

Converting Colors

RGB(199, 59, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(199, 59, 162) contains.

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Color

RGB(199, 59, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C73BA2
RGB	199, 59, 162
RGB Percent	78%, 23%, 64%
CMY	0.2196, 0.7686, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.19, 0.22
HSL	316°, 56%, 51%
HSV	316°, 70%, 78%
XYZ	31.6387, 17.8787, 35.9658
YIQ	112.6020, 50.3770, 61.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

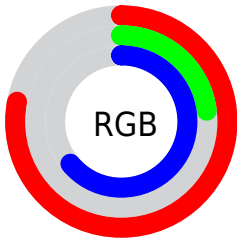
Format	Color
R_{YB}	199, 59, 162
Decimal	13056930
CIE _{Lab}	49.35, 64.85, -25.58
CIE _{LCh}	49, 69.710, 338.470
Yxy	17.8787, 0.3701, 0.2091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291247010 (0xFFC73BA2)
YUV	112.6020, 24.3532, 75.7710
Hunter-Lab	42.2832, 59.5685, -20.8335

Details

The RGB color **199, 59, 162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **59, 199, 96**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 117, 217**, and **141, 0, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 39, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 79, 167**.

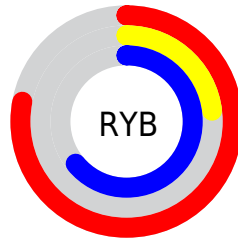
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (23%)

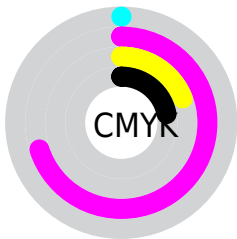
Blue (64%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (64%)

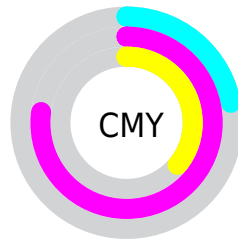


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 199, 59, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 199, 59, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



199, 59, 162



199, 59, 162

255, 255, 255



170, 22, 136



255, 117, 217



141, 0, 110



255, 146, 246



113, 0, 85



255, 174, 255



85, 0, 62



255, 203, 255



60, 0, 40



255, 233, 255



29, 0, 17



0, 0, 0



199, 59, 162



199, 59, 162



199, 39, 157



199, 79, 167

■ 199, 19, 151

■ 199, 99, 173

■ 199, 0, 146

■ 199, 119, 178

■ 199, 139, 183

■ 199, 159, 188

■ 199, 178, 194

■ 199, 198, 199

■ 199, 218, 204

■ 199, 238, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 93, 211



199, 59, 162



220, 43, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 59, 162



127, 120, 0



0, 142, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 59, 162



59, 199, 96

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 133



199, 59, 162



60, 134, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 59, 162



176, 98, 0



0, 140, 71



0, 135, 228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 59, 162



216, 57, 65



0, 140, 71



0, 143, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 59, 162



255, 201, 241



94, 59, 199



128, 96, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 59, 162



255, 41, 198



199, 59, 94



99, 90, 97



163, 0, 120



36, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199, 59, 162



255, 41, 198



59, 199, 164



99, 90, 97



163, 0, 120



36, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 59, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

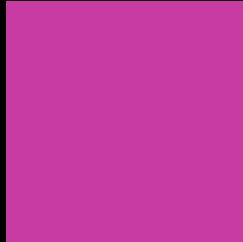
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 199, 59, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

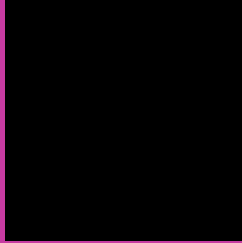
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 199, 59, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 59, 162.

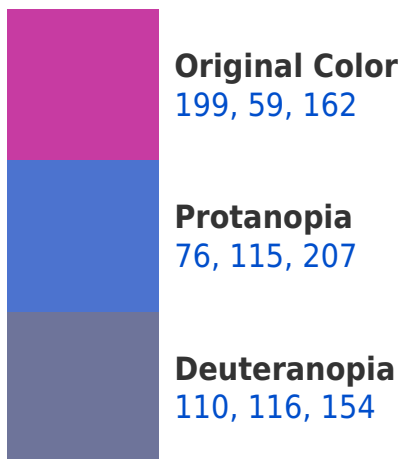


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 199, 59, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
192, 81, 87

Trichromacy



Original Color
199, 59, 162

Protanomaly
121, 95, 191

Deuteranomaly
142, 95, 157

Tritanomaly
195, 73, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color
199, 59, 162

Achromatopsia
113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly
144, 93, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 199, 59, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 59, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 59, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 59, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 59, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 199, 59, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 59, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 59, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 59, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 59, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 59, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 59,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 199, 59, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 59, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 59,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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