

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 39, 199)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 39, 199) contains.

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Color

RGB(199, 39, 199)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C727C7
RGB	199, 39, 199
RGB Percent	78%, 15%, 78%
CMY	0.2196, 0.8471, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	300°, 67%, 47%
HSV	300°, 80%, 78%
XYZ	34.5875, 17.7167, 55.6295
YIQ	105.0800, 44.0000, 83.6800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

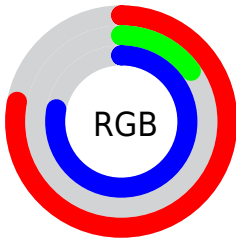
Format	Color
RYB	199, 39, 199
Decimal	13051847
CIELab	49.15, 76.15, -47.56
CIELCh	49, 89.778, 328.013
Yxy	17.7167, 0.3205, 0.1641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291241927 (0xFFC727C7)
YUV	105.0800, 46.3026, 82.3678
Hunter-Lab	42.0912, 73.0189, -48.8964

Details

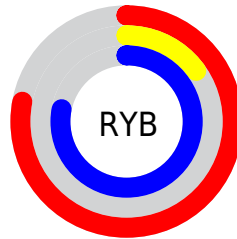
The RGB color **199, 39, 199** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **39, 199, 39**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 105, 255**, and **141, 0, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 19, 199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 59, 199**.

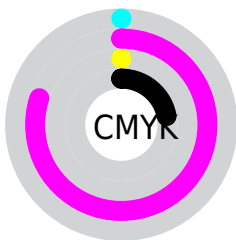
Distribution



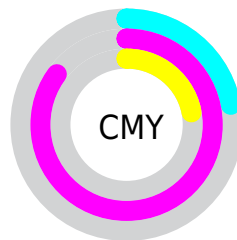
- Red (78%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 39, 199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 39, 199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



199, 39, 199



199, 39, 199

255, 255, 255



170, 0, 171



255, 105, 255



141, 0, 144



255, 135, 255



112, 0, 118



255, 164, 255



84, 0, 93



255, 194, 255



58, 0, 69



255, 223, 255



27, 0, 45



255, 253, 255



0, 1, 23



0, 0, 0



199, 39, 199



199, 39, 199

■ 199, 19, 199

■ 199, 59, 199

■ 199, 0, 199

■ 199, 79, 199

■ 199, 99, 199

■ 199, 119, 199

■ 199, 139, 199

■ 199, 158, 199

■ 199, 178, 199

■ 199, 198, 199

■ 199, 218, 199

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 99, 254



199, 39, 199



241, 0, 125

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 39, 199



147, 113, 0



0, 147, 187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 39, 199



39, 199, 39

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 146, 109



199, 39, 199



70, 132, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 39, 199



203, 76, 0



0, 142, 19



0, 143, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 39, 199



243, 0, 76



0, 142, 19



0, 147, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 39, 199



255, 194, 255



39, 39, 199



128, 91, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 39, 199



255, 10, 255



199, 39, 119



99, 90, 99



163, 0, 163



36, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199, 39, 199



255, 10, 255



39, 199, 119



99, 90, 99



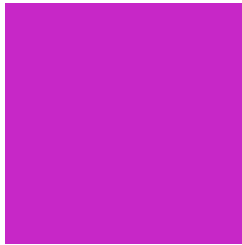
163, 0, 163



36, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 39, 199 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

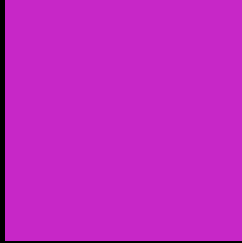
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 39, 199 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

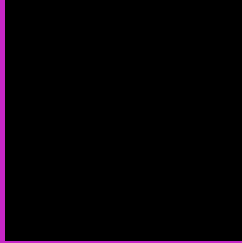
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 39, 199 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 39, 199.

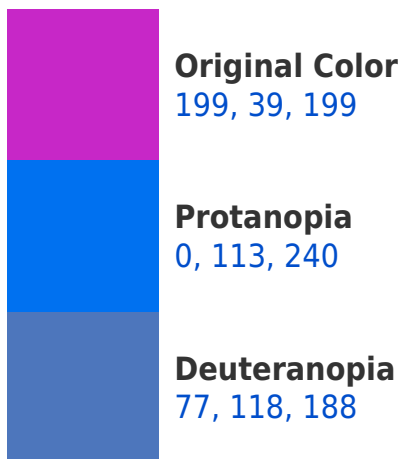


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 39, 199.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
187, 84, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

199, 39, 199



Protanomaly

72, 86, 225



Deuteranomaly

121, 89, 192



Tritanomaly

191, 68, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

199, 39, 199



Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105



Achromatomaly

139, 81, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 39, 199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 39, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 39, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 39, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 39, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 39, 199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 39, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 39, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 39, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 39, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 39, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 39,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 39, 199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 39, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 39,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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