

Converting Colors

RGB(200, 182, 209)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(200, 182, 209) contains.

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Color

RGB(200, 182, 209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8B6D1
RGB	200, 182, 209
RGB Percent	78%, 71%, 82%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2863, 0.1804
CMYK	0.04, 0.13, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	280°, 23%, 77%
HSV	280°, 13%, 82%
XYZ	52.0560, 50.3387, 67.2943
YIQ	190.4600, 2.0610, 12.2130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

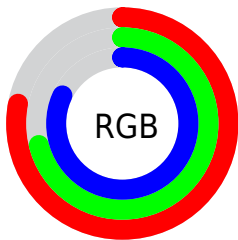
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 182, 209
Decimal	13154001
CIE Lab	76.28, 11.34, -11.26
CIE LCh	76, 15.984, 315.198
Yxy	50.3387, 0.3068, 0.2967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291344081 (0xFFC8B6D1)
YUV	190.4600, 9.1402, 8.3666
Hunter-Lab	70.9498, 6.8037, -6.5704

Details

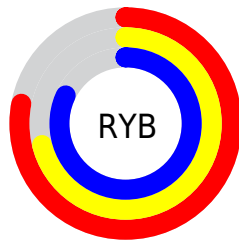
The RGB color **200, 182, 209** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **191, 209, 182**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 238, 255**, and **146, 129, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 161, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 203, 209**.

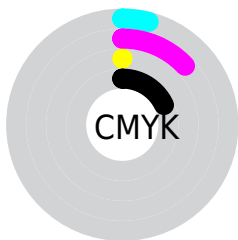
Distribution



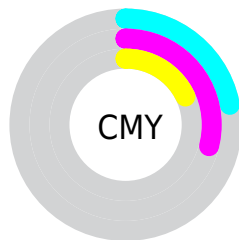
- Red (78%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 200, 182, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 200, 182, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 200, 182, 209

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 238, 255

■ 200, 182, 209

■ 173, 155, 181

■ 146, 129, 155

■ 120, 104, 129

■ 95, 80, 103

■ 71, 57, 79

■ 49, 35, 56

■ 28, 15, 35

■ 0, 0, 12

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 200, 182, 209

■ 200, 182, 209

■ 193, 161, 209

■ 207, 203, 209

■ 186, 140, 209

■ 214, 224, 209

■ 179, 119, 209

■ 221, 245, 209

■ 172, 98, 209

■ 228, 255, 209

■ 165, 78, 209

■ 235, 255, 209

■ 158, 57, 209

■ 242, 255, 209

■ 151, 36, 209

■ 249, 255, 209

■ 144, 15, 209

■ 255, 255, 209

■ 139, 0, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 187, 216



200, 182, 209



214, 179, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200, 182, 209



207, 185, 160



151, 197, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200, 182, 209



191, 209, 182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 196, 180



200, 182, 209



192, 190, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200, 182, 209



217, 180, 168



175, 194, 167



152, 195, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200, 182, 209



218, 178, 186



175, 194, 167



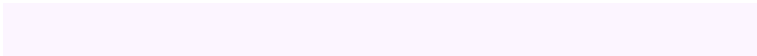
153, 197, 190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200, 182, 209



252, 245, 255



182, 191, 209



125, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200, 182, 209



241, 214, 255



209, 182, 204



101, 94, 105



112, 0, 168



27, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 182, 191



255, 214, 228



182, 209, 187



105, 94, 98



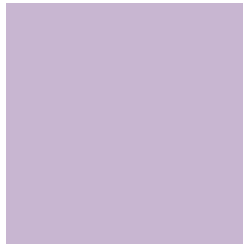
168, 0, 56



41, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 182, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

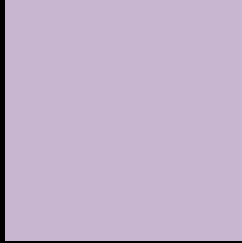
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 182, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

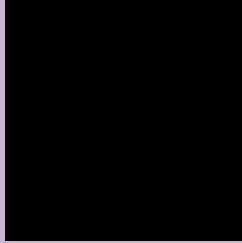
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 200, 182, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 182, 209.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 182, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[200, 182, 209](#)

Protanopia
[184, 187, 212](#)

Deuteranopia
[197, 183, 209](#)



Tritanopia
198, 184, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color

200, 182, 209

Protanomaly

190, 185, 211

Deuteranomaly

198, 183, 209

Tritanomaly

199, 183, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

200, 182, 209

Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190

Achromatomaly

194, 187, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 200, 182, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(200, 182, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 182, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 182, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 182, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 200, 182, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 182, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 182, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 182, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 182, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 182, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 182,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 200, 182, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 182, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
182, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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