

Converting Colors

RGB(200, 162, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(200, 162, 255) contains.

RGB(200, 162, 255)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(200, 162, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8A2FF
RGB	200, 162, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.2157, 0.3647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	265°, 100%, 82%
HSV	265°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	54.7897, 45.3400, 100.4715
YIQ	183.9640, -7.2050, 36.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

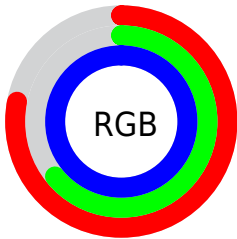
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 162, 255
Decimal	13148927
CIE _{Lab}	73.12, 32.01, -41.06
CIE _{LCh}	73, 52.065, 307.935
Yxy	45.3400, 0.2731, 0.2260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291339007 (0xFFC8A2FF)
YUV	183.9640, 35.0207, 14.0636
Hunter-Lab	67.3350, 27.4072, -41.3330

Details

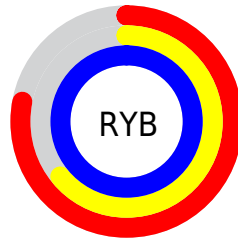
The RGB color `200, 162, 255` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be `217, 255, 162`, and the grayscale version is `184, 184, 184`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 217, 255`, and `144, 110, 198` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `185, 136, 255`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `215, 187, 255`.

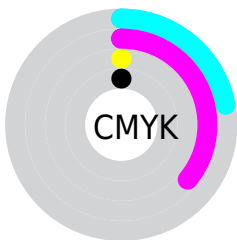
Distribution



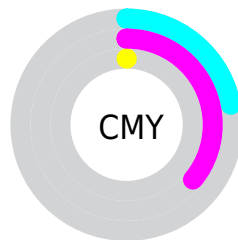
- Red (78%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 200, 162, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 200, 162, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 200, 162, 255

255, 255, 255

 255, 217, 255


 255, 246, 255

 200, 162, 255

 172, 136, 226

 144, 110, 198

 118, 85, 170

 91, 61, 143


 65, 38, 117


 39, 16, 92


 13, 0, 68

 0, 2, 45


 0, 1, 23

 200, 162, 255


 200, 162, 255

 185, 136, 255


 215, 187, 255

 170, 111, 255


 230, 213, 255


 155, 86, 255

 245, 239, 255

 140, 60, 255

255, 255, 255

 125, 34, 255

 110, 9, 255

 104, 0, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 180, 255



200, 162, 255



248, 145, 216

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200, 162, 255



237, 164, 91



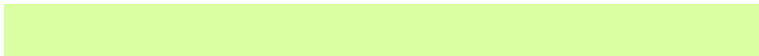
0, 204, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200, 162, 255



217, 255, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 201, 142



200, 162, 255



196, 181, 81

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200, 162, 255



255, 148, 123



145, 194, 101



0, 202, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200, 162, 255



255, 140, 185



145, 194, 101



0, 203, 174

Sweetspot

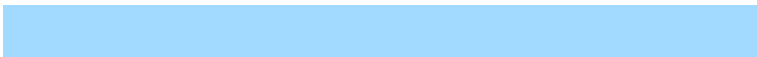
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200, 162, 255



238, 227, 255



162, 218, 255



118, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200, 162, 255



189, 143, 255



246, 162, 255



120, 115, 128



78, 0, 191



26, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

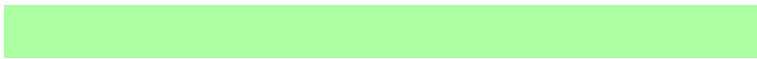
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 162, 217



255, 143, 209



171, 255, 162



128, 115, 122



191, 0, 113



64, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 162, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

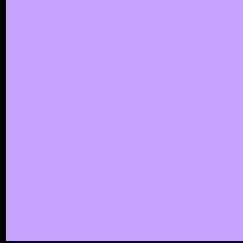
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 162, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

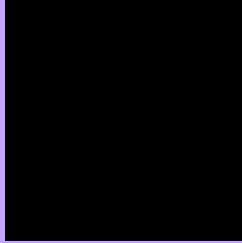
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 200, 162, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 162, 255.

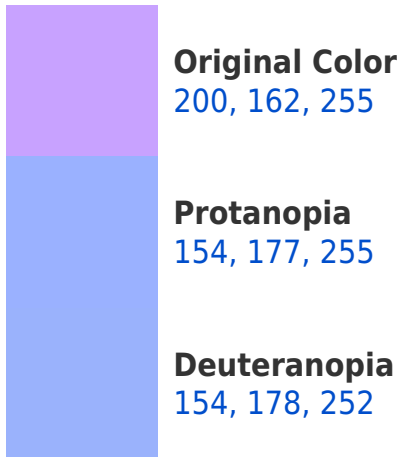



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 162, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 176, 189

Trichromacy



Original Color

200, 162, 255



Protanomaly

171, 172, 255



Deuteranomaly

171, 172, 253



Tritanomaly

192, 171, 213

Monochromacy



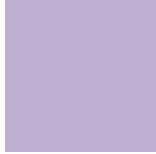
Original Color

200, 162, 255



Achromatopsia

184, 184, 184



Achromatomaly

190, 176, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 200, 162, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 162, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 162, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 162, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 162, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 200, 162, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

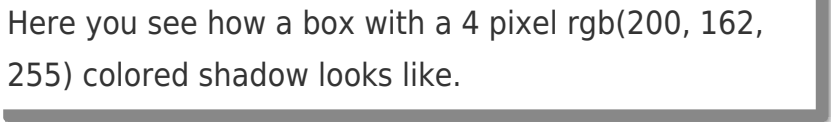
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 162, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 162, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 162, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 200, 162, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 162, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
162, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor