

Converting Colors

RGB(201, 96, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(201, 96, 106) contains.

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Color

RGB(201, 96, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9606A
RGB	201, 96, 106
RGB Percent	79%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.2118, 0.6235, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.47, 0.21
HSL	354°, 49%, 58%
HSV	354°, 52%, 79%
XYZ	30.8718, 21.8239, 16.2210
YIQ	128.5350, 59.3700, 25.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

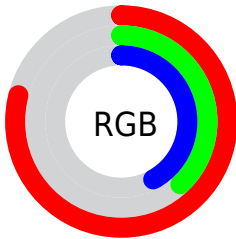
Format	Color
R_{YB}	201, 96, 106
Decimal	13197418
CIE _{Lab}	53.84, 42.67, 14.39
CIE _{LCh}	54, 45.027, 18.637
Yxy	21.8239, 0.4480, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291387498 (0xFFC9606A)
YUV	128.5350, -11.1098, 63.5518
Hunter-Lab	46.7160, 36.2068, 12.1142

Details

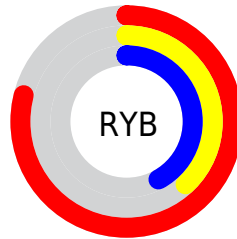
The RGB color **201, 96, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **96, 201, 191**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 149, 157**, and **143, 44, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **201, 76, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 116, 124**.

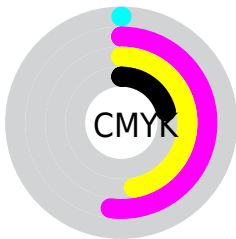
Distribution



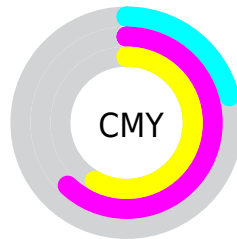
- Red (79%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 201, 96, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 201, 96, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 201, 96, 106  201, 96, 106

255, 255, 255  172, 70, 82

 255, 149, 157  143, 44, 59

 255, 177, 184  114, 14, 38

 255, 205, 212  87, 0, 17

 255, 234, 240  60, 0, 0


 30, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 201, 96, 106  201, 96, 106


 201, 76, 88  201, 116, 124


 201, 56, 70


 201, 136, 142


 201, 36, 51

 201, 156, 161


 201, 16, 33


 201, 176, 179

 201, 0, 19

 201, 197, 197

 201, 217, 215

 201, 237, 233

 201, 255, 251

 201, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193, 97, 145



201, 96, 106



190, 107, 72

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201, 96, 106



82, 143, 75



0, 137, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201, 96, 106



96, 201, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 145, 186



201, 96, 106



0, 147, 112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201, 96, 106



127, 134, 51



0, 148, 152



106, 124, 202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201, 96, 106



173, 117, 55



0, 148, 152



0, 140, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201, 96, 106



255, 214, 218



191, 96, 201



128, 103, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201, 96, 106



255, 94, 110



201, 138, 96



99, 90, 90



163, 0, 16



36, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 96, 106



255, 94, 110



96, 159, 201



99, 90, 90



163, 0, 16



36, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 96, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

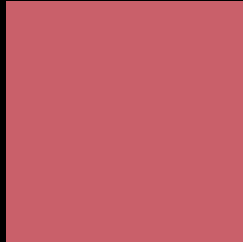
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 201, 96, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 201, 96, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 96, 106.

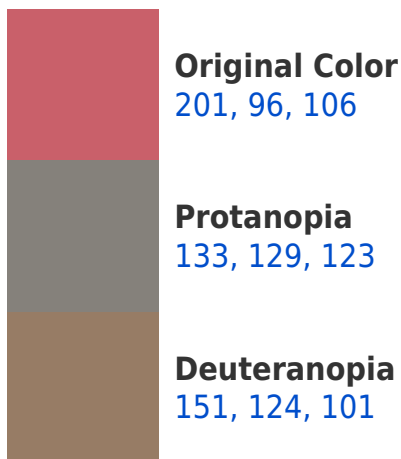


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 201, 96, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
201, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color

201, 96, 106

Protanomaly

158, 117, 117

Deuteranomaly

169, 114, 103

Tritanomaly

201, 96, 104

Monochromacy



Original Color

201, 96, 106

Achromatopsia

129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly

155, 117, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 201, 96, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 96, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 96, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 96, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 96, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 201, 96, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 96, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 96, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 96, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 96, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 96, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 96,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 201, 96, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 96, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201, 96,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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