, 201, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 191, 111



0, 207, 239



249, 161, 214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 191, 111



111, 119, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 173, 247



199, 191, 111



86, 199, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 191, 111



43, 209, 203



156, 187, 255



255, 158, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 191, 111



124, 206, 150



156, 187, 255



239, 164, 226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 191, 111



255, 252, 222



199, 111, 120



128, 126, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 191, 111



255, 243, 120



164, 199, 111



99, 99, 90



163, 148, 0



36, 32, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 119, 199



120, 132, 255



146, 111, 199



90, 90, 99



0, 15, 163



0, 3, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 191, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 191, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

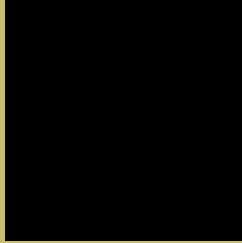
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 191, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 191, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 191, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
199, 191, 111

Protanopia
206, 189, 110

Deuteranopia
228, 180, 114



Tritanopia
208, 181, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

199, 191, 111

Protanomaly

203, 190, 110

Deuteranomaly

217, 184, 113

Tritanomaly

205, 185, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color

199, 191, 111

Achromatopsia

184, 184, 184

Achromatomaly

189, 187, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 191, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 191, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 191, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 191, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 191, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 191, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

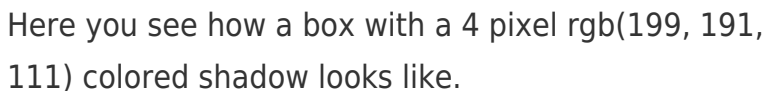
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 191, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 191, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 191, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 191, 111); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 191, 111); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 191, 111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 191, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 191, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
191, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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