

Converting Colors

RGB(19, 78, 40)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(19, 78, 40) contains.

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Color

RGB(19, 78, 40)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	134E28
RGB	19, 78, 40
RGB Percent	7%, 31%, 16%
CMY	0.9255, 0.6941, 0.8431
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.49, 0.69
HSL	141°, 61%, 19%
HSV	141°, 76%, 31%
XYZ	3.3760, 5.7404, 2.9376
YIQ	56.0270, -22.9660, -24.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

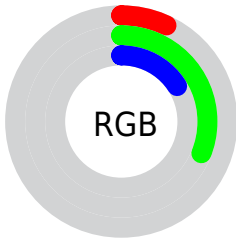
Format	Color
R_{YB}	19, 63, 78
Decimal	1265192
CIE _{Lab}	28.75, -28.52, 17.17
CIE _{LCh}	29, 33.289, 148.956
Yxy	5.7404, 0.2801, 0.4762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279455272 (0xFF134E28)
YUV	56.0270, -7.9013, -32.4727
Hunter-Lab	23.9592, -16.7772, 9.5021

Details

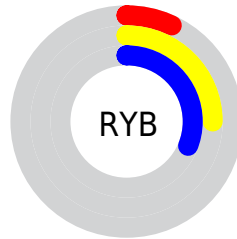
The RGB color **19, 78, 40** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **78, 19, 57**, and the grayscale version is **56, 56, 56**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 128, 86**, and **0, 34, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 78, 35**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 78, 45**.

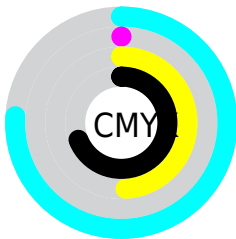
Distribution



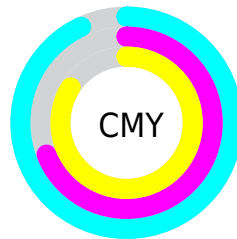
- Red (7%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 19, 78, 40 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 19, 78, 40 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



19, 78, 40



19, 78, 40

255, 255, 255



0, 55, 19



71, 128, 86



0, 34, 0



96, 154, 110



0, 0, 0



122, 181, 136



149, 209, 162



176, 237, 189



204, 255, 217



233, 255, 246



19, 78, 40



19, 78, 40

■ 11, 78, 35

■ 27, 78, 45

■ 3, 78, 30

■ 35, 78, 50

■ 0, 78, 28

■ 42, 78, 55

■ 50, 78, 60

■ 58, 78, 65

■ 66, 78, 70

■ 74, 78, 75

■ 81, 78, 80

■ 89, 78, 85

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57, 74, 19



19, 78, 40



0, 80, 66

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19, 78, 40



0, 71, 119



113, 47, 44

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 78, 40



78, 19, 57

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113, 44, 70



19, 78, 40



66, 61, 113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19, 78, 40



0, 77, 111



98, 50, 95



102, 56, 23

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 78, 40



0, 80, 84



98, 50, 95



115, 45, 53

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 78, 40



79, 102, 87



57, 78, 19



37, 51, 42



179, 179, 179



51, 51, 51

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 78, 40



9, 102, 42



19, 78, 69



34, 38, 36



0, 102, 36



0, 230, 82

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 19, 57



102, 9, 69



78, 19, 28



38, 34, 37



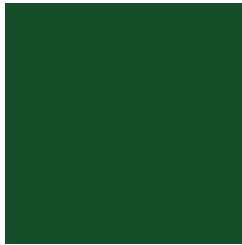
102, 0, 66



230, 0, 148

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 19, 78, 40 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

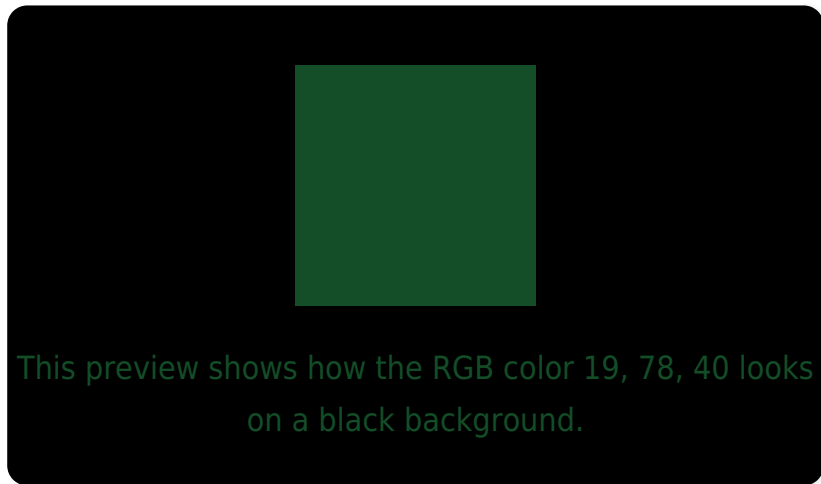
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

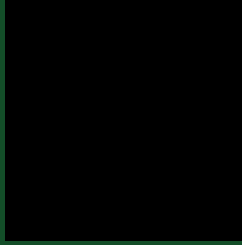
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 19, 78, 40 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 19, 78, 40.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 19, 78, 40.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 78, 40

Protanopia

75, 68, 36

Deuteranopia

82, 65, 43



Tritanopia

34, 74, 80

Trichromacy



Original Color

19, 78, 40

Protanomaly

55, 72, 37

Deuteranomaly

59, 70, 42

Tritanomaly

29, 75, 65

Monochromacy



Original Color

19, 78, 40

Achromatopsia

56, 56, 56

Achromatomaly

43, 64, 50

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 19, 78, 40 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 78, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 78, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 78, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 78, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 19, 78, 40 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 78, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 78, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 78, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 78, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 78, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 78, 40)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 19, 78, 40 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 78, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 78,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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