

Converting Colors

RGB(19, 5, 250)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(19, 5, 250) contains.

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Color

RGB(19, 5, 250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1305FA
RGB	19, 5, 250
RGB Percent	7%, 2%, 98%
CMY	0.9255, 0.9804, 0.0196
CMYK	0.92, 0.98, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	243°, 96%, 50%
HSV	243°, 98%, 98%
XYZ	17.5781, 7.1491, 90.8959
YIQ	37.1160, -70.3010, 79.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

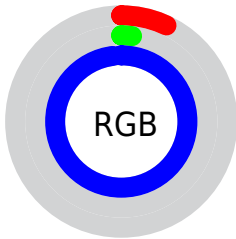
Format	Color
R _Y B	19, 5, 250
Decimal	1246714
CIE Lab	32.14, 77.35, -105.31
CIE LCh	32, 130.668, 306.298
Yxy	7.1491, 0.1520, 0.0618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279436794 (0xFF1305FA)
YUV	37.1160, 104.9518, -15.8877
Hunter-Lab	26.7378, 70.5594, -182.8414

Details

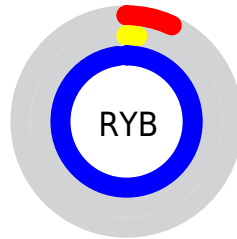
The RGB color **19, 5, 250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **236, 250, 5**, and the grayscale version is **36, 36, 36**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123, 73, 255**, and **0, 0, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 0, 250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 30, 250**.

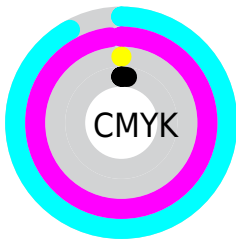
Distribution



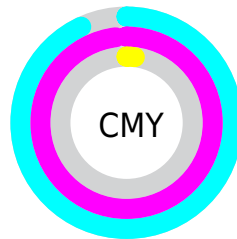
- Red (7%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)






















- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 19, 5, 250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 19, 5, 250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 5, 250	 19, 5, 250
 255, 255, 255	 0, 0, 220
 123, 73, 255	 0, 0, 192
 158, 100, 255	 0, 0, 163
 192, 128, 255	 0, 0, 136
 225, 155, 255	 0, 18, 109
 255, 184, 255	 0, 11, 84
 255, 212, 255	 0, 6, 60
 255, 242, 255	 0, 2, 37
	 0, 1, 13

■ 19, 5, 250

■ 19, 5, 250

■ 14, 0, 250

■ 43, 30, 250

■ 66, 55, 250

■ 90, 80, 250

■ 113, 105, 250

■ 137, 130, 250

■ 160, 155, 250

■ 184, 180, 250

■ 208, 205, 250

■ 231, 230, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 92, 255



19, 5, 250



201, 0, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19, 5, 250



154, 14, 0



0, 104, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 5, 250



236, 250, 5

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 101, 0



19, 5, 250



74, 80, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19, 5, 250



210, 0, 0



0, 96, 0



0, 108, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 5, 250



230, 0, 94



0, 96, 0



0, 103, 60

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 5, 250



185, 181, 255



5, 238, 250



85, 83, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 5, 250



15, 0, 255



140, 5, 250



113, 112, 125



11, 0, 189



3, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 5, 236



255, 0, 240



115, 250, 5



125, 112, 124



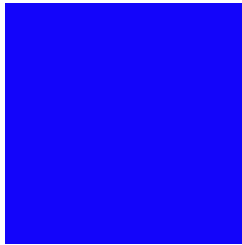
189, 0, 178



61, 0, 58

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 19, 5, 250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

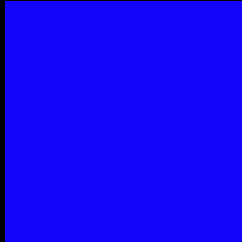
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 19, 5, 250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

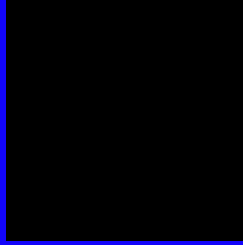
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 19, 5, 250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 19, 5, 250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 19, 5, 250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 5, 250

Protanopia

0, 73, 154

Deuteranopia

0, 78, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 5, 250

Protanomaly
7, 48, 189

Deuteranomaly
7, 51, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 5, 250

Achromatopsia
37, 37, 37

Achromatomaly
30, 25, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 19, 5, 250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 5, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 5, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 5, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 5, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 19, 5, 250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 5, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 5, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 5, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 5, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 5, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 5, 250)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 19, 5, 250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 5, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 5,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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