

Converting Colors

RGB(201, 222, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(201, 222, 201) contains.

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Color

RGB(201, 222, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9DEC9
RGB	201, 222, 201
RGB Percent	79%, 87%, 79%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1294, 0.2118
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.09, 0.13
HSL	120°, 24%, 83%
HSV	120°, 9%, 87%
XYZ	60.7513, 68.8771, 65.3510
YIQ	213.3270, -5.7750, -10.9830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

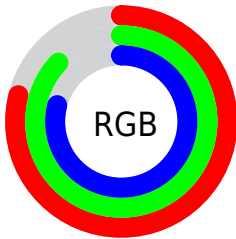
Format	Color
R_{YB}	201, 222, 222
Decimal	13229769
CIE Lab	86.44, -10.86, 7.92
CIE LCh	86, 13.446, 143.904
Yxy	68.8771, 0.3116, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291419849 (0xFFC9DEC9)
YUV	213.3270, -6.0772, -10.8108
Hunter-Lab	82.9922, -14.5723, 11.4075

Details

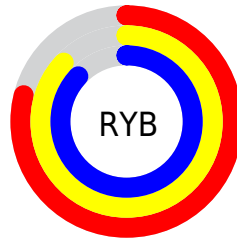
The RGB color **201, 222, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **222, 201, 222**, and the grayscale version is **213, 213, 213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **147, 167, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 222, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 222, 223**.

Distribution



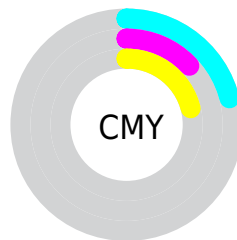
- Red (79%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 201, 222, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 201, 222, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 201, 222, 201

255, 255, 255

■ 201, 222, 201

■ 174, 194, 174

■ 147, 167, 147

■ 121, 140, 121

■ 96, 115, 96

■ 72, 90, 73

■ 50, 67, 50

■ 28, 45, 29

■ 4, 25, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

 201, 222, 201

 201, 222, 201

 179, 222, 179

 223, 222, 223

 157, 222, 157

 245, 222, 245

 134, 222, 134

 255, 222, 255

 112, 222, 112

 90, 222, 90

 68, 222, 68

 46, 222, 46

 23, 222, 23

 1, 222, 1

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216, 219, 193



201, 222, 201



189, 224, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201, 222, 201



200, 218, 241



244, 208, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201, 222, 201



222, 201, 222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241, 208, 219



201, 222, 201



216, 214, 240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201, 222, 201



188, 222, 236



231, 210, 231



240, 211, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201, 222, 201



185, 224, 222



231, 210, 231



244, 208, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201, 222, 201



247, 255, 247



222, 222, 201



122, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



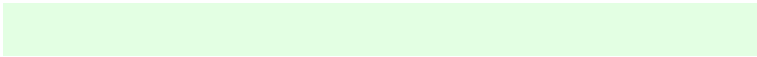
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201, 222, 201



227, 255, 227



201, 222, 211



101, 112, 101



0, 176, 0



0, 48, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222, 201, 222



255, 227, 255



222, 201, 211



112, 101, 112



176, 0, 176



48, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 222, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

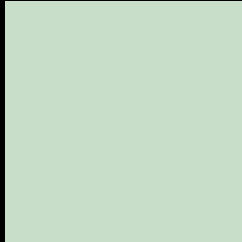
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 222, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

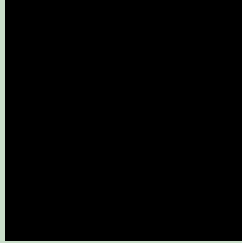
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

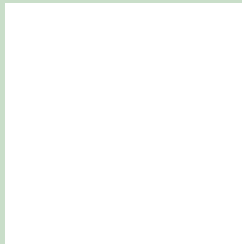
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 201, 222, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 222, 201.

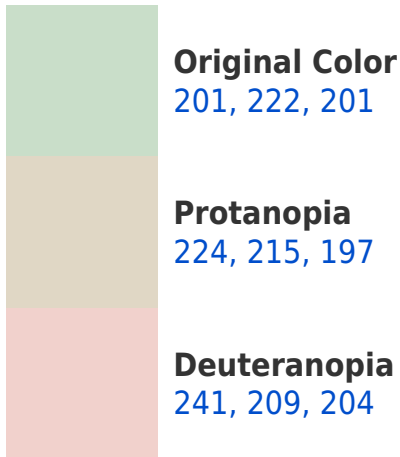


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 222, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
206, 217, 234

Trichromacy



Original Color

201, 222, 201

Protanomaly

216, 218, 198

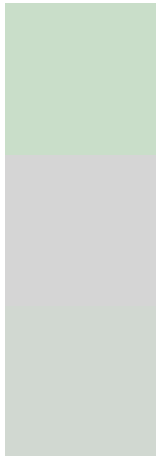
Deuteranomaly

226, 214, 203

Tritanomaly

204, 219, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color

201, 222, 201

Achromatopsia

213, 213, 213

Achromatomaly

209, 216, 209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 201, 222, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 222, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 222, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 222, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 222, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 201, 222, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 222, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 222, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 222, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 222, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 222, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 222,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 201, 222, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 222, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
222, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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