

Converting Colors

RGB(202, 0, 159)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(202, 0, 159) contains.

RGB(202, 0, 159)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(202, 0, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CA009F
RGB	202, 0, 159
RGB Percent	79%, 0%, 62%
CMY	0.2078, 1.0000, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.21, 0.21
HSL	313°, 100%, 40%
HSV	313°, 100%, 79%
XYZ	30.6151, 15.0598, 34.0941
YIQ	78.5240, 69.3530, 92.2730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

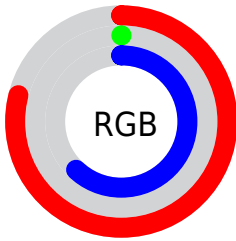
Format	Color
R_{YB}	202, 0, 159
Decimal	13238431
CIE _{Lab}	45.72, 76.73, -29.40
CIE _{LCh}	46, 82.168, 339.031
Yxy	15.0598, 0.3838, 0.1888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291428511 (0xFFCA009F)
YUV	78.5240, 39.6747, 108.2885
Hunter-Lab	38.8069, 72.9082, -24.9249

Details

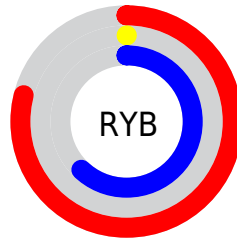
The RGB color **202, 0, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **0, 202, 43**, and the grayscale version is **78, 78, 78**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 90, 214**, and **143, 0, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **202, 0, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 20, 163**.

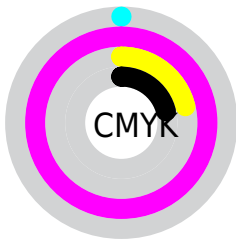
Distribution



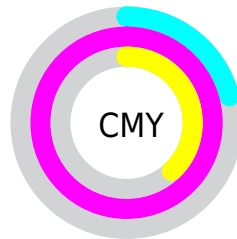
- Red (79%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 202, 0, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 202, 0, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 202, 0, 159

 202, 0, 159

255, 255, 255

 172, 0, 133

 255, 90, 214

 143, 0, 107

 255, 120, 243

 114, 0, 83

 255, 150, 255

 85, 0, 59

 255, 180, 255

 58, 0, 37

 255, 210, 255

 26, 0, 12

 255, 240, 255

 0, 0, 0

 202, 0, 159

 202, 20, 163

■ 202, 40, 168

■ 202, 61, 172

■ 202, 81, 176

■ 202, 101, 181

■ 202, 121, 185

■ 202, 141, 189

■ 202, 162, 193

■ 202, 182, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130, 77, 217



202, 0, 159



224, 0, 91

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202, 0, 159



114, 112, 0



0, 135, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202, 0, 159



0, 202, 43

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 136, 128



202, 0, 159



17, 127, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



202, 0, 159



170, 86, 0



0, 133, 55



0, 129, 238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202, 0, 159



218, 0, 47



0, 133, 55



0, 136, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202, 0, 159



255, 179, 239



40, 0, 202



128, 82, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202, 0, 159



255, 0, 201



202, 0, 61



102, 92, 100



166, 0, 130



38, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 0, 159



255, 0, 201



0, 202, 141



102, 92, 100



166, 0, 130



38, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 0, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

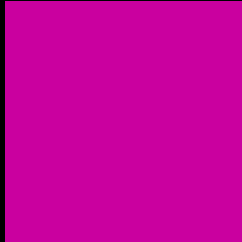
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 0, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 202, 0, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 0, 159.

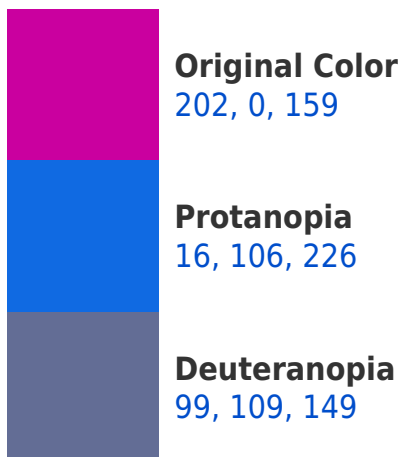


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 0, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
195, 63, 66

Trichromacy



Original Color

202, 0, 159



Protanomaly

84, 67, 202



Deuteranomaly

136, 69, 153



Tritanomaly

198, 40, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

202, 0, 159



Achromatopsia

79, 79, 79



Achromatomaly

124, 50, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 202, 0, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 0, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 0, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 0, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 0, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 202, 0, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 0, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 0, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 0, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 0, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 0, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 0,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 202, 0, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 0, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202, 0,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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