

Converting Colors

RGB(200, 186, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(200, 186, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(200, 186, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8BAFF
RGB	200, 186, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 73%, 100%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2706, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.27, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	252°, 100%, 86%
HSV	252°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	59.4283, 54.6172, 102.0177
YIQ	198.0520, -13.8050, 24.4270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

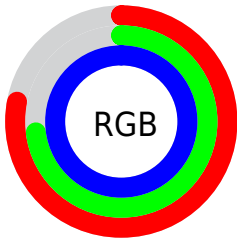
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 186, 255
Decimal	13155071
CIE Lab	78.82, 18.84, -32.22
CIE LCh	79, 37.327, 300.319
Yxy	54.6172, 0.2751, 0.2528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291345151 (0xFFC8BAFF)
YUV	198.0520, 28.0754, 1.7084
Hunter-Lab	73.9034, 14.2071, -30.1126

Details

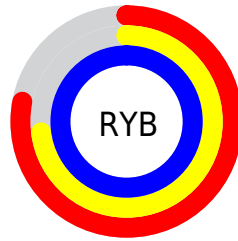
The RGB color **200, 186, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **241, 255, 186**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 242, 255**, and **145, 133, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180, 161, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **220, 211, 255**.

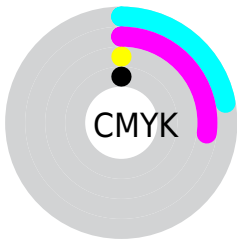
Distribution



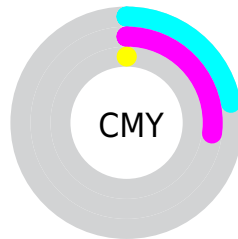
- Red (78%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 200, 186, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 200, 186, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 200, 186, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 242, 255

■ 200, 186, 255

■ 172, 159, 226

■ 145, 133, 198

■ 119, 108, 171

■ 93, 83, 144

■ 68, 60, 118

■ 43, 38, 93

■ 16, 18, 69

■ 0, 0, 47

■ 0, 1, 25

■ 200, 186, 255

■ 200, 186, 255

■ 180, 161, 255

■ 220, 211, 255

■ 159, 135, 255

■ 241, 237, 255

■ 139, 109, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 119, 84, 255

■ 98, 58, 255

■ 78, 33, 255

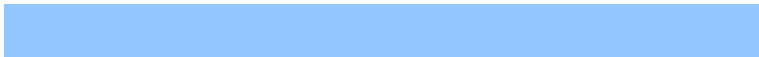
■ 58, 8, 255

■ 52, 0, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 198, 255



200, 186, 255



239, 175, 230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200, 186, 255



247, 181, 136



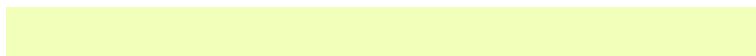
99, 214, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200, 186, 255



241, 255, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 211, 160



200, 186, 255



218, 193, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200, 186, 255



255, 172, 162



182, 204, 134



72, 213, 229

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200, 186, 255



255, 170, 208



182, 204, 134



113, 213, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200, 186, 255



239, 235, 255



186, 241, 255



117, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200, 186, 255



190, 173, 255



234, 186, 255



117, 115, 128



39, 0, 191



13, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

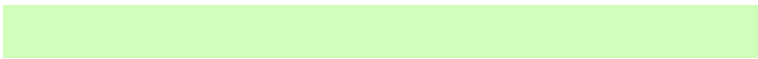
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 186, 241



255, 173, 238



207, 255, 186



128, 115, 125



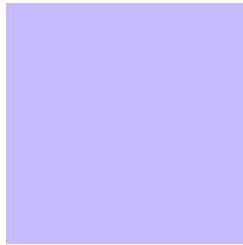
191, 0, 152



64, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 186, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

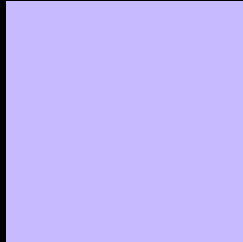
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 200, 186, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 200, 186, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 186, 255.

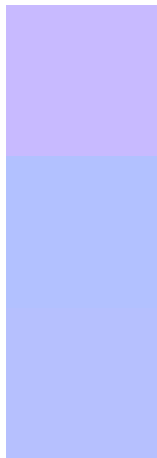


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 200, 186, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
200, 186, 255

Protanopia
178, 193, 255

Deuteranopia
182, 192, 254



Tritanopia
192, 194, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color
200, 186, 255

Protanomaly
186, 190, 255

Deuteranomaly
189, 190, 254

Tritanomaly
195, 191, 226

Monochromacy



Original Color
200, 186, 255

Achromatopsia
198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly
199, 194, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 200, 186, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 186, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 186, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 186, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 186, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 200, 186, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 186, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 186, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 186, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 186, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 186, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 186, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 200, 186, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 186, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
186, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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