

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 205, 248)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 205, 248) contains.

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Color

RGB(199, 205, 248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7CDF8
RGB	199, 205, 248
RGB Percent	78%, 80%, 97%
CMY	0.2196, 0.1961, 0.0275
CMYK	0.20, 0.17, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	233°, 78%, 88%
HSV	233°, 20%, 97%
XYZ	62.3278, 62.5821, 97.6015
YIQ	208.1080, -17.3790, 12.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

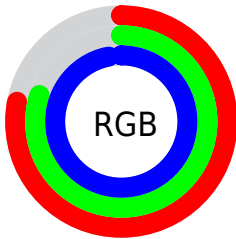
Format	Color
R_{YB}	199, 204, 248
Decimal	13094392
CIE _{Lab}	83.22, 6.71, -21.77
CIE _{LCh}	83, 22.779, 287.141
Yxy	62.5821, 0.2801, 0.2813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291284472 (0xFFC7CDF8)
YUV	208.1080, 19.6668, -7.9877
Hunter-Lab	79.1088, 2.1951, -17.7736

Details

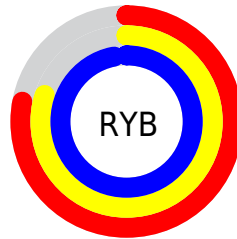
The RGB color **199, 205, 248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **248, 242, 199**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **144, 151, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 183, 248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224, 227, 248**.

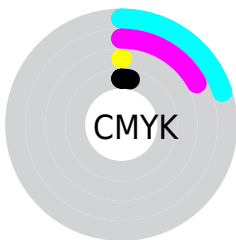
Distribution



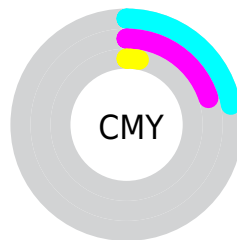
- Red (78%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 205, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 205, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 199, 205, 248

255, 255, 255

■ 199, 205, 248

■ 171, 178, 219

■ 144, 151, 192

■ 118, 125, 164

■ 93, 100, 138

■ 68, 76, 112

■ 45, 54, 88

■ 21, 33, 64

■ 0, 9, 42

■ 0, 1, 21

■ 199, 205, 248

■ 199, 205, 248

■ 174, 183, 248

■ 224, 227, 248

■ 149, 161, 248

■ 249, 249, 248

■ 125, 140, 248

■ 255, 255, 248

■ 100, 118, 248

■ 75, 96, 248

■ 50, 74, 248

■ 25, 53, 248

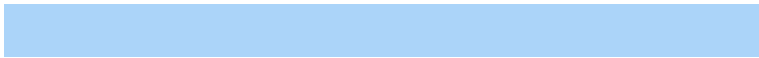
■ 1, 31, 248

■ 0, 30, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 212, 249



199, 205, 248



226, 198, 237

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 205, 248



247, 196, 177



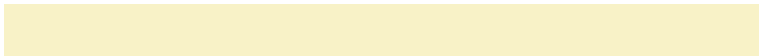
164, 219, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 205, 248



248, 242, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 216, 178



199, 205, 248



233, 203, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 205, 248



252, 192, 196



211, 210, 166



150, 220, 219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 205, 248



240, 194, 224



211, 210, 166



171, 218, 190

Sweetspot

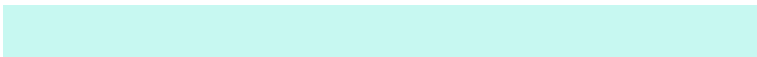
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 205, 248



240, 242, 255



199, 248, 241



119, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 205, 248



194, 201, 255



217, 199, 248



112, 114, 125



0, 23, 189



0, 7, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 199, 205



255, 194, 201



230, 248, 199



125, 112, 114



189, 0, 23



61, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 205, 248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

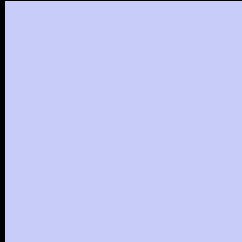
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 205, 248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

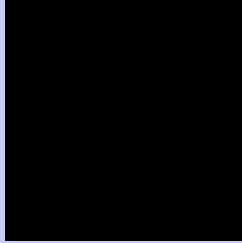
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 205, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 205, 248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 205, 248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
199, 205, 248

Protanopia
198, 205, 248

Deuteranopia
207, 202, 249



Tritanopia
195, 209, 225

Trichromacy



Original Color
199, 205, 248

Protanomaly
198, 205, 248

Deuteranomaly
204, 203, 249

Tritanomaly
196, 208, 233

Monochromacy



Original Color
199, 205, 248

Achromatopsia
208, 208, 208

Achromatomaly
205, 207, 223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 205, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 205, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 205, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 205, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 205, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 205, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 205, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 205, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 205, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 205, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 205, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 205,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 205, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 205, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
205, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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