

# Converting Colors

RGB(202, 143, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(202, 143, 174) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(202, 143, 174)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CA8FAE
RGB	202, 143, 174
RGB Percent	79%, 56%, 68%
CMY	0.2078, 0.4392, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.14, 0.21
HSL	328°, 36%, 68%
HSV	328°, 29%, 79%
XYZ	41.8196, 35.2575, 44.6456
YIQ	164.1750, 25.2130, 22.1490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

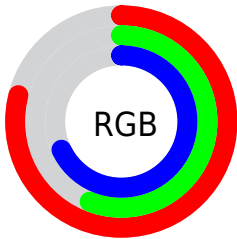
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	202, 143, 174
Decimal	13275054
CIE Lab	65.95, 27.07, -7.29
CIE LCh	66, 28.030, 344.920
Yxy	35.2575, 0.3436, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291465134 (0xFFCA8FAE)
YUV	164.1750, 4.8437, 33.1725
Hunter-Lab	59.3780, 21.8050, -3.0149

# Details

The RGB color **202, 143, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **143, 202, 171**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 197, 229**, and **147, 92, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **202, 123, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 163, 184**.

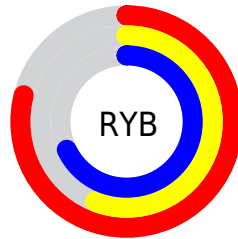
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (56%)

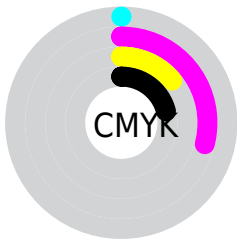
Blue (68%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (68%)

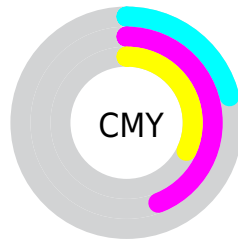


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 202, 143, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 202, 143, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 202, 143, 174

 202, 143, 174

255, 255, 255

 174, 117, 147

 255, 197, 229


 147, 92, 122

 255, 225, 255


 121, 68, 97

255, 254, 255

 95, 44, 73

 70, 21, 51

 47, 0, 30

 21, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 202, 143, 174

 202, 143, 174

 202, 123, 164


 202, 163, 184

 202, 103, 155

 202, 183, 193

 202, 82, 145


 202, 204, 203

 202, 62, 136

 202, 224, 212

 202, 42, 126

 202, 244, 222

 202, 22, 116

 202, 255, 232

 202, 2, 107

 202, 255, 241

 202, 0, 106

 202, 255, 251

 202, 255, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179, 149, 196



202, 143, 174



211, 142, 148

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202, 143, 174



165, 163, 111



83, 172, 195

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202, 143, 174



143, 202, 171

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 174, 172



202, 143, 174



137, 169, 124

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



202, 143, 174



189, 154, 112



108, 173, 146



109, 166, 208

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202, 143, 174



209, 144, 133



108, 173, 146



80, 173, 188



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202, 143, 174



255, 232, 244



171, 143, 202



128, 113, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202, 143, 174



255, 166, 213



202, 143, 145



102, 92, 97



166, 0, 87



38, 0, 20



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 143, 174



255, 166, 213



143, 202, 200



102, 92, 97



166, 0, 87



38, 0, 20



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 143, 174 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

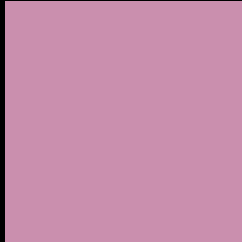
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 143, 174 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

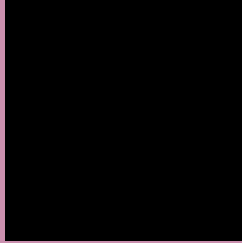
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 202, 143, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 143, 174.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 143, 174.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
202, 143, 174

**Protanopia**  
156, 159, 184

**Deuteranopia**  
171, 156, 172



**Tritanopia**  
200, 146, 157

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
202, 143, 174

**Protanomaly**  
173, 153, 180

**Deuteranomaly**  
182, 151, 173

**Tritanomaly**  
201, 145, 163

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
202, 143, 174

**Achromatopsia**  
164, 164, 164

**Achromatomaly**  
178, 156, 168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 202, 143, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(202, 143, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 143, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 143, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 143, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 202, 143, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 143, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 143, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 143, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 143, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 143, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 143,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 202, 143, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 143, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
143, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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