

Converting Colors

RGB(201, 134, 165)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(201, 134, 165) contains.

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Color

RGB(201, 134, 165)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C986A5
RGB	201, 134, 165
RGB Percent	79%, 53%, 65%
CMY	0.2118, 0.4745, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.18, 0.21
HSL	332°, 38%, 66%
HSV	332°, 33%, 79%
XYZ	39.4040, 32.1843, 39.7327
YIQ	157.5670, 29.9810, 23.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

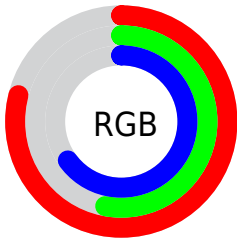
Format	Color
R _Y B	201, 134, 165
Decimal	13207205
CIE Lab	63.49, 30.17, -5.86
CIE LCh	63, 30.737, 349.010
Yxy	32.1843, 0.3540, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291397285 (0xFFC986A5)
YUV	157.5670, 3.6645, 38.0907
Hunter-Lab	56.7312, 24.7018, -1.8129

Details

The RGB color **201, 134, 165** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **134, 201, 170**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 188, 220**, and **146, 83, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **201, 114, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 154, 176**.

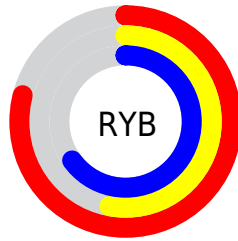
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (53%)

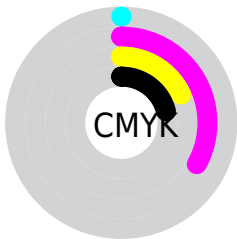
Blue (65%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (65%)

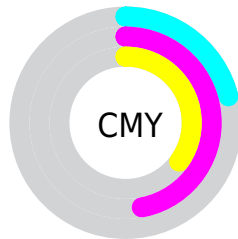


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 201, 134, 165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 201, 134, 165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 201, 134, 165

 201, 134, 165

255, 255, 255

 173, 108, 139


 255, 188, 220


 146, 83, 113

 255, 216, 248

 119, 59, 89

 255, 245, 255

 93, 35, 65

 68, 10, 43


 45, 0, 23


 6, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0


 201, 134, 165


 201, 134, 165


 201, 114, 154


 201, 154, 176

 201, 94, 143


 201, 174, 187

 201, 74, 133


 201, 194, 197


 201, 54, 122


 201, 214, 208


 201, 34, 111


 201, 235, 219

 201, 13, 100

 201, 255, 230

 201, 0, 93

 201, 255, 241

 201, 255, 251

 201, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179, 141, 190



201, 134, 165



208, 134, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201, 134, 165



155, 158, 101



65, 166, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201, 134, 165



134, 201, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63, 169, 171



201, 134, 165



124, 164, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201, 134, 165



182, 149, 100



91, 168, 142



101, 159, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201, 134, 165



205, 137, 121



91, 168, 142



59, 167, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201, 134, 165



255, 230, 241



170, 134, 201



128, 112, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201, 134, 165



255, 153, 200



201, 136, 134



99, 90, 94



163, 0, 76



36, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 134, 165



255, 153, 200



134, 199, 201



99, 90, 94



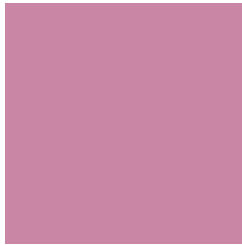
163, 0, 76



36, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 134, 165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

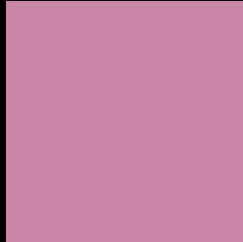
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 134, 165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 201, 134, 165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 134, 165.

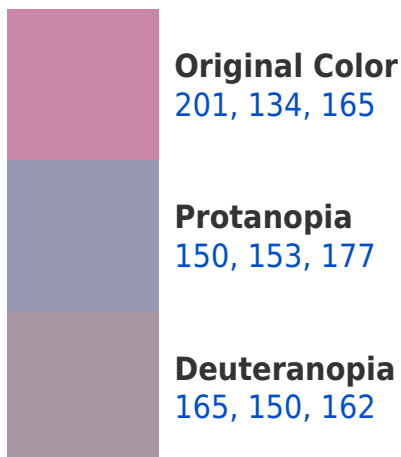


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 134, 165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
199, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color
201, 134, 165

Protanomaly
169, 146, 173

Deuteranomaly
178, 144, 163

Tritanomaly
200, 136, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color
201, 134, 165

Achromatopsia
158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly
174, 149, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 201, 134, 165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(201, 134, 165) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 134, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 134, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 134, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 201, 134, 165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 134, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 134, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 134, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 134, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 134, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 134,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 201, 134, 165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 134, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
134, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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