

Converting Colors

RGB(201, 162, 62)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(201, 162, 62) contains.

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Color

RGB(201, 162, 62)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9A23E
RGB	201, 162, 62
RGB Percent	79%, 64%, 24%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3647, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.69, 0.21
HSL	43°, 56%, 52%
HSV	43°, 69%, 79%
XYZ	37.8772, 38.6060, 10.0128
YIQ	162.2610, 55.3440, -22.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

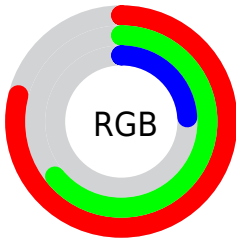
Format	Color
RYB	116, 201, 62
Decimal	13214270
CIELab	68.46, 3.87, 55.36
CIELCh	68, 55.491, 85.998
Yxy	38.6060, 0.4379, 0.4463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291404350 (0xFFC9A23E)
YUV	162.2610, -49.4287, 33.9741
Hunter-Lab	62.1337, 0.0811, 33.9391

Details

The RGB color **201, 162, 62** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **62, 101, 201**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 217, 115**, and **143, 111, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **201, 156, 42**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 168, 82**.

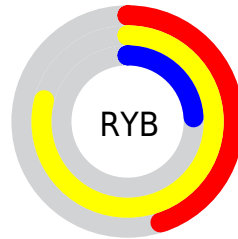
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (64%)

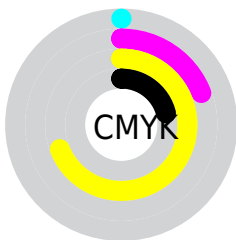
Blue (24%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (24%)

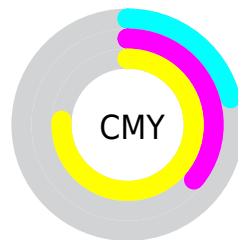


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 201, 162, 62 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 201, 162, 62 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



201, 162, 62



201, 162, 62

255, 255, 255



172, 136, 35



255, 217, 115



143, 111, 0



255, 245, 141



115, 87, 0



255, 255, 169



88, 64, 0



255, 255, 197



61, 42, 0



255, 255, 225



36, 22, 0

255, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



201, 162, 62



201, 162, 62



201, 156, 42



201, 168, 82

■ 201, 151, 22

■ 201, 173, 102

■ 201, 145, 2

■ 201, 179, 122

■ 201, 145, 0

■ 201, 185, 142

■ 201, 190, 163

■ 201, 196, 183

■ 201, 201, 203

■ 201, 207, 223

■ 201, 213, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 143, 84



201, 162, 62



152, 177, 72

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201, 162, 62



0, 191, 209



222, 136, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201, 162, 62



62, 101, 201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 156, 255



201, 162, 62



0, 186, 249

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201, 162, 62



0, 191, 158



20, 174, 255



255, 123, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201, 162, 62



112, 184, 94



20, 174, 255



205, 143, 237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201, 162, 62



255, 240, 201



201, 62, 101



128, 119, 96



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201, 162, 62



255, 196, 43



171, 201, 62



99, 97, 90



163, 117, 0



36, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 101, 201



43, 103, 255



92, 62, 201



90, 92, 99



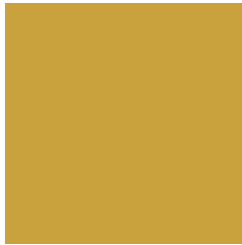
0, 46, 163



0, 10, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 162, 62 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

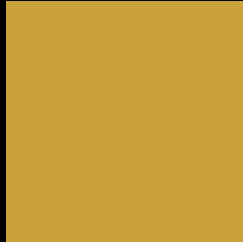
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 162, 62 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 201, 162, 62 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 162, 62.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 162, 62.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


201, 162, 62

Protanopia

187, 167, 64

Deuteranopia

208, 159, 63



Tritanopia
209, 152, 163

Trichromacy



Original Color
201, 162, 62

Protanomaly
192, 165, 63

Deuteranomaly
205, 160, 63

Tritanomaly
206, 156, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color
201, 162, 62

Achromatopsia
162, 162, 162

Achromatomaly
176, 162, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 201, 162, 62 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 162, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 162, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 162, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 162, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 201, 162, 62 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 162, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 162, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 162, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 162, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 162, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 162,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 201, 162, 62 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 162, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
162, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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